

Mayur The Ayurvedic University Of Europe

Annual Report and Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements
for the Year Ended 31 January 2019

Mansell & Co
Chartered Certified Accountants
5 Ducketts Wharf
South Street
Bishops Stortford
Hertfordshire
CM23 3AR

Mayur The Ayurvedic University Of Europe

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Mayur The Ayurvedic University Of Europe

Company Information

Director Parameshwar Govind Kumar Warriar

Registered office 19 St. James's Gardens
London
W11 4RE

Accountants Mansell & Co
Chartered Certified Accountants
5 Ducketts Wharf
South Street
Bishops Stortford
Hertfordshire
CM23 3AR

Mayur The Ayurvedic University Of Europe
(Registration number: 05664215)
Abridged Balance Sheet as at 31 January 2019

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Current assets			
Stocks	<u>3</u>	85,500	85,500
Debtors		6,162	6,163
Cash at bank and in hand		89,026	6
		180,688	91,669
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		(36,956)	(37,126)
Net assets		<u>143,732</u>	<u>54,543</u>
Capital and reserves			
Profit and loss account		143,732	54,543
Total equity		<u>143,732</u>	<u>54,543</u>

For the financial year ending 31 January 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

All of the company's members have consented to the preparation of an Abridged Profit and Loss Account and an Abridged Balance Sheet in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

Approved and authorised by the director on 30 October 2019

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Parameshwar Govind Kumar Warriar
Director

The notes on pages 3 to 4 form an integral part of these abridged financial statements.
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Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 January 2019

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is:

19 St. James's Gardens
London
W11 4RE
England

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the director on 30 October 2019.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These abridged financial statements were prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

Basis of preparation

These abridged financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;
it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;
and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Mayur The Ayurvedic University Of Europe

Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 January 2019

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

3 Stocks

	2019	2018
	£	£
Other inventories	85,500	85,500

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.