Registration number: 5343031

A & B Group Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2020

Periscope Group Limited
Faveo House, 2 Somerville Court
Banbury Business Park
Adderbury
Oxfordshire
OX17 3SN

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Company Information

Director Mr Barry Taylor

Registered office Faveo House, 2 Somerville Court

Banbury Business Park

Adderbury Banbury Oxfordshire OX17 3SN

Accountants Periscope Group Limited

Faveo House, 2 Somerville Court

Banbury Business Park

Adderbury Oxfordshire OX17 3SN

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(Registration number: 5343031)
Balance Sheet as at 30 April 2020

	Note	2020 £	2019 £
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	<u>4</u>	102,000	122,000
Tangible assets	4 5 6	145,021	82,168
Investments	<u>6</u>	100	100
		247,121	204,268
Current assets			
Stocks	<u>7</u> 8	6,802	117,391
Debtors	<u>8</u>	796,516	997,051
Cash at bank and in hand		713,299	545,993
		1,516,617	1,660,435
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	9	(297,673)	(570,332)
Net current assets		1,218,944	1,090,103
Total assets less current liabilities		1,466,065	1,294,371
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	9	(78,076)	(49,682)
Net assets		1,387,989	1,244,689
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		1,000	1,000
Profit and loss account		1,386,989	1,243,689
Total equity	_	1,387,989	1,244,689

For the financial year ending 30 April 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

The notes on pages $\frac{4}{2}$ to $\frac{11}{2}$ form an integral part of these financial statements.

(Registration number: 5343031) Balance Sheet as at 30 April 2020

Approved and authorise	d by the director on 12 January 2021
Mr Barry Taylor	
Director	
	The notes on pages $\frac{4}{2}$ to $\frac{11}{2}$ form an integral part of these financial statements Page 3

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2020

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in United Kingdom.

The address of its registered office is: Faveo House, 2 Somerville Court Banbury Business Park Adderbury Banbury Oxfordshire OX17 3SN

The principal place of business is: Unit 2 Thundridge Business Park Thundridge Ware Hertfordshire SG12 0SS

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the director on 12 January 2021.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts. The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2020

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Plant and machinery Motor vehicles Office equipment Depreciation method and rate

Reducing balance 10% Reducing balance 25% Reducing balance 25%

Business combinations

Business combinations are accounted for using the purchase method. The consideration for each acquisition is measured at the aggregate of the fair values at acquisition date of assets given, liabilities incurred or assumed, and equity instruments issued by the group in exchange for control of the acquired, plus any costs directly attributable to the business combination. When a business combination agreement provides for an adjustment to the cost of the combination contingent on future events, the group includes the estimated amount of that adjustment in the cost of the combination at the acquisition date if the adjustment is probable and can be measured reliably.

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of an entity represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the company's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the entity recognised at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is held in the currency of the acquired entity and revalued to the closing rate at each reporting period date. Goodwill is amortised over its useful life, which shall not exceed ten years if a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made.

Amortisation

Amortisation is provided on intangible assets so as to write off the cost, less any estimated residual value, over their useful life as follows:

Asset class
Goodwill
Amortisation method and rate
Straight line 10%

Investments

Investments in equity shares which are publicly traded or where the fair value can be measured reliably are initially measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. Investments in equity shares which are not publicly traded and where fair value cannot be measured reliably are measured at cost less impairment.

Interest income on debt securities, where applicable, is recognised in income using the effective interest method. Dividends on equity securities are recognised in income when receivable.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2020

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing. Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Leases

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease. Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised at the lower of their fair value at inception of the lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments. These assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the Balance Sheet as a finance lease obligation. Lease payments are apportioned between finance costs in the Profit and Loss Account and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2020

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the year, was 10 (2019 - 11).

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Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2020

4 Intangible assets

	Goodwill £	Total £
Cost or valuation		
At 1 May 2019	200,000	200,000
At 30 April 2020	200,000	200,000
Amortisation		
At 1 May 2019	78,000	78,000
Amortisation charge	20,000	20,000
At 30 April 2020	98,000	98,000
Carrying amount		
At 30 April 2020	102,000	102,000
At 30 April 2019	122,000	122,000

5 Tangible assets

	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Motor vehicles £	Other property, plant and equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation				
At 1 May 2019	10,026	120,974	8,070	139,070
Additions	-	124,972	-	124,972
Disposals	<u> </u>	(80,730)	<u> </u>	(80,730)
At 30 April 2020	10,026	165,216	8,070	183,312
Depreciation				
At 1 May 2019	4,869	49,080	2,953	56,902
Charge for the year	1,289	14,205	512	16,006
Eliminated on disposal		(34,617)	-	(34,617)
At 30 April 2020	6,158	28,668	3,465	38,291
Carrying amount				
At 30 April 2020	3,868	136,548	4,605	145,021
At 30 April 2019	5,157	71,894	5,117	82,168

6 Investments

	2020 £	2019 £
Investments in subsidiaries	100	100

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2020

Cost or valuation At 1 May 2019 100 Provision Type of the property of the page of	Subsidiaries		£
Carrying amount At 30 April 2020 100 At 30 April 2019 100 7 Stocks 2020 £ £ Work in progress 3,677 113,641 Other inventories 3,125 3,750 6,802 117,391 8 Debtors 2020 £ £ Trade debtors 699,474 946,600 Prepayments 699,474 946,600 Prepayments 12,216 13,954 Other debtors 84,826 36,497		_	100
At 30 April 2020 100 At 30 April 2019 100 7 Stocks 2020 £ 019 £ £ Work in progress 3,677 113,641 Other inventories 3,125 3,750 6,802 117,391 8 Debtors 2020 £ £ Trade debtors 699,474 946,600 Prepayments 699,474 946,600 Other debtors 84,826 33,497	Provision		
At 30 April 2019 100 7 Stocks 2020 £ 2019 £ Work in progress 3,677 113,641 113,641 Other inventories 3,125 3,750 6,802 117,391 8 Debtors 2020 £ 2019 £ F £ Trade debtors 699,474 946,600 Prepayments 12,216 13,954 Other debtors 84,826 36,497	Carrying amount		
7 Stocks 2020 £ 2019 £ Work in progress 3,677 113,641 Other inventories 3,125 3,750 6,802 117,391 8 Debtors 2020 2019 £ Trade debtors 699,474 946,600 Prepayments 12,216 13,954 Other debtors 84,826 36,497	At 30 April 2020		100
Work in progress 3,677 113,641 Other inventories 3,125 3,750 8 Debtors 2020 2019 £ £ £ Trade debtors 699,474 946,600 Prepayments 12,216 13,954 Other debtors 84,826 36,497	At 30 April 2019		100
Work in progress 3,677 113,641 Other inventories 3,125 3,750 8 Debtors 2020 2019 £ £ £ Trade debtors 699,474 946,600 Prepayments 12,216 13,954 Other debtors 84,826 36,497			
Work in progress 3,677 113,641 Other inventories 3,125 3,750 6,802 117,391 8 Debtors 2020 £ 2019 £ Trade debtors 699,474 946,600 Prepayments 12,216 13,954 Other debtors 84,826 36,497	7 Stocks		
Work in progress 3,677 113,641 Other inventories 3,125 3,750 6,802 117,391 2020 2019 £ £ £ Trade debtors 699,474 946,600 Prepayments 12,216 13,954 Other debtors 84,826 36,497			
B Debtors 2020 £ 2019 £ Trade debtors 699,474 946,600 Prepayments 12,216 13,954 Other debtors 84,826 36,497	Work in progress		113,641
2020 £ 2019 £ £ £ Trade debtors 699,474 946,600 Prepayments 12,216 13,954 Other debtors 84,826 36,497	Other inventories	3,125	3,750
Z020 £ 2019 £ £ £ Trade debtors 699,474 946,600 Prepayments 12,216 13,954 Other debtors 84,826 36,497		6,802	117,391
Z020 £ 2019 £ £ £ Trade debtors 699,474 946,600 Prepayments 12,216 13,954 Other debtors 84,826 36,497	8 Debtors		
Trade debtors 699,474 946,600 Prepayments 12,216 13,954 Other debtors 84,826 36,497		2020	2019
Prepayments 12,216 13,954 Other debtors 84,826 36,497		£	£
Other debtors 84,826 36,497	Trade debtors	699,474	946,600
	Prepayments	12,216	13,954
796 516 997 051	Other debtors	84,826	36,497
		796,516	997,051

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2020

9 Creditors

Creditors: amounts falling due within one	year			
		Note	2020 £	2019 £
Due within one year				
Bank loans and overdrafts		<u>11</u>	36,848	13,616
Trade creditors		_	51,820	183,783
Taxation and social security			-	29,603
Accruals and deferred income			113,038	113,598
Other creditors			95,967	229,732
			297,673	570,332
Creditors: amounts falling due after more	than one year			
•		Note	2020 £	2019 £
Due after one year				
Loans and borrowings		<u>11</u>	78,076	49,682
10 Share capital				
Allotted, called up and fully paid shares				
	2020		2019	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary Shares of £1 each	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
11 Loans and borrowings				
			2020 £	2019 £
Non-current loans and borrowings			~	~
Finance lease liabilities		_	78,076	49,682
	Daga 40			

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2020

	2020 £	2019 £
Current loans and borrowings	-	_
Finance lease liabilities	36,848	13,616
12 Dividends		
	2020	2019
	£	£
Interim dividend of £170.00 (2019 - £100.00) per ordinary share	170,000	100,000
13 Related party transactions		
15 Related party transactions		
Directors' remuneration		
The director's remuneration for the year was as follows:		
	2020	2019
	£	£
Remuneration	8,160	8,160
Contributions paid to money purchase schemes	55,000	
	63,160	8,160
Dividends paid to directors		
	2020	2019
	£	£
Mr Barry Taylor	470.000	100.000
Dividends	170,000	100,000

Summary of transactions with other related parties

Intercompany transactions

BDT Holdings Limited, a company of which Mr B Taylor is also a director, owed the company £7,994 (2019 £3700) at the year end by way of an intercompany loan.

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