COMPANIES HOUSE

AKVINTA LIMITED

REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 28 February 2013

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COMPANIES HOUSE

REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 28 February 2013

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BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND OTHER OFFICERS

Board of Directors:

Anastasia Themistocleous

Dmitry Zheleznyak

Company Secretary:

Lawsons Secretaries Limited

Independent Auditor:

Marios A Cosma

Registered office:

1, Kings Avenue

Winchmore Hill, London

N21 3NA United Kingdom

Registration number:

5377451 (England and Wales)

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board of Directors presents its report and audited financial statements of Akvinta Limited (the "Company") for the year ended 28 February 2013

Principal activity

The principal activity of the Company, which is unchanged from last year, is to act as a holding company for a Croatian subsidiary

Review of current position, future developments, significant risks and uncertainties

The results of this year are not considered satisfactory and the Board of Directors is making an effort to reduce the Company losses. Despite the loss this year the Company development to date and the financial position as reflected in the financial statements are satisfactory.

The Board of Directors does not expect in the foreseeable future, any significant changes or developments in the operations, financial position and performance of the Company, out of the ordinary course of its business

The main risks and uncertainties faced by the Company and the steps taken to manage these risks, are described in note 3 of the financial statements

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Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that year. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently,
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006

In so far as the directors are aware

- there is no relevant audit information (information needed by the company's auditors in connection with preparing their report) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and
- the directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information

There were no significant changes in the assignment of responsibilities and remuneration of the Board of Directors.

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Auditor

Marios A. Cosma is deemed to be reappointed in accordance with an elective resolution made under Section 386(1) of the Companies Act 1985 which continues in force under the Companies Act 2006

On behalf of the Board of Directors,

Anastasia Themistocleous

Director

Nicosia, 27 September 2013



Member of Eura Audit International

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Auditor's report

To the Members of Akvinta Limited

Report on the financial statements

We have audited the financial statements of parent company Akvinta Limited (the "Company") on pages 6 to 14 which comprise the statement of financial position as at 28 February 2013, and the statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Board of Directors' responsibility for the financial statements

The Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006, and for such internal control as the Board of Directors determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the Board of Directors as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the parent company Akvinta Limited as at 28 February 2013, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006



Auditor's report (continued)

To the Members of Akvinta Limited

Emphasis of matter

We draw attention to note 2 to the financial statements which indicates that the Company incurred a loss of EURO7.730 during the year ended 28 February 2013, and, as at that date its current liabilities exceeded its current assets by EURO11.855. These conditions, along with other matters as set forth in note 2 indicate the existence of a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not qualified in respect of this matter.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Marios A Cosma

Membership Certificate Number 8712578

Certified Public Accountant and Registered Auditor

Nicosia, Cyprus 27 September 2013

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

Year ended 28 February 2013

Note	2013 EURO	2012 EURO
	(4.784)	(4 806)
5	•	(5 317)
	(7.893)	(10 123)
6	<u> </u>	
_	(7.730)	(10 123)
7	<u> </u>	
	(7.730)	(10.123)
	(7.720)	(10 123)
	5 <u> </u>	Note EURO (4.784) 5 (3.109) (7.893) 6 163 (7.730) 7

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 28 February 2013

ASSETS	Note		2012 URO
Non-current assets Investment in subsidiary Total assets	8		621 621
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Equity and reserves Share capital Accumulated losses Total equity	9	1 (102.837) (95 1 (102.836) (95.1	_
Non-current liabilities Borrowings	10	104.602 99	<u>819</u>
Current liabilities Other payables Total liabilities Total equity and liabilities	11	116.457 108	908 727 621

On 27 September 2013, the Board of Directors of Akvinta Limited authorised these financial statements for issue

Anastasia Themistocleous Director

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY Year ended 28 February 2013

	Share capital EURO	Accumulated losses EURO	Total EURO
At 1 March 2011	1	(84.984)	(84.983)
Total comprehensive expenses for the year At 28 February 2012 / At 1 March 2012 Total comprehensive expenses for the year	<u> </u>	(10.123) (95.107)	(10 123) (95.106)
At 28 February 2013	1	(7 730) (102.837)	(7.730) (102.836)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Year ended 28 February 2013

	Note	2013 EURO	2012 EURO
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Loss before tax		(7.730)	(10 123)
Adjustment for		(7.750)	(10 123)
Interest expense	6	4.784	_ 4 806
Cash flows used in operations before working capital changes		(2.946)	(5 317)
Changes in working capital:			
Other payables		2.946	<u>5 171</u>
Cash flows used in operations		-	(146)
Changes in borrowings		<u> </u>	146
Net cash flows used in operating activities			
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		-	-
Cash and cash equivalents			
At beginning of the year		<u> </u>	
At end of the year	_		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 28 February 2013

1. Incorporation and principal activities

Country of incorporation

The Company Akvinta Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in United Kingdom on 28 February 2005 as a private limited liability Company under the Companies Act 2006. Its registered office is at 1, Kings Avenue, Winchmore Hill, London, N21 3NA, United Kingdom

Principal activity

The principal activity of the Company, which is unchanged from last year, is to act as a holding company for a Croatian subsidiary

2. Accounting policies

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented in these financial statements unless otherwise stated.

Going concern basis

The Company incurred a loss of EURO7 730 for the year ended 28 February 2013, and, as at that date its current liabilities exceeded its current assets by EURO11.855. These conditions, indicate the existence of a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as adopted by the European Union (EU) and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

The European Union has concluded that since its 4th Directive requires parent companies to prepare separate financial statements, and since the Companies Act 2006, requires the preparation of such financial statements in accordance with IFRS as adopted by the European Union, the provisions of International Accounting Standard 27 "Consolidated and separate financial statements" that require the preparation of consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS do not apply.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and requires Management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. It also requires the use of assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on Management's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results may ultimately differ from those estimates.

Adoption of new and revised IFRSs

During the current year the Company adopted all the new and revised International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) that are relevant to its operations and are effective for accounting periods beginning on 1 March 2012. This adoption did not have a material effect on the accounting policies of the Company.

At the date of approval of these financial statements, standards and interpretations were issued by the International Accounting Standards Board which were not yet effective. Some of them were adopted by the European Union and others not yet. The Board of Directors expects that the adoption of these accounting standards in future periods will not have a material effect on the financial statements of the Company.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 28 February 2013

2. Accounting policies (continued)

Subsidiary company

Investment in subsidiary company is stated at cost less provision for impairment in value, which is recognised as an expense in the period in which the impairment is identified

The financial statements of the subsidiary company have been prepared in accordance with the legal requirements of the country the subsidiary is operating.

Finance costs

Interest expense and other borrowing costs are charged to the statement of comprehensive income as incurred

Foreign currency translation

(1) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the Company's financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ('the functional currency') The financial statements are presented in Euro (EURO), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency

(2) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

Tax

The Company is liable to U K corporation tax under the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988

Borrowings

Borrowings are recorded initially at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity

3. Financial risk management

Financial risk factors

The Company is exposed to currency risk arising from the financial instruments it holds. The risk management policy employed by the Company to manage this risk is discussed below.

3.1 Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. Currency risk anses when future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities are denominated in a currency that is not the Company's measurement currency. The Company is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currency exposures primarily with respect to the Great Britain Pound and the Croatian Kuna. The Company's Management monitors the exchange rate fluctuations on a continuous basis and acts accordingly.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 28 February 2013

3. Financial risk management (continued)

Fair value estimation

The fair values of the Company's financial assets and liabilities approximate their carrying amounts at the reporting date

4. Critical accounting estimates and judgments

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances

The Company makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

Impairment of investment in subsidiary

The Company periodically evaluates the recoverability of investment in subsidiary whenever indicators of impairment are present. Indicators of impairment include such items as declines in revenues, earnings or cash flows or material adverse changes in the economic or political stability of a particular country, which may indicate that the carrying amount of an asset is not recoverable. If facts and circumstances indicate that investment in subsidiary may be impaired, the estimated future undiscounted cash flows associated with this subsidiary would be compared to their carrying amounts to determine if a write-down to fair value is necessary.

5. Administration expenses

	2013	2012
	EURO	EURO
Courier expenses	-	52
Auditors' remuneration	1.000	1 000
Accounting fees	225	225
Fines	-	146
Administration fees	<u>1.884</u>	3 894
	3.109	5.317

Non audit fees of EURO225 (2012. EURO225) have been charged by the Company's statutory auditors

6. Finance income

	2013	2012
	EURO	EURO
Exchange profit	163	

7. Tax

No liability to UK corporation tax arose on ordinary activities for the year ended 28 February 2013 nor for the year ended 28 February 2012

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 28 February 2013

8. Investment in subsidiary

At 1 March At 28 February			2013 EURO 13.621 13,621	2012 EURO 13 621 13 621
The details of the subsidiaries are as follows				
<u>Name</u>	Country of incorporation	Principal activities	2013 Holding <u>%</u>	2012 Holding %
Adriatic Investments d o o	Croatia	Development of certain projects in Croatia	100	<u>%</u> 100
9. Share capital				
	2013	2013	2012	2012
	Number of shares	GBP	Number of shares	GBP
Authorised Ordinary shares of GBP1 each	100	100	100	100
		EURO		EURO
Issued and fully paid At 1 March	1	1	1	1
At 28 February		1		1
10. Borrowings				
			2013 EURO	2012 EURO
Non current borrowings Loans from related companies (Note 12)			104.602	99.819
Maturity of non-current borrowings Between two and five years			104.602	99 819
11. Other payables				
Accruals			2013 EURO 1.225	2012 EURO 2 448
Other payables			10.630	<u>6 460</u>
			<u> 11.855</u>	8 908

The fair values of other payables due within one year approximate to their carrying amounts as presented above

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 28 February 2013

12. Related party transactions

The following transactions were carried out with related party.

12.1 Loans from related undertaking (Note 10)

	2013	2012
	EURO	EURO
At 1 March	99.819	94.867
Loans granted	-	146
Loan interest	<u>4.783</u>	4.806
At 28 February	104.602	99 819

The loan from related party is for the amount of US\$100 000, bears interest at the rate of 6% and is repayable on 28 February 2015

13. Contingent liabilities

The Company had no contingent liabilities as at 28 February 2013

14. Commitments

The Company had no capital or other commitments as at 28 February 2013

15. Events after the reporting period

There were no material events after the reporting period, which have a bearing on the understanding of the financial statements

Independent auditor's report on pages 4 and 5

DETAILED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME Year ended 28 February 2013

	Page	2013 EURO	2012 EURO
Interest expense		(4.784)	(4 806)
Operating expenses Administration expenses	16	(3.109)	<u>(5 317)</u>
Operating loss Finance income	17	(7.893) <u>163</u>	(10 123)
Net loss for the year before tax	_	(7.730)	(10 123)

OPERATING EXPENSES Year ended 28 February 2013

	2013 EURO	2012 EURO
Administration expenses		
Couner expenses	-	52
Auditors' remuneration	1.000	1 000
Accounting fees	225	225
Fines	•	146
Administration fees	1.884 _	3 894
	3.109	5 317

FINANCE INCOME Year ended 28 February 2013

2013 2012 **EURO** EURO

<u> 163</u>

Finance income Realised exchange profit

COMPUTATION OF CORPORATION TAX

Year ended 28 February 2013

	EURO
TRADE COMPUTATON Net loss per detailed statement of comprehensive income	(7 730) (7.730)
PROFITS CHARGEABLE TO CORPORATION TAX	
MEMO: There are no associated companies .	
CORPORATION TAX CHARGEABLE	
CORPORATION TAX OUTSTANDING	£NIL
MEMO: Summary of trading losses Trading loss	(7 730)
Utilized (S393A) current year Losses remaining for the year	(7 730)
Average exchange rate EURO to GBP for the period 01/03/2012 - 28/02/2013 is 0 8121	
Trading loss brought forward Loss remaining for current year (EURO7.730 at 0 8121) Losses carried forward	GBP£ (83.541) (6.278) (89.819)

NO CAPITAL ALLOWANCES CLAIMED