The Insolvency Act 1986

Liquidator's Statement of Receipts and Payments Pursuant to Section 192 of The Insolvency Act 1986 S.192

To the Registrar of Companies

For	Official	Use

Company Number

5414761

Name of Company

A & J Pipeline Services Limited

I / We Alan H Tomlinson 340 Deansgate Manchester M3 4LY

the liquidator(s) of the company attach a copy of my/our statement of receipts and payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Signed

signea ____

Date _

1914/11

Begbies Traynor (Central) LLP 340 Deansgate Manchester M3 4LY

Ref AJPIPE2/AHT/FT/DLB/CASH

For Official Use

Insolvency Sect

Post Room





A57

21/04/2011 COMPANIES HOUSE

Software Supplied by Turnkey Computer Technology Limited Glasgow

Statement of Receipts and Payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of Company

A & J Pipeline Services Limited

Company Registered Number

5414761

State whether members' or

creditors' voluntary winding up

Creditors

Date of commencement of winding up

12 October 2009

Date to which this statement is

brought down

11 April 2011

Name and Address of Liquidator

Alan H Tomlinson 340 Deansgate Manchester M3 4LY

NOTES

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies

Form and Contents of Statement

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold etc., and the account of disbursements should contain all payments of costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on page 5 of the form. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such, nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively.

Trading Account

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the total of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement

Dividends

- (3) When dividends, instalments of compositions, etc. are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc. actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum, and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor, and the amount of dividend, etc payable to each creditor or contributory
- (4) When unclaimed dividends, etc. are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.
- (5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules

8,285 26

Liquidator's statement of account

under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986 Realisations Date Of whom received Nature of assets realised Amount 8,285 24 **Brought Forward** 0 01 06/12/2010 Bank of Ireland **Bank Interest Gross** 0 01 07/03/2011 Bank of Ireland **Bank Interest Gross**

Carried Forward

Disbursements				
Date	To whom paid	Nature of disbursements	Amount	
		Brought Forward	2,692 11	
02/12/2010 02/12/2010	Begbies Traynor Begbies Traynor	Preparation of S of A Vat Receivable	1,000 00 175 00	
		Carried Forward	3,867 11	

Analysis of balance

Total realisations Total disbursements	•	£ 8,285 26 3,867 11
	Balance £	4,418 15
This balance is made up as follows 1 Cash in hands of liquidator 2 Balance at bank 3 Amount in Insolvency Services Account		0 00 4,418 15 0 00
 4 Amounts invested by liquidator Less The cost of investments realised Balance Accrued Items 	£ 0 00 00	0 00 0 00
Total Balance as shown above		4,418 15

NOTE - Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement

The Liquidator should also state -

(1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up

Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured creditors including the holders of floating charges)

Liabilities - Fixed charge creditors

Floating charge holders

Preferential creditors

Unsecured creditors

Nil

266,432 08

12,000 00

0 00

152,537 00

(2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the commencement of the winding up -

Paid up in cash
Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash
0 00

(3) The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet)

Overdrawn Director's loan accounts to be realised Value appx £140,000

(4) Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded

Negotiations of the above and finalisation of loan accounts

(5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed

12-18 months