DURST IMAGE TECHNOLOGY UK LTD FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR

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BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2022

		20:	22	202	21
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	4		35,667		48,493
Current assets					
Stocks		706,048		893,243	
Debtors	5	2,754,447		2,309,861	
Cash at bank and in hand		3,198,192		2,407,329	
		6,658,687		5,610,433	
Creditors: amounts falling due within					
one year	6	(2,979,006)		(2,087,534)	
Net current assets	•		3,679,681		3,522,899
Net assets			3,715,348		3,571,392
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			1,000		1,000
Profit and loss reserves			3,714,348		3,570,392
Total equity			3,715,348		3,571,392

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

P Bray

Director

Company Registration No. 05777144

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Durst Image Technology UK Ltd is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Ashcombe Court, Woolsack Way, Godalming, Surrey, United Kingdom, GU7 1LQ.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \pounds .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, [modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value]. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover represents net invoiced sales of goods and service contracts, excluding value added tax. Turnover relating to the sale of goods is recognised on dispatch with the exception of machine sales which are recognised on installation. Turnover in respect of service contracts is recognised over the term of the agreement as the company obtains the right to consideration.

Where machines are part shipped to customers and installation is not possible, this type of sale is recognised upon delivery to and acceptance by the customer. The margin recognised on these sales represents the proportion of the total machine sale delivered and accepted by the customer.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Plant and equipment 25% on cost Fixtures and fittings 25% on cost Computers 25% on cost

1.4 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

1.5 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.6 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

1.7 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

1.8 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

1.9 Leases

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leases asset are consumed.

1.10 Foreign exchange

Transactions in currencies other than pounds sterling are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each reporting end date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the reporting end date. Gains and losses arising on translation in the period are included in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Stock provisions are calculated on a layered basis. Stock items which have not moved for more than one year but less than two years are given a 30% provision and any stock which has not moved in more than two years is fully provided for.

A general bad debt provision of 5% is applied to the year end trade debtors figure. This represents management's assessment of potential bad debts based on historical levels.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

3 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

				2022 Number	2021 Number
	Total			16	18
	Town 11 to Construction				
4	Tangible fixed assets	Plant and equipment	Fixtures and	Computers	Total
		equipment £	fittings £	£	£
	Cost	~		~	-
	At 1 January 2022	93,628	55,761	39,986	189,375
	Additions	5,630	-	415	6,045
	Disposals	(5,355)	-	(5,896)	(11,251)
	At 31 December 2022	93,903	55,761	34,505	184,169
	Depreciation and impairment				
	At 1 January 2022	58,867	49,876	32,139	140,882
	Depreciation charged in the year	13,365	2,705	2,801	18,871
	Eliminated in respect of disposals	(5,355)	-	(5,896)	(11,251)
	At 31 December 2022	66,877	52,581	29,044	148,502
	Carrying amount		 _		
	At 31 December 2022	27,026	3,180	5,461	35,667
	At 31 December 2021	34,761	5,885	===== 7,847	48,493

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

5	Debtors		
		2022	2021
	Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
	Trade debtors	2,712,695	2,249,645
	Corporation tax recoverable	-	23,755
	Other debtors	28,176	19,662
	Prepayments and accrued income	13,576	16,799
		2,754,447	2,309,861
	.		
6	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		0001
		2022	2021
		· •	_
		£	£
	Trade creditors	£ 119,400	£ 68,748
	Trade creditors Amounts owed to group undertakings	_	_
		119,400	68,748
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	119,400 1,780,645	68,748
	Amounts owed to group undertakings Corporation tax	119,400 1,780,645 29,755	68,748 884,877
	Amounts owed to group undertakings Corporation tax Other taxation and social security	119,400 1,780,645 29,755 681,242	68,748 884,877 - 443,010

7 Audit report information

As the income statement has been omitted from the filing copy of the financial statements, the following information in relation to the audit report on the statutory financial statements is provided in accordance with s444(5B) of the Companies Act 2006:

The auditor's report was unqualified.

The senior statutory auditor was Jonathan Vickery BA FCA and the auditor was Azets Audit Services.

8 Operating lease commitments

Lessee

At the reporting end date the company had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases, as follows:

2021	2022
£	£
63,097	120,069