Company Registration No. 05321124 (England and Wales)
KINGS WORTHY GARDEN MACHINERY LIMITED
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2018
PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR

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BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 JANUARY 2018

		201	8	2017	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	3		49,700		56,800
Tangible assets	4		33,449		45,047
Current assets					
Stocks		230,623		240,661	
Debtors	5	85,082		81,635	
Cash at bank and in hand		181,943		214,962	
		497,648		537,258	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(244,716)		(170,978)	
Net current assets			252,932		366,280
Total assets less current liabilities			336,081		468,127
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	7		-		(130,000)
Provisions for liabilities			(6,355)		(9,009)
Net assets			329,726		329,118
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	8		100		100
Profit and loss reserves			329,626		329,018
Total equity			329,726		329,118

The director of the company has elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 January 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 31 JANUARY 2018

The financial statements were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 10 May 2018

Mr R P Sharp **Director**

Company Registration No. 05321124

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2018

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Kings Worthy Garden Machinery Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Kings Worthy Garden Machinery Ltd, Winnall Manor Road, Winchester, Hampshire, SO23 0LF.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \pounds .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer (usually on dispatch of the goods), the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

1.3 Intangible fixed assets - goodwill

Acquired goodwill is written off in equal annual instalments over its estimated useful economic life of 20 years.

1.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Plant and machinery 10%-15% Straight line
Fixtures, fittings & equipment 10%-33% Straight line
Motor vehicles 25% Reducing balance

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.5 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2018

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

At each reporting date, an assessment is made for impairment. Any excess of the carrying amount of stocks over its estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell is recognised as an impairment loss in profit or loss. Reversals of impairment losses are also recognised in profit or loss.

1.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.7 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's statement of financial position when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

1.8 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.9 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2018

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

1.10 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

1.11 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

1.12 Leases

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to income on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the lease asset are consumed.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 7 (2017 - 8).

3 Intangible fixed assets

	Goodwill
Cost	£
At 1 February 2017 and 31 January 2018	142,000
Amortisation and impairment	
At 1 February 2017	85,200
Amortisation charged for the year	7,100
At 31 January 2018	92,300
At 31 January 2016	
Carrying amount	
At 31 January 2018	49,700
At 31 January 2017	56,800

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2018

4	Tangible fixed assets	Plant and ma	
	Cost		£
	At 1 February 2017 and 31 January 2018		153,295
	Depreciation and impairment		
	At 1 February 2017		108,248
	Depreciation charged in the year		11,598
	At 31 January 2018		119,846
	Carrying amount		
	At 31 January 2018		33,449
	At 31 January 2017		45,047
5	Debtors		
		2018	2017
	Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
	Trade debtors	74,868	71,111
	Other debtors	10,214	10,524
		85,082	81,635
6	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	,	2018	2017
		£	£
	Trade creditors	109,504	123,814
	Amounts due to group undertakings	90,000	-
	Corporation tax	25,280	34,821
	Other taxation and social security	9,572	5,207
	Other creditors	10,360	7,136
		244,716	170,978
7	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		
•	The state of the s	2018	2017
		£	£
	Other creditors	-	130,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2018

8 Called up share capital

2018 2017

100

Ordinary share capital Issued and fully paid

100 Ordinary shares of £1 each

100

9 Operating lease commitments

Lessee

At the reporting end date the company had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases, as follows:

2018 2017 £ £ 148,750 11,750

10 Related party transactions

Sharp Holdings Winchester Limited

At the year end the company owed £90,000 (2017: £130,000) to Sharp Holdings Winchester Limited. No interest is charged.

Mr R P Sharp

At the year end the company owed £3,076 (2017: was owed £826) to Mr R P Sharp. No interest is charged.

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