FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended

31 December 2016

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The Amphion Group Limited DIRECTORS, OFFICERS AND ADVISORS

DIRECTORS

Mr R Slee (Non-executive) Ms R English (Non-executive Deputy Chair & Acting Chair) Mr J Pell Mr K Prince Mr R George

SECRETARY

Ms R Jefferies

COMPANY NUMBER

5662199 (England and Wales)

REGISTERED OFFICE

240 Blackfriars Road London SE1 8NW United Kingdom

AUDITOR

RSM UK Audit LLP Marlborough House Victoria Road South Chelmsford CM1 1LN United Kingdom

DIRECTORS 'REPORT

The Directors present their Annual Report on the affairs of The Amphion Group Limited (hereafter "the Company"), together with the accounts and the auditor's report for the year ended 31 December 2016.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the company is holding an interest in the trading company Adam Smith International Limited.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

Turnover for the year was nil. Loss before taxation was £59,003 (2015: Loss of £80,200). No dividends were paid during the current year to Adam Smith Advisory Group Limited (2015: nil).

THIRD PARTY INDEMNITY INSURANCE PROVISION FOR DIRECTORS

Qualifying third party indemnity insurance provision was in place for the benefit of all directors of the company.

DIRECTORS

The following directors have held office since 1 January 2016.

Sir M Davidson (appointed Non-executive Chairman 27 March 2017, resigned 25 August 2017)

Mr W S Morrison (resigned 2 May 2017)

Mr R Slee

Sir M Rifkind (Non-executive, resigned 25 August 2017)

Ms R English (appointed Non-executive 1 September 2016)

Mr | Pell

Mr K Prince (appointed 22 March 2016)

Mr R George (appointed 22 March 2016)

Mr P Young (resigned 31 March 2017)

Mr L Bunni (resigned 31 March 2017)

Mr A Shrivastava (resigned 31 March 2017)

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITOR

The directors who were in office on the date of approval of these financial statements have confirmed, as far as they are aware, that there is no relevant audit information of which the auditor is unaware. Each of the directors have confirmed that they have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that it has been communicated to the auditor.

AUDITOR

The auditor, RSM UK Audit LLP, Chartered Accountants has indicated its willingness to continue in office.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 2006 applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

240 Blackfriars Road London SE1 8NW United Kingdom (registered office) On behalf of the Board

R English

Deputy Chair & Acting Chair

29 September 2017

Date

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN THE PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- a. select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- b. make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent, and
- c. prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE AMPHION GROUP LIMITED

Opinion on financial statements

We have audited the financial statements on pages 5 to 11. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland".

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2016 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the Financial Reporting Council's website at http://www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements and, based on the work undertaken in the course of our audit, the Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the Directors' Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit;
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies exemption from the requirement to prepare a strategic report or in preparing the directors' report.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As more fully explained in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

ANDREW MONTEITH

(Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of RSM UK AUDIT LLP, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants

Marlborough House Victoria Road South

Chelmsford

Essex

CM1 1LN

United Kingdom

SOPTEMBER 2017 29

The Amphion Group Limited
STATEMENT OF INCOME AND RETAINED EARNINGS
for the year ended 31 December 2016

	Notes	2016 £	2015 £
TURNOVER			
Cost of sales		_	
GROSS PROFIT			
Other operating expenses	1	(473)	(3,180)
OPERATING LOSS		(473)	(3,180)
Income from shares in group undertakings		-	
Interest receivable from group undertakings		873,516	553,328
Interest payable to group undertakings		(932,046)	(630,348)
LOSS BEFORE TAXATION		(59,003)	(80,200)
Taxation	3	11,800	16,241
LOSS AFTER TAXATION AND LOSS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		(47,203)	(63,959)
RETAINED EARNINGS AS AT 1st JANUARY		9,665,084	9,729,043
Loss after taxation		(47,203)	(63,959)
Dividends paid RETAINED EARNINGS AS AT 31st DECEMBER		9,617,881	9,665,084

The operating loss for the year arises from the Company's continuing operations.

The Amphion Group Limited STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

31 December 2016

	Notes	2016	2015
		£	£
FIXED ASSETS			
Investment in Subsidiaries	5	12,093,835	12,093,835
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors	6	29,827,451	22,906,025
Cash at bank and in hand		1,123,998	32,167
		30,951,449	22,938,192
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(33,098,019)	(25,037,559)
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES		(2,146,570)	(2,099,367)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		9,947,265	9,994,468
NET ASSETS		9,947,265	9,994,468
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	8	242,384	242,384
Capital Redemption Reserve	8	87,000	87,000
Profit and loss account	8	9,617,881	9,665,084
TOTAL EQUITY		9,947,265	9,994,468

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 2006 applicable to companies subject to small companies

The financial statements on pages 5 to 11 were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 29 September 2017 and signed on its behalf by:

R English

Deputy Chair & Acting Chair

J Pell

Director

ACCOUNTING POLICIES
31 December 2016

GENERAL INFORMATION

The Amphion Group Limited ("the Company") is a private company limited by shares domiciled and incorporated in England. The address of the Company's registered office and principal place of business is 240 Blackfnars Road, London, SE1 8NW. The Company's principal activities and nature of operations are set out within the Director's Report.

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements are presented in sterling which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are are recorded to the nearest £1, except where otherwise indicated.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

GOING CONCERN

The Company has a net current liability balance as at 31st December 2016 of £2.1m (2015: £2.1m); the company has met its day-to-day working capital requirements through day-to-day support from its subsidiary undertaking Adam Smith International Limited, which is expected to continue for the foreseeable future. The directors therefore consider it appropriate to prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis.

TAXATION

The tax expense represents the sum of the current tax expense and deferred tax expense. Current tax assets are recognised when tax paid exceeds the tax payable.

Current tax is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from total comprehensive income because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other periods. Current tax assets and liabilities are measured using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Current and deferred tax is charged or credited in profit or loss, except when it relates to items charged or credited to other comprehensive income or equity, when the tax follows the transaction or event it relates to and is also charged or credited to other comprehensive income, or equity.

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities and deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset, if and only if, there is a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and the entity intends either to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Deferred tax is not discounted.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised in respect of all timing differences that exist at the reporting date. Timing differences are differences between taxable profits and total comprehensive income that arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in different periods from their recognition in the financial statements. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered by the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Taxable losses are bought from group companies, at the appropriate tax rates paid by the relevant company.

OTHER INCOME

Interest income is accrued on a time-apportioned basis, by reference to the principal outstanding at the effective interest rate.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued) 31 December 2016

INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES

Interests in subsidiaries are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairement losses.

Interests in subsidiaries are assessed for impairment at each reporting date. Any impairment losses or reversals of impairment losses are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

GROUP ACCOUNTS

The accounts present information about the company as an individual undertaking and not about its group, as the company has taken advantage of the exemptions not to prepare group accounts on the grounds that The Amphion Group Limited is a wholly-owned subsidiary and its ultimate parent undertaking is preparing group accounts.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

FINANCIAL ASSETS

Financial assets are recognised in the company's statement of financial position when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument

Financial assets are classified into specified categories. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of recognition.

Basic financial assets, which include other receivables and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Interest is recognised by applying the effective interest rate, except for short-term receivables when the recognition of interest would be immaterial. The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating the interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the debt instrument to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

Basic financial liabilities are initially measured at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

DERECOGNITION OF FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

Financial liabilities are derecognised when, and only when, the company's obligations are discharged, cancelled, or they expire.

EQUITY INTERESTS

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

REDUCED DISCLOSURES

In accordance with FRS 102, The Company has taken advantage of the exemptions from disclosing the following information as permitted by the reduced disclosure regime within FRS 102:

Section 7 'Statement of Cash Flows' - Presentation of a Statement of Cash Flow and related notes and disclosures.

Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' & Section 12 'Other Financial Instrument Issues' - Carrying amounts, interest income/expense and net gains/losses for each category of financial instrument.

Section 33 'Related Party Disclosure' - Compensation for key management personnel.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND AREAS OF JUDGEMENT

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The Directors are of the opinion that there are no estimates or judgements within these financial statements that can cause a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

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1	OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES	2016	2015
		£	£
	Administrative expenses	473	3,180
	Administrative expenses		5,100
2	LOSS BEFORE TAXATION	2016	2015
		£	£
		~	~
	Loud hafe to provide a literatural office absorbers		
	Loss before taxation is stated after charging:		
	Auditor's remuneration		
	Statutory audit fees	4,500	4,500
	TAXABLE AND ADDRESS OF THE ADDRESS O	2017	2042
3	TAXATION	2016	2015
		£	£
	Current tax		
	U.K. corporation tax:	44.000	"
	Group relief payments received	(11,800)	(16,241)
	Total current tax	(11,800)	(16,241)
	Deferred tax:		
	Origination and reversal of timing differences		
	· ·		<u>-</u> _
	Total deferred tax	•	•
	Tax on profit	(11,800)	(16,241)
	·		
			400.000
	Loss before taxation	(59,003)	(80,200)
	Loss before taxation multiplied by standard rate of UK corporation tax		
		(4.1.000)	(1 (0 (1)
	of 20.00% (2015: 20.25%)	(11,800)	(16,241)
	Effects of:		
	Group income not taxable	-	-
	Group relief surrendered	11,800	16,241
	Receipt for group relief	(11,800)	(16,241)
		(11,800)	(16,241)
	Tax credit for the year	(11,800)	(10,241)
4	DIVIDENDS	2016	2015
		£	£
		£	£
	Ordinary:	,	
	No Interim dividend paid during the year to Adam Smith Advisory Group Limited		<u> </u>
5	INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES	2016	2015
	·	£	£
	At beginning of year	12,093,835	12,093,835
	The Degrammy of Jews	12,073,033	,075,055
	At end of year	12,093,835	12,093,835
	Details of the investments in subsidiaries is included in note 12.		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

for the year ended 31 December 2016

6	<u>DEBTORS</u>	2016 £	2015 £
	Amounts falling due within one year: Amounts due from group undertakings Other debtors	29,827,451	22,783,935 122,090 22,906,025
7	CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year	2016 £	2015 £
	Amounts due to group undertakings Accruals and deferred income	33,093,519 4,500 33,098,019	25,033,059 4,500 25,037,559
8	SHARE CAPITAL & RESERVES	2016 £	2015 £
	SHARE CAPITAL:		
	Allotted, issued and fully paid: $242,384$ ordinary shares of f_1 each	242,384	242,384
	242,304 Orumary Shares Of £,1 Cach	242,304	242,304

The Company's ordinary shares, which carry no right to fixed income, each carry the right to one vote at general meetings of the Company.

RESERVES

Reserves of the company represent the following:

Capital Redemption Rerserve

The nominal value of shares repurchased and still held at the end of the reporting period.

Retained earning

Cumulative profit and loss net of distributions to owners.

9 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The company has taken advantage of the exemption conferred by Financial Reporting Standards No. 102 from the requirement to make disclosures concerning other group companies, since it is a wholly owned subsidiary of a company preparing consolidated financial statements.

10 CONTROL

The ultimate and immediate holding company is Adam Smith Advisory Group Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales. The registered address for The Adam Smith Advisory Group Limited is 240 Blackfriars Road, London, SE1 8NW and group accounts are available from this address. The ultimate controlling party is Adam Smith International Employee Ownership Trust.

11 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The company is party to cross guarantees securing the borrowings of other group companies. At the year end these borrowings amounted to £18,500,000 (2015: £23,500,000).

The Amphion Group Limited NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) for the year ended 31 December 2016

12 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

Name	Nature of Business	Owne 2016 %	rship 2015 %	Profit/ (Loss) after taxation 2016	Profit/ (Loss) after taxation 2015	Capital and reserves 2016	Capital and reserves 2015
Adam Smith International Limited	International development consultancy	100	100	15,389,755	14,867,769	62,126,962	46,737,207
Adam Smith Services Limited ¹	Provision of business services	100	100	9,163	10,992	325,136	315,970
Adam Smith International Africa Limited ²	International development consultancy	99	99	229,890	226,357	2,301,497	1,732,272
Adam Smith International India Limited ³	International development consultancy	99	99	-	-	(3,558)	(3,558)
Adam Smith International (Australia) PTY Limited ⁴	International development consultancy			133,856	200,261	630,953	412,052
Adam Smith International Mongolia Limited ⁵	International development consultancy		-	(100,944)	-	(64,819)	37,608
Adam Smith International Turkey Limited ⁶	International development consultancy		-	(501,535)	(871,601)	(1,327,678)	(851,414)
AS Operations West Africa Limited ⁷	International development consultancy	-		67,208	281,408	320,228	330,961
Adam Smith International Uganda Limited ⁸	International development consultancy	100	100	99,094	17,249	121,606	17,249

¹ Adam Smith Services Limited is classified as a subsidiary as all shares are held by Adam Smith International Limited.

² The 99% of the issued ordinary shares of Adam Smith International Africa Limited are held indirectly via its subsidiary Adam Smith International Limited.

The Company holds 1% of the issued ordinary shares of Adam Smith International India Limited directly. The remaining 99% are held indirectly via its subsidiary Adam Smith The Company holds 17s of the issued ordinary shares of Adam Smith International (Australia) PTY. Limited are held indirectly via its subsidiary Adam Smith International Limited.

4 The 100% of the issued ordinary shares of Adam Smith International Mongolia Limited are held indirectly via its subsidiary Adam Smith International Limited.

5 The 100% of the issued ordinary shares of Adam Smith International Turkey Limited are held indirectly via its subsidiary Adam Smith International Limited.

7 The 100% of the issued ordinary shares of AS Operations West Africa Limited are held indirectly via its subsidiary Adam Smith International Limited.

4 The 100% of the issued ordinary shares of Adam Smith International Uganda Limited are held indirectly via its subsidiary Adam Smith International Limited.