Residential & Domestic Firesprinkler Company Limited

Report and Accounts

31 October 2019

Residential & Domestic Firesprinkler Company Limited							
Registered number:	05251052						
Directors' Report							
The directors present their re	eport and accounts for the year ended	d 31					
Principal activities							

The company's principal activity during the year continued to be Residential and domestic firesprinkler supply and installation

October 2019.

Directors

The following persons served as directors during the year:

Paul Hummerston

Small company provisions

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions in Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

This report was approved by the board on 15 July 2020 and signed on its behalf.

Paul Hummerston

Director

Residential & Domestic Firesprinkler Company Limited

Registered number: 05251052

Balance Sheet

as at 31 October 2019

	Notes		2019		2018
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		42,355		54,582
		_	42,355	_	54,582
Current assets					
Stocks		14,936		9,936	
Debtors	4	337,928		389,632	
Cash at bank and in hand		90,377		33,341	
		443,241		432,909	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year	5	(181,705)		(204,681)	
Net current assets			261,536		228,228
Total assets less current liabilities		-	303,891	-	282,810
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	6		-		(7,145)
Provisions for liabilities			(8,047)		(10,729)
Net assets		-	295,844	- -	264,936
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			3		3
Profit and loss account			295,841		264,933
Shareholders' funds		- -	295,844	- -	264,936

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Paul Hummerston
Director
Approved by the board on 15 July 2020

Residential & Domestic Firesprinkler Company Limited Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 31 October 2019

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative amortisation and any accumulative impairment losses.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and machinery

25% reducing balance

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used.

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recognised at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. At the end of each reporting period foreign currency monetary items are translated at the closing rate of exchange. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost are translated at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are charged to profit or loss.

Leased assets

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. All other leases are classified as operating leases. The rights of use and obligations under finance leases are initially recognised as assets and liabilities at amounts equal to the fair value of the leased assets or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction in the outstanding liability using the effective interest rate method. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Leased assets are depreciated in accordance with the company's policy for tangible fixed assets. If there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained at the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the lower of the lease term and its useful life. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Pensions

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2 Employees 2019 2018

Number Number

12

3 Tangible fixed assets

		Plant and machinery		
		etc		Total
		£		£
	Cost			
	At 1 November 2018	155,457		155,457
	Additions	1,892		1,892
	At 31 October 2019	157,349		157,349
	Depreciation			
	At 1 November 2018	100,875		100,875
	Charge for the year	14,119		14,119
	At 31 October 2019	114,994		114,994
	Net book value			
	At 31 October 2019	42,355		42,355
	At 31 October 2018	54,582		54,582
4	Debtors		2019	2018
			£	£
	Trade debtors		328,978	356,999
	Other debtors		8,950	32,633
			337,928	389,632
=	Craditora amazata fallina dua within ana yan	_	2019	2018
5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		2019 £	£
	Trade creditors		125,751	119,932
	Corporation tax		17,230	30,891
	Other taxes and social security costs		(5,929)	9,229
	Other creditors		44,653	44,629
			181,705	204,681
6	Creditors: amounts falling due after one year		2019	2018
			£	£
	Other creditors			7,145
				7,145

The company is under the control of the director, Paul Hummerston, by virtue of his ownership of 67% of the share capital.

8 Other information

Residential & Domestic Firesprinkler Company Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

58a St Johns Road Tunbridge Wells Kent TN4 9NY

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