# Group Strategic Report, Report of the Director and Consolidated Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2023

for

**Computionics Group Limited** 

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# **Computionics Group Limited**

# Company Information for the Year Ended 30 April 2023

DIRECTOR:	Mr A W Foster
SECRETARY:	Mrs S J Foster
REGISTERED OFFICE:	54 Chorley Road Hilldale PARBOLD Lancashire WN8 7AS
REGISTERED NUMBER:	05498299 (England and Wales)
AUDITORS:	Ashworth Treasure Limited Statutory Auditors 17-19 Park Street Lytham Lancashire FY8 5LU

# Group Strategic Report for the Year Ended 30 April 2023

The director presents his strategic report of the company and the group for the year ended 30 April 2023.

#### **REVIEW OF BUSINESS**

The group's main activity is the manufacture, distribution and wholesale of a quality range of electronic security and life safety equipment.

The group maintains a research and development programme on a continuing basis in order to strengthen its product base. The group's total expenditure on research and development during the year was £2,467,873 (2022: £1,954,163).

Unfortunately the R&D resource has been diverted to redesign products made unmanufacturable due to component non-availability. This has taken up approximately 75% of R&D resource and ability over the last 12 months with attendant costs to products and stagnation of development of new products. Since major parts of our products require third party assessment this has also resulted in large increases in third party testing costs all of which have increased our costs and reduced profits which have meant large price increases. Currently this has not affected volumes of sales though GPP is reduced.

The group develops and manufactures market leading and innovative technologically advanced products and has made significant investment in a state of the art research facility in order to continue investing in new products and manufacturing techniques. The research facility enables the group to enforce its position within the market place.

Group turnover has increased by £6.1m in the year and profits before tax increased to £2.1m with the group maintaining a strong balance sheet position at the end of the year. Borrowing is low with a gearing ratio of only 6.7% and liquidity of 350%.

#### PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The group manages all potential risks and considers the threat of cheap imports from the East as a risk. Even here, the group is continually reviewing its own manufacturing processes to stay competitive. We have maintained our investment in R&D.

The uncertainty over Brexit has evaporated. The most challenging place to export to is ironically Northern Ireland. Currently our biggest growth market is the EU.

A major threat is the global lack of availability of electronic components. This has had a major impact on our manufacturing capability and has resulted in increased disruptive costs of manufacture.

The group is well placed and maintains a strategy of strong management and leadership which enables the companies to react quickly to any future risks or uncertainties arising out of the business environment.

The group's workforce plays a valuable part in all aspects of the business and we continue to invest in our staff and training programmes to ensure we can embrace new technologies and fulfill our customer requirements.

Reliability and durability are built into the group's products at all stages, helping us to guarantee excellent product quality and equipment that is consistently fit for its intended purpose.

#### **FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS**

Future development work includes new detector range and IOT products that will consolidate our CAST product range in the marketplace.

This will be delayed due to the effects of the failure of the global supply chains as mentioned above .

#### ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

Mr A W Foster - Director

12 December 2023

# Report of the Director for the Year Ended 30 April 2023

The director presents his report with the financial statements of the company and the group for the year ended 30 April 2023.

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the group in the year under review was that of the manufacture and distribution of electronic security and life safety equipment.

#### **DIVIDENDS**

Particulars of dividends paid are detailed in the notes to the financial statements.

#### DIRECTOR

Mr A W Foster held office during the whole of the period from 1 May 2022 to the date of this report.

#### DISCLOSURE IN THE STRATEGIC REPORT

The strategic report on the preceding page provides information regarding the performance, developments, and risks and uncertainties of the company.

### STATEMENT OF DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES

The director is responsible for preparing the Group Strategic Report, the Report of the Director and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the director has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the director must not approve the financial statements unless he is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the group and of the profit or loss of the group for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the director is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The director is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's and the group's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and the group and enable him to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. He is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and the group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the group's auditors are unaware, and he has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the group's auditors are aware of that information.

#### **AUDITORS**

The auditors, Ashworth Treasure Limited, will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

#### ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

Mr A W Foster - Director

12 December 2023

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Computionics Group Limited (the 'parent company') and its subsidiaries (the 'group') for the year ended 30 April 2023 which comprise the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income, Consolidated Balance Sheet, Company Balance Sheet, Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity, Company Statement of Changes in Equity, Consolidated Cash Flow Statement and Notes to the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement, Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and of the parent company affairs as at 30 April 2023 and of the group's profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Basis for qualified opinion

With respect to the group's stock, the evidence available to us in relation to the valuation of the recorded stock quantities was limited. This was because, during the year ended 30 April 2022, the group implemented a new enterprise resource planning system. The system calculates overhead and labour costs included within stock. However we have been unable to satisfactorily test the amounts due to a lack of information,

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of the report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements, We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

#### Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the director's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the group's and the parent company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the director with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

#### **Key audit matters**

Except for the matter described in the basis for qualified opinion section, we have determined that there are no key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

#### Other information

The director is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Group Strategic Report and the Report of the Director, but does not include the financial statements and our Report of the Auditors thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Group Strategic Report and the Report of the Director for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Group Strategic Report and the Report of the Director have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the group and the parent company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Group Strategic Report or the Report of the Director.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of director's remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

#### Responsibilities of director

As explained more fully in the Statement of Director's Responsibilities set out on page three, the director is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the director determines necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the director is responsible for assessing the group's and the parent company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the director either intends to liquidate the group or the parent company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a Report of the Auditors that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

Our approach to identifying and assessing risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations, was as follows:

- the engagement partner ensured that the engagement team collectively had the appropriate competence, capabilities and skills to identify or recognise non-compliance with applicable and regulations:
- we identified the laws and regulations applicable to the company through discussions with directors and other management, and from our commercial knowledge and experience of the business sector;
- we focused on specific laws and regulations which we considered may have a direct material effect on the financial statements or the operations of the company, including legislation such as licensing laws, waste disposal regulations, Companies Act, taxation legislation, environmental and health and safety legislation etc.
- we assessed the extent of compliance with the laws and regulations identified above through making enquiries of management and inspecting legal correspondence; and
- identified laws and regulations were communicated within the audit team regularly and the team maintained alert to instances of non-compliance throughout the audit.

We assessed the susceptibility of the company's financial statements to misstatement, including obtaining an understanding of how fraud might occur, by:

- making enquiries of management as to where they considered there was susceptibility to fraud, their knowledge of actual, suspected and alleged fraud; and
- considering the internal controls in place to mitigate risks of fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations.

To address the risk of fraud through management bias and override of controls, we:

- performed analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships;
- tested journals to identify unusual transactions;
- assessed whether judgements and assumptions made in determining the accounting estimates were indicative of potential bias; and
- investigated the rationale behind significant or unusual transactions.

In response to the risk of irregularities and non-compliance with laws and regulations, we designed procedures which included, but were not limited to:

- agreeing financial statement disclosures to underlying supporting documentation;
- enquiring of management as to actual and potential litigation and claims;
- reviewing correspondence with HMRC etc

There are inherent limitations in our audit procedures described above. The more removed that laws and regulations are from financial transactions, the less likely it is that we would become aware of non-compliance. Auditing standards also limit the audit procedures required to identify non-compliance with laws and regulations to enquiry of the directors and other management and the inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any.

Material misstatements that arise due to fraud can be harder to detect than those that arise from error as they may involve deliberate concealment or collusion.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Report of the Auditors.

#### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Anthony Cooney (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Ashworth Treasure Limited Statutory Auditors 17-19 Park Street Lytham Lancashire FY8 5LU

12 December 2023

# Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income for the Year Ended 30 April 2023

		2023		2022	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
TURNOVER	4		26,627,783		20,565,046
Cost of sales GROSS PROFIT		-	16,833,049 9,794,734	-	12,420,695 8,144,351
Distribution costs Administrative expenses		1,578,523 6,117,313	7,695,836 2,098,898	1,456,411 4,758,647 -	6,215,058 1,929,293
Other operating income OPERATING PROFIT	6	_	128,358 2,227,256	-	75,722 2,005,015
Interest receivable and similar income		-	180 2,227,436	-	5,986 2,011,001
Interest payable and similar expenses PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION	7	_	111,281 2,116,155	-	26,318 1,984,683
Tax on profit PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	8	_	(54,959) 2,171,114	-	(79,236) 2,063,919
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR		_	<u> </u>	-	-
THE YEAR		=	2,171,114	=	2,063,919
Profit attributable to: Owners of the parent		_	2,171,114	=	2,063,919
Total comprehensive income attributable to: Owners of the parent		=	2,171,114	=	2,063,919

# Consolidated Balance Sheet 30 April 2023

		2023		202	2
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	10		9,209,048		8,403,991
Investments	11		-		-
		·	9,209,048		8,403,991
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	12	9,963,859		7,789,050	
Debtors	13	6,729,897		6,917,286	
Cash at bank and in hand		1,351,131	_	2,048,003	
		18,044,887		16,754,339	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	14	5,154,477		5,397,254	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			12,890,410		11,357,085
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT		•			
LIABILITIES			22,099,458		19,761,076
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due after more than one					
year	15		(1,121,525)		(633,447)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	19		(272,670)		(327,629)
ACCRUALS AND DEFERRED INCOME	20	<u>-</u>	(187,792)		(453,643)
NET ASSETS		=	20,517,471		18,346,357
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	21		1,000		1,000
Merger reserve	22		2,635,364		2,635,364
Retained earnings	22	<u>-</u>	17,881,107		15,709,993
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		=	20,517,471		18,346,357

The financial statements were approved by the director and authorised for issue on 12 December 2023 and were signed by:

Mr A W Foster - Director

# Company Balance Sheet 30 April 2023

		202	23	202	2
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	10		-		-
Investments	11		1,001,000		1,001,000
			1,001,000		1,001,000
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	14	961,628		961,628	
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			(961,628)	<u>.</u>	(961,628)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			39,372		39,372
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	21		1,000		1,000
Retained earnings	22		38,372		38,372
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			39,372		39,372
Company's profit for the financial year					

The financial statements were approved by the director and authorised for issue on 12 December 2023 and were signed by:

Mr A W Foster - Director

# Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 30 April 2023

Balance at 1 May 2021	Called up share capital £ 1,000	Retained earnings £ 13,646,074	Merger reserve £ 2,635,364	Total equity £ 16,282,438
Changes in equity				
Total comprehensive income		2,063,919	-	2,063,919
Balance at 30 April 2022	1,000	15,709,993	2,635,364	18,346,357
Changes in equity				
Total comprehensive income	_	2,171,114	-	2,171,114
Balance at 30 April 2023	1,000	17,881,107	2,635,364	20,517,471

# Company Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 30 April 2023

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings £	Total equity £
Balance at 1 May 2021	1,000	38,372	39,372
Changes in equity Balance at 30 April 2022	1,000	38,372	39,372
Changes In equity Balance at 30 April 2023	1,000	38,372	39,372

# Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the Year Ended 30 April 2023

		2023	2022
	Notes	£	£
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash generated from operations	1	630,030	(1,248,300)
Interest paid		(35,954)	(12,758)
Interest element of hire purchase payments			
paid		(20,988)	(8,434)
Finance costs paid		(54,339)	(5,126)
Tax paid		<del></del>	(5,561)
Net cash from operating activities		518,749	(1,280,179)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of tangible fixed assets		(2,093,906)	(755,862)
Sale of tangible fixed assets		24,147	39, <b>7</b> 01
Interest received		<u>180</u>	5,986
Net cash from investing activities		<u>(2,069,579</u> )	<u>(710,175</u> )
Cash flows from financing activities			
New loans in year		450,000	-
Loan repayments in year		(290,012)	(196,003)
Capital repayments in year		723,221	115,574
Amount withdrawn by directors		(29,251)	(25,256)
Net cash from financing activities		<u>853,958</u>	(105,685)
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(696,872)	(2,096,039)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning			
of year	2	2,048,003	4,144,042
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	2	<u>1,351,131</u>	2,048,003

# Notes to the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the Year Ended 30 April 2023

1. RECONCILIATION C	F PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION TO CASH GEN	NERATED FROM OPERATIONS	
		2023 £	2022 £
Profit before taxation		2,116,155	1,984,683
Depreciation charges		679,649	584,807
Loss/(profit) on dispo	sal of fixed assets	585,054	(16,467)
Finance costs		111,281	26,318
Finance income		(180)	(5,986)
		3,491,959	2,573,355
Increase in stocks		(2,174,809)	(3,373,199)
Decrease/(increase)	n trade and other debtors	187,389	(1,541,827)
(Decrease)/increase	n trade and other creditors	(874,509)	1,093,371
Cash generated from	n operations	630,030	(1,248,300)

### 2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The amounts disclosed on the Cash Flow Statement in respect of cash and cash equivalents are in respect of these Balance Sheet amounts:

Year ended 30 April 2023		
•	30.4.23	1.5.22
	£	£
Cash and cash equivalents	1,351,131	2,048,003
Year ended 30 April 2022		
	30.4.22	1.5.21
	£	£
Cash and cash equivalents	2,048,003	4,144,042

## 3. ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET FUNDS/(DEBT)

	At 1.5.22 £	Cash flow £	At 30.4.23 £
Net cash			
Cash at bank and in hand	2,048,003	(696,872)	1,351,131
	2,048,003	(696,872)	1,351,131
Debt			
Finance leases	(307,496)	(723,221)	(1,030,717)
Debts falling due within 1 year	(202,415)	(159,283)	(361,698)
Debts falling due after 1 year	(442,324)	(706)	(443,030)
	(952,235)	(883,210)	(1,835,445)
Total	1,095,768	(1,580,082)	(484,314)

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2023

#### 1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Computionics Group Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the General Information page.

#### 2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006.

#### 3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of preparing the financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The financial statements are presented in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

#### Basis of consolidation

The group accounts consolidate the accounts of Computionics Group Limited, its subsidiary undertaking, Computionics Limited and its sub-subsidiary undertaking Signet AC Limited.

Unless otherwise stated, the acquisition method of accounting has been adopted. Under this method, the results of subsidiary undertakings acquired or disposed of in the year are included in the consolidated profit and loss account from the date on which control passed.

#### Related party exemption

The company has taken advantage of exemption, under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland', not to disclose related party transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries within the group.

Transactions between group entities which have been eliminated on consolidation are not disclosed within the financial statements.

#### Significant judgements and estimates

In the application of the group's accounting policies, management is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily available from other sources. The estimates and underlying assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both.

The key judgements and sources of estimation uncertainty that have a significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements are described below:

#### Estimated useful lives and residual values of fixed assets

Depreciation of tangible fixed assets has been based on estimated useful lives and residual values deemed appropriate by the directors. Estimated useful lives are reviewed annually and revised as appropriate. Revisions take into account estimated useful lives used by other companies operating in the sector and actual asset lives and residual values, as evidenced by disposals during current and prior accounting periods.

### Impairment of non-financial assets

Non-financial assets include goodwill, investments and tangible fixed assets. The group assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. If there is such an indication then the group estimates the recoverable amount of the asset using the information available at that date. The recoverable amount of an asset is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. If the recoverable amount is less than the carrying amount, the carrying amount of an asset is impaired and it is reduced to its recoverable amount through an impairment in the statement of comprehensive income.

#### **Turnover**

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

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# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 April 2023

#### 3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life or, if held under a finance lease, over the lease term, whichever is the shorter.

Freehold property - nil - 5% on reducing balance Improvements to property - 5% on reducing balance

Plant and machinery - 20% on reducing balance and 10% on reducing balance

Fixtures and fittings - 25% on reducing balance

Motor vehicles - 33% on reducing balance and 25% on reducing balance

Computer equipment - 15% on reducing balance

Fixed assets are stated at purchase price, less depreciation and amounts written off.

#### Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items

Cost is calculated using the first-in-first-out method and consists of material and direct labour costs, together with an appropriate proportion of production overheads.

#### Financial instruments

The following assets and liabilities are classified as financial instruments - investments in subsidiaries, trade debtors, trade creditors, hire purchase contracts, bank loans, other loans and inter-group balances.

Investments in subsidiary undertakings are measured at cost less impairment.

Hire purchase contracts and bank loans are initially measured at the present value of future payments, discounted at a market rate of interest, and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Inter-group balances (being repayable on demand), trade debtors, trade creditors and other loans are measured at the undiscounted amount of cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received.

Financial assets are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment and if applicable recognised as appropriate.

#### Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

#### **Deferred tax**

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

#### Research and development

Expenditure on research and development is written off in the year in which it is incurred.

#### Hire purchase agreements

Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised and disclosed under tangible fixed assets at their fair value. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis.

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# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 April 2023

#### 3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The group operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the group in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the group to the fund.

#### Leased assets and obligations

Tangible fixed assets operated under the terms of finance leases are capitalised at a value equal to the cost incurred by the lessor in acquiring the relevant assets and depreciated in the same manner as owned assets. Leases are regarded as finance leases where their terms transfer to the lessee substantially all the benefits and burdens of ownership other than the right to title. The capital element of future lease payments is included in creditors. In the case of other leases, the annual rentals are charged to trading profit on a straight line basis over the lease terms.

#### Investments

Investments held as fixed assets are stated at cost less provision for any permanent diminution in value.

#### 4. TURNOVER

The turnover and profit before taxation are attributable to the one principal activity of the group.

An analysis of turnover by geographical market is given below:

		2023	2022
		£	£
	United Kingdom	17,435,306	14,327,578
	Europe and other	9,192,477	6,237,468
		26,627,783	20,565,046
5.	EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS		
٥.		2023	2022
		f	£
	Wages and salaries	6,716,164	5,577,398
	Social security costs	638,520	470,224
	Other pension costs	180,806	154,334
	=	7,535,490	6,201,956
	The average number of employees during the year was as follows:		
	The average humber of employees during the year was as follows.	2023	2022
	Production and sales	199	173
	Office and management	19	17
	· ·	218	190
		2023	2022
		f	£
	Director's remuneration	232,085	227,192
	Information regarding the highest paid director is as follows:	2022	2022
		2023	2022
	Creative and a sta	£	£
	Emoluments etc	<u>160,293</u>	<u> 159,159</u>

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# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 April 2023

## 6. **OPERATING PROFIT**

The operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting):

	Hire of plant and machinery Depreciation - owned assets Depreciation - assets on hire purchase contracts Loss/(profit) on disposal of fixed assets	2023 £ 97,245 595,870 83,778 585,054	2022 £ 140,894 535,359 49,446 (16,467)
	Auditors' remuneration	16,000	16,000
	Auditors' remuneration for non audit work Research and development Foreign currency exchange (gain)/loss Grants released Government grants	19,750 2,467,873 42,231 (268,851)	17,850 1,954,163 (4,720) (42,708) (2,754)
7.	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR EXPENSES		
		2023 £	2022 £
	Bank interest Hire purchase interest Sundry finance charges	35,954 20,988 <u>54,339</u> 111,281	12,758 8,434 5,126 26,318
8.	TAXATION		
	Analysis of the tax credit The tax credit on the profit for the year was as follows:		
		2023 £	2022 £
	Deferred tax Tax on profit	(54,959) (54,959)	(79,236) (79,236)

## Reconciliation of total tax credit included in profit and loss

The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The difference is explained below:

	2023 £	2022 £
Profit before tax	<u>2,116,155</u>	1,984,683
Profit multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 25 % (2022 - 19 %)	529,039	377,090
Effects of:		
company rate		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	4,193	6,596
Deferred income released	(9,363)	(8,115)
Research and development tax credits	(619,192)	(441,420)
Depreciation on non qualifying assets	37,468	27,689
Deferred tax rate increase	103,462	-
credits rate reduction		
Enhanced capital allowances	(100,566)	(41,076)
Total tax credit	(54,959)	(79,236)

## 9. INDIVIDUAL STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

As permitted by Section 408 of the Companies Act 2006, the Statement of Comprehensive Income of the parent company is not presented as part of these financial statements.

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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 April 2023

## 10. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Group

COST         Freehold property property         to property machiner           At 1 May 2022         9,234,702         109,349         4,901,073           Additions         512,326         -         1,346,923           Disposals         -         -         -         (2,908,227           At 30 April 2023         9,747,028         109,349         3,339,769           DEPRECIATION         At 1 May 2022         3,296,799         66,098         3,043,741           Charge for year         257,066         2,160         261,725           Eliminated on disposal         -         -         -         (2,327,977           At 30 April 2023         3,553,865         68,258         977,489	, 
COST         £         £         £         £           At 1 May 2022         9,234,702         109,349         4,901,073           Additions         512,326         -         1,346,923           Disposals         -         -         (2,908,227           At 30 April 2023         9,747,028         109,349         3,339,769           DEPRECIATION         3,296,799         66,098         3,043,741           Charge for year         257,066         2,160         261,725           Eliminated on disposal         -         -         (2,327,977	<u>)                                    </u>
COST         £         £         £         £           At 1 May 2022         9,234,702         109,349         4,901,073           Additions         512,326         -         1,346,923           Disposals         -         -         (2,908,227           At 30 April 2023         9,747,028         109,349         3,339,769           DEPRECIATION         3,296,799         66,098         3,043,741           Charge for year         257,066         2,160         261,725           Eliminated on disposal         -         -         (2,327,977	<u>)                                    </u>
At 1 May 2022       9,234,702       109,349       4,901,073         Additions       512,326       -       1,346,923         Disposals       -       -       (2,908,227)         At 30 April 2023       9,747,028       109,349       3,339,769         DEPRECIATION       3,296,799       66,098       3,043,741         Charge for year       257,066       2,160       261,725         Eliminated on disposal       -       -       (2,327,977)	<u>)                                    </u>
Additions       512,326       -       1,346,923         Disposals       -       -       (2,908,227)         At 30 April 2023       9,747,028       109,349       3,339,769         DEPRECIATION         At 1 May 2022       3,296,799       66,098       3,043,741         Charge for year       257,066       2,160       261,725         Eliminated on disposal       -       -       (2,327,977)	<u>)                                    </u>
Additions       512,326       -       1,346,923         Disposals       -       -       (2,908,227)         At 30 April 2023       9,747,028       109,349       3,339,769         DEPRECIATION         At 1 May 2022       3,296,799       66,098       3,043,741         Charge for year       257,066       2,160       261,725         Eliminated on disposal       -       -       (2,327,977)	<u>)                                    </u>
At 30 April 2023       9,747,028       109,349       3,339,769         DEPRECIATION       3,296,799       66,098       3,043,741         Charge for year       257,066       2,160       261,725         Eliminated on disposal       -       -       (2,327,977)	<u></u>
DEPRECIATION         At 1 May 2022       3,296,799       66,098       3,043,741         Charge for year       257,066       2,160       261,725         Eliminated on disposal       -       -       (2,327,977)	)
At 1 May 2022       3,296,799       66,098       3,043,741         Charge for year       257,066       2,160       261,725         Eliminated on disposal       -       -       -       (2,327,977)	)
Charge for year       257,066       2,160       261,725         Eliminated on disposal       -       -       (2,327,977)	)
Charge for year       257,066       2,160       261,725         Eliminated on disposal       -       -       (2,327,977)	)
Eliminated on disposal (2,327,977	_
At 30 April 2023 3,553,865 68.258 977.489	_
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 30 April 2023 6,193,163 41,091 2,362,280	
At 30 April 2022 5,937,903 43,251 1,857,332	
Fixtures	
and Motor Computer	
fittings vehicles equipment Totals	
£ £ £	
COST	
At 1 May 2022 1,793,431 255,566 208,893 16,503,014	
Additions 142,222 92,435 - 2,093,906	
Disposals (480,342) (90,224) - (3,478,793	)
At 30 April 2023 1,455,311 257,777 208,893 15,118,127	
DEPRECIATION	
At 1 May 2022 1,306,129 201,446 184,810 8,099,023	
Charge for year 142,083 12,999 3,615 679,648	
Eliminated on disposal (469,424) (72,191) - (2,869,592	
At 30 April 2023 978,788 142,254 188,425 5,909,079	
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 30 April 2023 476,523 115,523 20,468 9,209,048	
At 30 April 2022 487,302 54,120 24,083 8,403,991	

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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 April 2023

### 10. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS - continued

#### Group

Fixed assets, included in the above, which are held under hire purchase contracts are as follows:

		Fixtures		
	Plant and	and	Motor	
	machinery	fittings	vehicles	Totals
	£	£	£	£
COST				
At 1 May 2022	243,453	13,160	49,563	306,176
Additions	964,664	_	_	964,664
Transfer to ownership	(21,339)	(13,160)	(28,563)	(63,062)
At 30 April 2023	1,186,778		21,000	1,207,778
DEPRECIATION				
At 1 May 2022	100,627	7,145	21,139	128,911
Charge for year	83,778	-	-	83,778
Transfer to ownership	(11,324)	(7,145)	(12,608)	(31,077)
At 30 April 2023	173,081		8,531	181,612
NET BOOK VALUE				
At 30 April 2023	1,013,697		12,469	1,026,166
At 30 April 2022	142,826	6,015	28,424	177,265

## 11. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

Company

	Shares in group undertakings £
COST	
At 1 May 2022	
and 30 April 2023	1,001,000
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 30 April 2023	1,001,000
At 30 April 2022	1,001,000

The group or the company's investments at the Balance Sheet date in the share capital of companies include the following:

### **Subsidiaries**

**Computionics Limited** 

Registered office: England

Nature of business: Manufacture of electronic security equipment

Class of shares: holding
Ordinary £1 100.00

 Aggregate capital and reserves
 £
 £
 £

 Profit for the year
 18,617,779
 17,051,521

 1,566,258
 1,615,700

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2023

2022

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 April 2023

## 11. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS - continued

Signet	AC L	imited
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Registered office: England

Nature of business: Manufacture and design of life safety equipment

Class of shares: holding Ordinary £1 100.00

#### 12. STOCKS

	(di	Group	
	2023	2022	
	£	£	
Stocks	6,129,001	5,430,169	
Work-in-progress	2,049,030	1,219,827	
Finished goods	1,785,828	1,139,054	
	9,963,859	7,789,050	

Stocks recognised as an expense in the period were £14.4m (2022: £12.4m).

## 13. DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	Group	
	2023	2022
	£	£
Trade debtors	4,976,787	5,085,467
Other debtors	987,542	906,873
Prepayments and accrued income	765,568	924,946
	6,729,897	6,917,286

### 14. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	G	roup	Co	mpany
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	£	£	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts (see note 16)	361,698	202,415	-	-
Hire purchase contracts (see note 17)	352,222	116,373	-	=
Trade creditors	3,087,699	4,122,368	-	-
Amounts owed to group undertakings	-	-	961,628	961,628
Social security and other taxes	619,991	181,678	-	-
Other creditors	34,202	23,962	-	-
Directors' current accounts	352,793	382,044	-	-
Accrued expenses	345,872	368,414		
	5,154,477	5,397,254	961,628	961,628

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### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 April 2023

#### 15. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

	Group	
	2023	2022
	£	£
Bank loans (see note 16)	443,030	442,324
Hire purchase contracts (see note 17)	678,495	191,123
	1,121,525	633,447

#### LOANS 16.

An analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:

		Group	
		2023	2022
		£	£
Amounts falling due within one year or on	demand:		
Bank loans		<u>361,698</u>	202,415
Amounts falling due between one and two	years:		
Bank loans - 1-2 years	-	378,066	203,191
Amounts falling due between two and five	years:	<del></del>	
Bank loans - 2-5 years	-	64,964	239,133
<del>-</del>			

The bank loans and overdraft are secured by a legal charge over land and buildings, together with a debenture over all assets of Computionics Limited and Signet (AC) Limited.

#### 17. **LEASING AGREEMENTS**

Minimum lease payments fall due as follows:

#### Group

	Hire purch	Hire purchase contracts	
	2023	2022	
	£	£	
Net obligations repayable:			
Within one year	352,222	116,373	
Between one and five years	678,495	191,123	
	1,030,717	307,496	

Liabilities under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are secured on the assets to which they relate.

## Group

Group				
	Non-cancellable op	Non-cancellable operating leases		
	2023	2022		
	£	£		
Within one year	177,148	133,701		
Between one and five years	309,259	322,603		
In more than five years	232	787		
•	486,639	457,091		

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# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 April 2023

## 18. **SECURED DEBTS**

The following secured debts are included within creditors:

				Gr	oup	
				2023	2022	
ſ	Bank loans			£ 804,728	£ 644,739	
	Hire purchase co	ontracts		1,030,717	307,496	
	•			1,835,445	952,235	
19. <b>F</b>	PROVISIONS FO	OR LIABILITIES				
				Group		
				2023	2022	
	5.6			£	£	
L	Deferred tax			<u>272,670</u>	327,629	
(	Group					
					Deferred	
					tax £	
F	Balance at 1 Mag	y 2022			327,629	
	Utilised during ye				(158,421)	
	Effect of taxation Balance at 30 Ap				103,462 272,670	
	Dalarice at 50 Ap	prii 2020				
٦	The deferred tax	balance originates from cap	ital allowances in excess of depreciation.			
20.	ACCRUALS AN	D DEFERRED INCOME				
				Gr	oup	
				2023	2022	
r	Deferred govern	ment grants		£ 187,792	£ 453,643	
	Bololiou govolii	mont granto		101,102		
21. (	CALLED UP SH	IARE CAPITAL				
ļ	Allotted, issued a	and fully paid:				
1	Number:	Class:	Nominal	2023	2022	
	1,000	Ordinary	value: £1	£ 1,000	£ 1,000	
	.,		<del>-</del> -			
22. <b>F</b>	RESERVES					
(	Group					
			Retained	Merger		
			earnings £	reserve £	Totals £	
			£	T.	L	
	At 1 May 2022		15,709,993	2,635,364	18,345,357	
			2,171,114		0.474.444	
F	Profit for the yea At 30 April 2023		17,881,107	2,635,364	2,171,114 20,516,471	

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# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 April 2023

#### 22. RESERVES - continued

#### Company

Retained earnings £

At 1 May 2022 Profit for the year At 30 April 2023

38,372

#### 23. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Deferred income of £187,792 (2022 - £453,643) is in respect of government grants. The terms of the grant offer provides for the repayment of part or all of the said grants if the terms of the offer letters are not complied with.

#### 24. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Solid State Security Limited is a company in which Andrew Foster is a director and has a 100% shareholding.

Computionics Limited is a subsidiary of Computionics Group Limited.

Signet (AC) Limited is a subsidiary of Computionics Limited.

During the year there were the following transactions between Computionics Limited and Solid State Security Limited:

Description			2023	2022
	£	£		
Sales			755,465	827,512
Purchases			181,276	35,263

The net sum of £24,125 (2022 - £346,567 debtor) was due to Solid State Security limited at the balance sheet date.

A loan of £225,000 was owed to Signet (AC) Limited from Solid State Security Ltd at 31 May 2022. This amount has been fully repaid during the year end.

A loan was made to Country Barns Limited during the year, the amount outstanding at the year end date was £860,000 (2022: £760,000) included in other debtors.

During the year, Signet AC Limited paid £80,000 (2022 - £70,000) in respect of rent to the trustees of the Computionics Limited Pension Fund.

The company's key management personnel are considered to be the directors. Their compensation during the year is shown in note 5.

#### 25. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The ultimate controlling party throughout the year was Mr A W Foster.

### 26. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

#### **Defined contribution plans**

The amount recognised in profit or loss as an expense in relation to defined contribution plans was £187,769 (2022: £160,965). The amount outstanding at the year end was £34,202 (2022: £23,962)..

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