#### **HC-One No.2 Limited**

Previously known as HC-One Beamish Limited

Strategic Report, Directors' Report and

Audited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30th September 2021

30/06/2022 COMPANIES HOUSE

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**DIRECTORS:** 

Mr J A Ransford Mr D A Smith Mr J W Tugendhat

REGISTERED OFFICE:

Southgate House Archer Street Darlington County Durham DL3 6AH

**REGISTERED NUMBER:** 

05217764 (England and Wales)

**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS:** 

KPMG LLP Quayside House 110 Quayside Newcastle-upon-Tyne

NEI 3DX

**BANKERS**:

The Royal Bank of Scotland plc

250 Bishopsgate

London EC2M 4AA

Strategic Report for the Year Ended 30th September 2021

The directors present their strategic report for the year ended 30th September 2021.

#### BUSINESS REVIEW

The principal activity of HC-One No.2 Limited (formerly HC-One Beamish Limited) ("the Company") during the year was the provision of nursing and residential care services, caring for over 1,100 residents across 20 homes in the LIK

The company is a subsidiary of HC-One Holdco 3 Limited (formerly FC Skyfall Holdco 3 Limited) (the "Group").

#### RESULTS

The Company prepares its annual financial statements to 30 September each year.

The Company's profit for the year ended 30 September 2021 amounted to £5,830,000 (2020: £8,785,000).

The Company's gross profit for the year ended 30 September 2021 amounted to £6,102,000 (2020: £9,233,000) and included £1,068,000 (2020: £898,000) of depreciation.

As at 30 September 2021 the Company had net assets of £29,919,000 (2020: £24,089,000).

#### **KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS**

The principal Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) used by the Company to measure its own performance are shown below:

	At 30 September 2021	At 30 September 2020
Average Occupancy	83.1%	91.4%
Average weekly fee rate	£758	£743

The Company has seen a fall in occupancy since September 2020, primarily due to the challenges posed by the global pandemic of COVID-19 - which is further discussed in a separate section of this Strategic Report.

#### **COVID-19 IMPACT**

#### Occupancy

During the financial year, occupancy dropped, mainly due to the "second peak" in January to March 2021. However, the fall in occupancy rates was attributable to homes being in outbreak and therefore restricting admissions, rather than increased deaths. Deaths were no higher than any usual year. Occupancy is now in its recovery phase.

#### Government grants and support

During the financial year, the Group received additional income through government grants, including the Infection Control Fund, Rapid Testing Fund and Coronavirus Job Retention Scheme. The Group was also able to apply, in Scotland, for support in order to cover increased costs, as well as occupancy guarantees.

Funds distributed by local authorities to the Group, in relation to the Infection Control Fund and Rapid Testing Fund, were predominantly allocated to payroll costs; ensuring colleagues who isolated in line with government guidance received their normal wages while doing so, limiting or cohorting colleagues to serve individual groups of residents or floors/wings, limiting colleague movement between settings and time taken testing residents, colleagues and visitors in line with appropriate guidelines.

The Group also benefitted from the Government's provision of personal protective equipment ("PPE") into our English care homes for the full financial year (and will continue until March 2022).

Strategic Report for the Year Ended 30th September 2021

#### COVID-19 IMPACT (Continued)

#### **Cost impact**

Throughout the pandemic, the priority of the Group has been to protect our residents and colleagues. This has been achieved through comprehensive infection control and safety measures, including investment in safety equipment, colleague training and support. In the financial year, the Group invested heavily to protect and support residents and colleagues, resulting in higher costs, particularly payroll costs. The Group also invested heavily in personal protective equipment ("PPE") costs in Scotland and Wales, where PPE was not provided through the Government portal as in England.

#### **Vaccinations**

During the financial year, COVID-19 vaccinations have been offered and administered to our residents and colleagues. This had a dramatic effect on the number of cases in our resident and colleague population and therefore resulted in a significant fall in the number of our homes in outbreak (and therefore unable to accept admissions). The third booster vaccination was made available to our residents and colleagues, six months after each individual's second dose.

In addition, the COVID-19 vaccination was mandated for all workers within HC-One during the financial year, which resulted in minimal impact to the business in terms of colleagues departing.

#### Visiting

Since March 2021, residents were gradually able to reunite with their loved ones. All our homes currently allow unlimited named visitors where homes are not in outbreak and indoor visits are only permitted following a negative lateral flow test. All residents are encouraged to have an essential visitor who can continue to visit during periods of isolation and outbreak. Outdoor and window visits continue to be available to other family members. All our homes continue to make sure all families are connected and every resident has a plan that includes involvement from family members.

#### Colleagues

Throughout the pandemic, the Group has supported its colleagues who have needed to self-isolate by topping up Statutory Sick Pay to average gross pay for those colleagues who have tested positive for COVID-19 or displayed symptoms and were awaiting a test. Our colleagues have worked tirelessly throughout the pandemic, to provide outstanding kind care to our residents. We thank each and every one of our colleagues for their continued hard work, dedication and professionalism throughout what has been the single worst health crisis in over a century.

#### Current trading and outlook

In the period between year-end and signing of the accounts, there have been some notable developments in ways in which the COVID-19 pandemic continues to impact the Group;

- -Government Funding Since the financial year end, the Government announced further funding into the adult social care sector specifically the continuation of the Infection Control Fund and Rapid Testing Funds and the introduction of the Workforce Recruitment and Retention Fund (both applicable from October 2021 to March 2022).
- Occupancy Occupancy is currently on an increasing trend, as the recovery from the pandemic continues and homes in outbreak remain at low levels.

The Board, our lenders and our shareholders remain focused, committed and optimistic about the future of the Group. We are all united in our unwavering commitment to be The Kind Care Company, supporting those in our care to lead their best life. The recent refinancing has given the Group a certainty of liquidity, as well as capital available for investment. With the Group's disciplined approach to capital allocation, as well as a committed and experienced management team and strong kind care culture throughout the Group, the Group is poised well for the future.

Strategic Report for the Year Ended 30th September 2021

### PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies

#### **Financial Risks**

The Company's activities expose it to a number of financial risks including credit risk and liquidity risk.

#### Credit Risk

The Company's principal financial assets are bank balances and cash, trade and other receivables. The Company's credit risk is primarily attributable to its trade receivables. The amounts presented in the balance sheet are net of allowances for doubtful receivables, estimated by the Company's management based on prior experience and their assessment of the current economic climate. The credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

#### Liquidity Risk

The Company has continued to maintain liquidity and sufficient working capital for its ongoing operations and future developments. The directors have also received written confirmation from its group undertakings that debts due on demand will not be recalled in the event this would prevent the company from continuing as a going concern.

#### **Operational Risks**

The Company's activities are exposed to a number of operational risks, which are listed below:

#### Reputational Risk

Any serious incident relating to the provision of care services could result in negative publicity and increased scrutiny from regulators, residents and families.

In order to mitigate this risk, the Group delivers employee training via a multi award winning mandatory and specialist Learning and Development programme, has independent quality inspectors, carries out a Disclosure and Barring Service check on all care staff and monitors compliance with an industry best electronic system.

#### **Regulatory Risk**

The Group's operations are subject to an increasingly high level of regulation and scrutiny by various regulators across the UK. Inspections are largely unannounced and often involve several inspectors per home visit. The failure to meet the national regulations could lead to a service being placed under special measures, being subjected to enforcement notices or possibly forced to close.

To mitigate this risk, the Group has a team of internal inspectors who operate using an intelligence-based internal inspection framework to continually monitor compliance to internal quality measures and external regulations. The internal inspections are shared with home managers and their line managers and progress against subsequent required actions is reviewed by both line management and our inspectors. Quality measures, including Key Clinical Indicators, are monitored on a weekly basis, with management interventions where appropriate. The Group also monitors complaints, incidents and safeguarding concerns, with a robust framework in place to assess, investigate, resolve and learn.

#### Colleague Capacity and Competency

There is a risk of not recruiting the right leadership and/or not developing the competencies needed in order to manage an organisation of the Group's scale and complexity. There is also a risk to not having the correct resources in place and establishing the level of carer; manager and clinical capacity and competency, for the different levels of care our residents need and/or for which we are commissioned.

Strategic Report for the Year Ended 30th September 2021

#### PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES (Continued)

#### Colleague Capacity and Competency (continued)

Leadership and cultural changes within the business have supported us in securing further talent. Succession planning has been developed for the leadership team and personal development plans are now being established as part of the performance management process. Our overseas nursing programme is a key mitigating tool to bringing in additional nursing skills. We also have a Workforce Plan in place that matches the right people and skills with the levels of care needed in homes. Our Nursing Assistant Programme helps the upskilling of Nursing Assistants, reducing the care burden and workload of the nurses. Monitoring of key clinical indicators gives management the view of acuity and changing care needs, such that changes can be made to the care model as required.

#### **Property Risks**

Property risks include the risk of major fire, legionella outbreak, other loss of buildings and major equipment failure. The impact of a major fire could endanger lives of our residents and colleagues. The effect of loss of buildings and/or major equipment failure may result in significant disruption to care service provided.

External fire risk assessments are completed every two years with an internal review carried out in between. This highlights any fire risk concerns, be that physical aspects of the building or elements of operational control. Full compliance is targeted for all statutory pre-planned maintenance activities and this includes fire alarms and gas certification. An extensive programme of colleague training is in place to ensure colleagues are adequately equipped to deal with fire emergencies but also they are aware of things that may result in fire. Legionella testing and compliance programme is in place in all homes.

A significant and comprehensive pre-planned maintenance schedule exists for all major pieces of equipment. Much of this is legally driven and full compliance is the target. The business has various contingencies in place for a variety of major equipment failure.

#### **Changes to Commissioning**

Changes to national Adult Social Care funding arrangements, legislation or changes to levels of council/National Health Service funding, in relation to how an individual funds their care, could have a material impact on our business model operations and Group profitability.

The Group has quality processes and arrangements, which support us to be first choice provider in the communities we serve, to ensure continued demand, regardless of funding and system changes. The Group continues to lobby through national, regional and local Care Associations and partner with professional bodies. The Group monitors and contributes to Government research, working groups and consultation exercises.

#### Potential future pandemics

The impact of a pandemic, like COVID-19, is demonstrably a major risk for those we care for and for the Group's finances and ability to deliver its long term goals.

We continue to work with the Department for Health and Social Care, enabling us to proactively prepare for such events. The Group also has local NHS partnerships and strong relationships with colleague union representatives. Significant emphasis is placed on cost control and cash flow, due to the financial impact of any home going into outbreak and unable to accept admissions. Furthermore, the Group performs scenario analysis and modelling of forecasts and cash flows for next five financial years.

Strategic Report for the Year Ended 30th September 2021

#### STATEMENT BY THE DIRECTORS IN ACCORDANCE WITH \$172(1) COMPANIES ACT 2006

The board of directors of HC-One Beamish Limited consider, both individually and collectively, that they have acted in the way they consider, in good faith, would be most likely to promote the success of the Group for the benefit of its members as a whole (having regard to the stakeholders and matters set out in \$172 (1)(a-f) of the Act) in the decisions taken during the year ended 30 September 2020.

The following paragraphs summarise how the Directors' fulfil their duties:

#### Our purpose, strategy and consideration of the consequence of decisions for the long term

Our purpose is to be The Kind Care Company, supporting those in our care to lead their best life. In setting our purpose, our mission is being the first choice for Families, our Colleagues and our Commissioners, serving at the heart of each of our communities.

Each year, the Board undertakes an in-depth review of the Group's strategy, including its business plan for the forthcoming 5 years. Once approved by the Board, the plan and strategy form the basis for the financial budgets and investment decisions and also the future strategic direction of the Group.

#### **Engaging with our stakeholders**

The Board recognises its responsibility to act fairly between all stakeholders of the Group and its decisions are based on the best long-term interest of stakeholders, considering the balance of financial and operation risk compared with the potential financial returns.

#### **Residents and Relatives**

Our purpose is to be The Kind Care Company, supporting those in our care to lead their best life. We want to lead the sector in listening to families, learning and handling any complaints. We pride ourselves in the privilege of caring for our residents on a daily basis, 24/7 and we maintain continuous dialogue and relationships with relatives of our residents. Our residents and relatives have the right to expect the highest quality care and service at a price that represents value for money.

#### **Our People**

Our people are critical to delivering the Group's strategy and our mission to be The Kind Care Company, supporting those in our care to lead their best life. Our values and our culture are integral to our business model. We are committed to being the first-choice employer for colleagues, with aim being that colleagues will advocate for us as being the most fulfilling place to work in the sector. For the business to succeed, we need to reward and recognise our colleagues, support our people's performance and develop our talent, always looking to build long-term careers in the sector. The Chief Executive Officer and the other members of the senior management team interact regularly with colleagues across the Group, at every level. Management have implemented colleague policies and procedures, which are appropriate for the size of the Group, including formal and informal meetings, weekly newsletters, and staff forums where colleague representatives engage with senior management and the Chief Executive Officer. We are always intent on ensuring an inclusive workplace, where colleagues can bring their full and best selves to work.

#### **Investors**

The Board is committed to openly engaging with its shareholders, as it recognises the importance of a continuing and effective dialogue. The Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and other members of the Executive team engage with the investors on a monthly basis at Board meetings, so as to provide regular guidance and transparent information, in order for investors to have a good understanding of the business and visibility of their return on investment. It is important to the Board that shareholders understand and help to shape the Group's strategy and objectives. Monthly Board meetings provide for effective governance of the Group and the opportunity for management to be challenged, questioned, and encouraged, to ensure the effective execution of the Group's strategy, allocation of capital and resource, and return on investment.

#### Lenders and landlords

Access to cash and debt is essential to for the Group to be able to execute its strategy. The Board is committed to having a positive, transparent and engaging relationship with its lenders and landlords on an ongoing basis. The Board provides monthly, quarterly and annual updates to its lenders, aligned to relevant facility documents, as well as being engaged in open dialogue and regular progress updates.

Strategic Report for the Year Ended 30th September 2021

#### STATEMENT BY THE DIRECTORS IN ACCORDANCE WITH \$172(1) COMPANIES ACT 2006 (CONTINUED)

#### Commissioners

Our commissioners are imperative to the Group and its ability to execute its strategy. The Group strives to be the first choice for our commissioners and to be sought out as a partner of choice. The Group is committed to developing and maintaining strong relationships with our commissioners, through regular meetings, discussions and negotiations. The Group endeavours to be a trustworthy partner and key component of the local health and social care landscape.

#### **Our Suppliers**

Our suppliers and business partners are essential in delivering high-quality services to our residents. To do this, we need to develop and maintain strong relationships and provide regular communication through feedback and performance reviews. We value all our suppliers and have multi-year contracts with key suppliers. We understand the requirement for our suppliers to feel assured of the creditworthiness of their customers and we work closely with each of them to deliver a mutual desired outcome in terms of payment practices.

#### **Our Regulators**

The Group operates in a highly regulated environment and it is vital that the quality of care provided to our residents is tailored to each and every resident's needs. Our regulators inspect each of our homes and report as to whether they are deemed to be compliant. Any weaknesses in compliance are taken extremely seriously by the Board and the individual care home. The operations and quality teams work together with each regulator to ensure rapid corrective action. The Group also has its own internal inspection regime, which is continually assessing our homes to the same high standards as external regulators. Our regulators need to feel assured that high quality care is being provided in every care home and that regulations and procedures are being complied with, in order to mitigate any risks to our residents.

#### **Community and Environment**

The Group's mission is to be the first choice for Families, our Colleagues and our Commissioners, serving at the heart of each of our communities. The Board endeavours to ensure that the business acts ethically and in an environmentally conscious manner. The Group strives to meet the care needs of our communities and ensure that each and every one of our homes provide a safe, homely, friendly and fun place to be, along with ensuring a positive impact to the community in which they sit. Each of our care homes hold open days, family days and engage with various local Groups, for example, schools and churches, when it is safe to do so. This helps the communities not only to engage with the residents in our care but also to give a sense of purpose, fun and coming together, though it is important to note that such activities have been restricted during the pandemic.

Strategic Report for the Year Ended 30th September 2021

#### **CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY**

The Group maintained its responsibility and sustainability approach towards residents, employees, the environment and the community. The Group is committed to the long-term sustainability of the business operations, through the delivery of policy and programme.

#### Quality and Health and safety

The Group is committed to delivering a healthy and safe workforce and minimising impact to the environment. This includes formal training programmes and risk assessments. The Quality Governance Group provides leadership and direction to the Group and covers the three vital components needed to support the provision of kindest care: Safety, Quality and Compliance with statutory duties and regulatory standards. The Quality Governance Group meets quarterly to review health and safety, safeguarding and clinical quality issues and risks across the business.

#### **Residents and Employees**

The Group is committed to challenging discrimination and harassment and promoting equality for all. The Group is also committed to ensuring that the environment for the workforce and residents is free from harassment and bullying and every individual involved is treated with respect and dignity.

#### **Human rights**

The Group believes in individual human rights. The Group is committed to supporting human rights through the compliance with law and regulations in all aspects of policies and business operations.

#### Environment

The Group recognises the importance of good environment practice:

- The Group has maintained its effort to purchase goods and services with the least environmental impact. The Group continues to improve waste conversion and recycling collections.
- Refurbishment works undertaken by the Group where possible, have considered the use of low energy lighting, use of new hot water and heating systems at higher efficiency and other energy savings scheme.

The Group is committed to improving further the environment in which it operates through objectives and targets setting.

#### Community

Community integration is a central part of the Group's care home operation. The Group achieve positive community integration through developing strong links with local groups, churches, sheltered housing and assisted living developments, schools and charities.

Strategic Report for the Year Ended 30th September 2021

#### STREAMLINED ENERGY AND CARBON REPORTING ("SECR")

The energy used by the Group in the year ended 30th September 2021 is as follows:

Energy Type	Number	Туре	kgCO2e	%
Electricity	5,523,732	kwh's	1,941,694	63.5
Natural Gas	5,955,241	kwh's	1,096,717	35.9
Transport	58,095	Miles	17,057	0.6
Total	11,537,068	= -	3,055,468	100
KgCO2e per registered bed			2,217	

The associated CO2 emissions amounted to 3,055,000 Kilograms. The intensity measure used by the Group is Kilograms of CO2e per registered bed. On this measure, the intensity value for the year ended 30th September 2021 is 2,217kgCO2e per registered bed. The data has been collected and provided by an external energy management company who manage the Group's energy billing, reporting, data and cost validation on a day to day basis.

The Group takes its impact on the global climate seriously, recognising the importance of good environmental practice. Where possible, the Group is committed to adopting energy efficiency measures to help reduce its impact on climate change and also recognises the need to increase the focus on sustainability within a 24 hour 365 day operation. Energy efficiency measures taken during the year include the installation of new highly efficient boilers to replace aged equipment, LED lighting, modern heating controls, optimised controls of lighting and plant rooms.

HC-One is very much aware of the requirement to achieve an EPC rating of B or above for every care home before 2030 and work has now commenced to investigate options to improve some of the more inefficient homes within the portfolio and Air Source Heat Pumps wll be considered within this work.

#### POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

Details of significant events since the balance sheet date are contained in note 23 to the financial statements.

#### **GOING CONCERN**

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which the directors consider to be appropriate for the following reasons:

The Company is a subsidiary of HC-One Holdco 3 Limited (formerly FC Skyfall Holdco 3 Limited) (the "Group"). The directors of HC-One Holdco 3 Limited, the parent undertaking, manage the Group's strategy and risks on a consolidated basis, rather than at an individual entity level. Similarly, the financial and operating performance of the business is assessed at a Group level. For these reasons, the directors do not prepare cash flow forecasts at an individual entity level.

The Directors have reviewed the going concern of the Group and the Company carefully in the preparation of these financial statements. In order to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis, the Directors have considered detailed financial projections for a period through 12 months from the date of signing the financial statements. These projections are based on the Group's detailed forecasts. By their very nature, forecasts and projections are inherently uncertain, however, the prepared forecasts show that the Group will operate well within its committed facilities for that period.

Strategic Report for the Year Ended 30th September 2021

#### **GOING CONCERN (Continued)**

The Directors have prepared detailed cash flow forecasts for the Group for the period to 30 September 2025. Net debt levels, servicing costs and working capital requirements are closely monitored and managed in accordance to the Group's objectives, policies and processes, and these have each been considered as part of these forecasts.

The Group has reviewed its working capital requirements including its current shareholders' funds position and maintains sufficient cash resources to meet its day to day working capital requirements. At 30 September 2021, the Group was financed by £93.0m of cash and £547.5m of term loans. On 27 April 2021, HC-One Finco Limited (formerly FC Skyfall (UK) Financeco Limited), the new subsidiary undertaking of the Company, entered into a new facility agreement for a total loan of £570.0m, which consisted of £540.0m to fully repay the existing debts of HC-One Finco Limited (formerly FC Skyfall (UK) Financeco Limited), group and a further facility of £30.0m is available for draw down to fund working capital and capital expenditure within the next two years. No financial covenants are tested within the first two years and there is no amortisation during the term of the loan.

Sensitivity analysis has been performed to model the impact of more adverse trends compared to those included in the financial projections. These sensitivities seek to model the impact of severe but plausible downside risks to the achievement of the financial projections. The sensitivities applied were a further fall in occupancy due to increased death rates and delay in recovery of admissions due to an increase of homes in outbreak (homes in outbreak are unable to accept admissions). When these downside sensitivities are applied to the financial projections, there are no indications of liquidity concerns, for a period through 12 months from the date of signing the financial statements, noting that the Group have no financial covenants that need to be complied with until the quarter ending 30 June 2023.

The going concern of the Company is dependent upon the overall going concern of the HC-One Holdco 3 Limited Group (formerly FC Skyfall Holdco 3 Limited Group). The Company and its Group undertakings are obligors to a £555.4m term loan facility agreement entered into by HC-One FinCo Limited (formerly FC Skyfall (UK) Financeco Limited), the Company's intermediate parent undertaking. The facility is secured by a fixed and floating charge over the Group's assets and unlimited guarantee from its Group undertakings. HC-One Holdco 3 Limited has indicated that it will make available such funds as are needed by the entity and that it does not intend to seek repayment of amounts due at the balance sheet date for a period of at least 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements. As with any company placing reliance on other Group entities for financial support, the directors acknowledge that there can be no certainty that this support will continue indefinitely although, at the date of approval of these financial statements, they have no reason to believe that it will not do so.

Based on the Group's forecasts and projections and taking into account reasonable possible changes in trading performance as mentioned above, the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the Group and the Company will have adequate resources to meet its liabilities as they fall due for at least 12 months from the date of approval of the financial statements. Thus, they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

APPROVED BY THE BOARD AND SIGNED ON ITS BEHALF::

Mr D A Smith - Director

Date: 10 February 2022

Directors' Report for the Year Ended 30th September 2021

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the Company for the year ended 30th September 2021.

#### **CHANGE OF NAME**

The Company passed a special resolution on 24th August 2021 changing its name from HC-One Beamish Limited to HC-One No.2 Limited.

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the Company in the year under review was that of the operation of care homes for the elderly in the United Kingdom.

Details of the principal risks and uncertainties, including financial risk, are provided within the strategic report and form part of this report by cross-reference.

#### **DIVIDENDS**

The directors note that £Nil dividends were paid during the year and £Nil proposed to the date of signing (2020: £Nil).

#### **FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS**

The Group has established a reputation as a high quality provider of residential and nursing care in the UK. The Group has invested heavily in the portfolio and workforce in order to ensure it offers the best possible environments in which to deliver high quality and kind care. The Group is striving to become the provider of the kindest care in the UK and the first choice care home provider in each community. To do this the Group will continue to develop relationships with local authority and NHS commissioners with the aim of becoming a genuine and a trusted partner within increasingly integrated and area specific health and social care systems.

#### **EVENTS SINCE THE END OF THE YEAR**

Information relating to events since the end of the year is given in the notes to the financial statements.

#### DIRECTORS

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1st October 2020 to the date of this report.

Mr J A Ransford Mr D A Smith Mr J W Tugendhat

Other changes in directors holding office are as follows:

Sir W H W Wells - resigned 27th April 2021

Sir D Behan ceased to be a director after 30th September 2021 but prior to the date of this report.

#### **DIRECTORS' INDEMNITIES**

The Company has made qualifying third party indemnity provisions for the benefit of its Directors, which were made during the year and remain in force to the date of this report.

Directors' Report for the Year Ended 30th September 2021

#### **ENGAGEMENT WITH EMPLOYEES**

#### Disabled employees

Applications for employment by disabled persons are always fully considered, bearing in mind the abilities of the applicant concerned. In the event of members of staff becoming disabled, every effort is made to ensure that their employment with the Company continues and that appropriate training is arranged. It is the policy of the Company that the training, career development and promotion of disabled persons should, as far as possible, be identical to that of their other employees.

#### **Employment consultation**

The Company places considerable value on the involvement of its employees and has continued to keep them informed on matters affecting them as employees and on the various factors affecting the performance of the Company. This is achieved through formal and informal meetings and the weekly newsletters.

#### STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of \$418 of the Companies Act 2006.

APPROVED BY THE BOARD AND SIGNED ON ITS BEHALF::

Mr D A Smith - Director

Date: Pebruary 2022

### Directors' Responsibilities Statement for the Year Ended 30th September 2021

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK accounting standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland.

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- assess the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and
- use the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

#### Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of HC-One No.2 Limited previously known as HC-One Beamish Limited

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of HC-One No 2 Limited ("the company") for the year ended 30 September 2021 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Changes in Equity, and related notes, including the accounting policies in note 2.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 September 2021 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK accounting standards, including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities are described below. We have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities under, and are independent of the company in accordance with, UK ethical requirements including the FRC Ethical Standard. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is a sufficient and appropriate basis for our opinion.

#### **Going Concern**

The directors have prepared the financial statements on the going concern basis as they do not intend to liquidate the company or to cease its operations, and as they have concluded that the company's financial position means that this is realistic. They have also concluded that there are no material uncertainties that could have cast significant doubt over its ability to continue as a going concern for at least a year from the date of approval of the financial statements ("the going concern period").

In our evaluation of the directors' conclusions, we considered the inherent risks to the company's business model and analysed how those risks might affect the company's financial resources or ability to continue operations over the going concern period.

Our conclusions based on this work:

- we consider that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate;
- we have not identified, and concur with the directors' assessment that there is not, a material uncertainty related to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for the going concern period.

However, as we cannot predict all future events or conditions and as subsequent events may result in outcomes that are inconsistent with judgements that were reasonable at the time they were made, the above conclusions are not a guarantee that the company will continue in operation.

# Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of HC-One No.2 Limited previously known as HC-One Beamish Limited

#### Fraud and breaches of laws and regulations - ability to detect Identifying and responding to risks of material misstatement due to fraud

To identify risks of material misstatement due to fraud ("fraud risks") we assessed events or conditions that could indicate an incentive or pressure to commit fraud or provide an opportunity to commit fraud. Our risk assessment procedures included:

- Enquiring of directors, and the audit committee, as to the group's high-level policies and procedures to prevent and detect fraud, including the group's channel for "whistleblowing", as well as whether they have knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud.
- Reading Board minutes.
- -Considering remuneration incentive schemes and performance targets for senior management and directors.
- Using analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships.

We communicated identified fraud risks throughout the audit team and remained alert to any indications of fraud throughout the audit.

As required by auditing standards, and taking into account possible pressures to meet profit targets, and our overall knowledge of the control environment, we perform procedures to address the risk of management override of controls, in particular the risk that group management may be in a position to make inappropriate accounting entries and the risk of bias in accounting estimates and judgements such as the valuation of properties within the group. On this audit we do not believe there is a fraud risk related to revenue recognition because:

- Revenue recognition is non-complex in nature; and
- -There is sufficient segregation of duties within the revenue recognition process to mitigate the opportunity for revenue recognition to be fraudulently manipulated.

We did not identify any additional fraud risks.

We performed procedures including:

- Identifying journal entries to test based on risk criteria and comparing the identified entries to supporting documentation. These included those posted to cash accounts, finance expenses and rental expenses, with a corresponding entry in unusual accounts.
- Evaluated the business purpose of significant unusual transactions

#### Identifying and responding to risks of material misstatement due to non-compliance with laws and regulations

We identified areas of laws and regulations that could reasonably be expected to have a material effect on the financial statements from our general commercial and sector experience, and through discussion with the directors (as required by auditing standards), and discussed with the directors the policies and procedures regarding compliance with laws and regulations.

We communicated identified laws and regulations throughout our team and remained alert to any indications of non-compliance throughout the audit.

The potential effect of these laws and regulations on the financial statements varies considerably.

Firstly, the group is subject to laws and regulations that directly affect the financial statements including financial reporting legislation (including related companies legislation), distributable profits legislation, taxation legislation, and UK Care Standards as defined by the Care Quality Commission, and we assessed the extent of compliance with these laws and regulations as part of our procedures on the related financial statement items.

#### Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of HC-One No.2 Limited previously known as HC-One Beamish Limited

Secondly, the group is subject to many other laws and regulations where the consequences of non-compliance could have a material effect on amounts or disclosures in the financial statements, for instance through the imposition of fines or litigation or the loss of the group's licence to operate. We identified the following areas as those most likely to have such an effect: health and safety, anti-bribery, general data protection regulation (GDPR), employment law, and environmental protection legislation, recognising the nature of the group's activities and its legal form. Auditing standards limit the required audit procedures to identify non-compliance with these laws and regulations to enquiry of the directors and other management and inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any. Therefore, if a breach of operational regulations is not disclosed to us or evident from relevant correspondence, an audit will not detect that breach.

#### Context of the ability of the audit to detect fraud or breaches of law or regulation

Owing to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that we may not have detected some material misstatements in the financial statements, even though we have properly planned and performed our audit in accordance with auditing standards. For example, the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely the inherently limited procedures required by auditing standards would identify it.

In addition, as with any audit, there remained a higher risk of non-detection of fraud, as these may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls. Our audit procedures are designed to detect material misstatement. We are not responsible for preventing non-compliance or fraud and cannot be expected to detect non-compliance with all laws and regulations.

#### Strategic report and directors' report

The directors are responsible for the strategic report and the directors' report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover those reports and we do not express an audit opinion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the strategic report and the directors' report and, in doing so, consider whether, based on our financial statements audit work, the information therein is materially misstated or inconsistent with the financial statements or our audit knowledge. Based solely on that work:

- we have not identified material misstatements in the strategic report and the directors' report;
- in our opinion the information given in those reports for the financial year is consistent with the financial statements; and
- in our opinion those reports have been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Strategic Report or the Directors' Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if; in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

We have nothing to report in these respects.

#### Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page thirteen, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of HC-One No.2 Limited previously known as HC-One Beamish Limited

#### Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue our opinion in an auditor's report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but does not guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Report of the Auditors.

#### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

W. a. Phus

Nick Plumb (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of KPMG LLP Quayside House 110 Quayside Newcastle-upon-Tyne NE1 3DX

Date: 10 February 2022

HC-One No.2 Limited previously known as HC-One Beamish Limited

# Statement of Comprehensive Income for the Year Ended 30th September 2021

Notes	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
4	46,932	48,635
	(40,830)	(39,402)
	6,102	9,233
	(170)	(126)
	5,932	9,107
7	(212)	(459)
	5,720	8,648
8	-	14
	5,720	8,662
9	(15)	(16)
10	5,705	8,646
11	125	139
	5,830	8,785
		_
HE	5,830	8,785
	4 7 8 9 10	Notes  £ 000  4 46,932  (40,830) 6,102  (170) 5,932  7 (212) 5,720  8

# HC-One No.2 Limited (Registered number: 05217764) previously known as HC-One Beamish Limited

Balance Sheet 30th September 2021

A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH			
	Notes	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
FIXED ASSETS			
Intangible assets	12	•	÷
Tangible assets	13	4,428	4,408
		4,428	4,408
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stocks	14	40	40
Debtors	15	43,993	35,637
Cash at bank and in hand		24,420	18,123
		68,453	53,800
CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DI WITHIN ONE YEAR	J <b>E</b> 16	(42,699)	(34,119)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		25,754	19,681
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABIL	ITIES	30,182	24,089
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	18	(263)	
NET ASSETS		29,919	24,089
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	19	_	_
Retained earnings		29,919	24,089
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		29,919	24,089
			===

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on  $\frac{100}{100}$  February 2022 and were signed on its behalf by:

Mr D A Smith - Director

# Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 30th September 2021

Called up share capital £'000	Retained earnings £'000	Total equity £'000
<del>-</del> -	15,304 8,785	15,304 8,785
<u> </u>	24,089	24,089
-	5,830	5,830
-	29,919	29,919
-	share capital £'000	share capital earnings £'000 £'000  - 15,304 - 8,785 - 24,089 - 5,830

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30th September 2021

#### 1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

HC-One No.2 Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The average monthly number of employees (excluding executive directors) was 1,312 (2020: 1,332).

The functional currency of the Company is considered to be pounds sterling because that is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates.

The Company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions in preparing these financial statements, as permitted by FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland':

- the requirements of Section 7 Statement of Cash Flows;
- the requirements of paragraphs 12.26, 12.27, 12.29(a), 12.29(b) and 12.29A;
- the requirement of paragraph 33.7.

#### Related party exemption

The company has taken advantage of exemption, under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland', not to disclose related party transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries within the group.

#### Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which the directors consider to be appropriate for the following reasons:

The Company is a subsidiary of HC-One Holdco 3 Limited (formerly FC Skyfall Holdco 3 Limited) (the "Group"). The directors of HC-One Holdco 3 Limited, the parent undertaking, manage the Group's strategy and risks on a consolidated basis, rather than at an individual entity level. Similarly, the financial and operating performance of the business is assessed at a Group level. For these reasons, the directors do not prepare cash flow forecasts at an individual entity level.

The Directors have reviewed the going concern of the Group and the Company carefully in the preparation of these financial statements. In order to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis, the Directors have considered detailed financial projections for a period through 12 months from the date of signing the financial statements. These projections are based on the Group's detailed forecasts. By their very nature, forecasts and projections are inherently uncertain, however, the prepared forecasts show that the Group will operate well within its committed facilities for that period.

### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued Going Concern (Continued)

The Directors have prepared detailed cash flow forecasts for the Group for the period to 30 September 2025. Net debt levels, servicing costs and working capital requirements are closely monitored and managed in accordance to the Group's objectives, policies and processes, and these have each been considered as part of these forecasts.

The Group has reviewed its working capital requirements including its current shareholders' funds position and maintains sufficient cash resources to meet its day to day working capital requirements. At 30 September 2021, the Group was financed by £93.0m of cash and £547.5m of term loans. On 27 April 2021, HC-One Finco Limited (formerly FC Skyfall (UK) Financeco Limited), the new subsidiary undertaking of the Company, entered into a new facility agreement for a total loan of £570.0m, which consisted of £540.0m to fully repay the existing debts of HC-One Finco Limited (formerly FC Skyfall (UK) Financeco Limited), group and a further facility of £30.0m is available for draw down to fund working capital and capital expenditure within the next two years. No financial covenants are tested within the first two years and there is no amortisation during the term of the loan.

Sensitivity analysis has been performed to model the impact of more adverse trends compared to those included in the financial projections. These sensitivities seek to model the impact of severe but plausible downside risks to the achievement of the financial projections. The sensitivities applied were a further fall in occupancy due to increased death rates and delay in recovery of admissions due to an increase of homes in outbreak (homes in outbreak are unable to accept admissions). When these downside sensitivities are applied to the financial projections, there are no indications of liquidity concerns, for a period through 12 months from the date of signing the financial statements, noting that the Group have no financial covenants that need to be complied with until the quarter ending 30 June 2023.

The going concern of the Company is dependent upon the overall going concern of the HC-One Holdco 3 Limited Group (formerly FC Skyfall Holdco 3 Limited Group). The Company and its Group undertakings are obligors to a £555.4m term loan facility agreement entered into by HC-One FinCo Limited (formerly FC Skyfall (UK) Financeco Limited), the Company's intermediate parent undertaking. The facility is secured by a fixed and floating charge over the Group's assets and unlimited guarantee from its Group undertakings. HC-One Holdco 3 Limited has indicated that it will make available such funds as are needed by the entity and that it does not intend to seek repayment of amounts due at the balance sheet date for a period of at least 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements. As with any company placing reliance on other Group entities for financial support, the directors acknowledge that there can be no certainty that this support will continue indefinitely although, at the date of approval of these financial statements, they have no reason to believe that it will not do so.

Based on the Group's forecasts and projections and taking into account reasonable possible changes in trading performance as mentioned above, the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the Group and the Company will have adequate resources to meet its liabilities as they fall due for at least 12 months from the date of approval of the financial statements. Thus, they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### Turnove

Turnover represents fee income receivable from care services provided. Turnover is recognised in the year in which the Company obtains the right to consideration as the services provided under contracts have been delivered and is recorded at the value of the consideration due. Where payments are received from customers in advance of services provided, the amounts are recorded as deferred income and included as part of creditors due within one year.

#### **Finance Income**

Finance income includes interest receivable on deposits calculated using the effective interest method. Interest income is recognised in the profit and loss account as it accrues.

#### Finance costs

Finance costs include interest payable on borrowings calculated using the effective interest method. Interest expenses are recognised in the profit and loss account as they accrue.

#### Intangible assets - licences

Separately acquired licenses are included at cost and amortised on a straight line basis over their estimated useful economic life equal to the length of the license.

#### Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost, net of depreciation and any provision for impairment. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset on a straight-line basis over its expected useful life, as follows:

Buildings and Grounds - shorter of the term of the lease, or the useful economic life of the asset Fixtures and fittings - over 3-10 years Motor vehicles - over 5 years

Impairment reviews are performed where there are indicators that the carrying value may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised in the income statement to reduce the carrying value to the recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is calculated based upon consideration of discounted projected future cashflows.

#### Government grants

Government grants are recognised based on the accrual model and are measured at the fair value of the asset received or receivable. Grants are classified as relating either to revenue or to assets. Grants relating to revenue are recognised in income over the period in which the related costs are recognised. Grants relating to assets are recognised over the expected useful life of the assets. Where part of a grant relating to an asset is deferred, it is recognised as deferred income. Government grants received are for use in capital improvement projects of qualifying care homes. Government support received during the pandemic has been treated as a government grant where it is dependent on compliance with specified conditions, for example the Job Retention Scheme, Infection Control and Rapid Testing Funds, and has been included within revenue. Other forms of government support have been treated as government assistance.

#### Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued Taxation

Current tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is provided in full on timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the Company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for timing differences arising from investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the Company is able to control the reversal of the timing differences and it is probable that it will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference. Deferred tax relating to non-depreciable property, plant and equipment measured using the revaluation model and investment property is measured using the tax rates and allowances that apply to sale of the asset. In other cases, the measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Where items recognised in other comprehensive income or equity are chargeable to or deductible for tax purposes, the resulting current or deferred tax expense and income is presented in the same component of comprehensive income or equity as the transaction or other event that resulted in the tax expense or income.

Current tax assets and liabilities are offset only when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and the Company intends either to settle on a net basis or to realise that assets and settle the liability simultaneously.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset only if: (a) the Company has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and (b) the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities which intend either to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis; or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

#### Leases

Assets held under finance leases and other similar contracts, which confer rights and obligations similar to those attached to owned assets, are capitalised as tangible fixed assets at the lower of fair value at acquisition or at the present value of the minimum lease payments and are depreciated over the shorter of the lease terms and their useful lives. The capital elements of future lease obligations are recorded as liabilities, while the interest elements are charged to the profit and loss account over the lease term to produce a constant rate of interest on the outstanding obligation.

All other leases are operating leases and are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the lease term, even if the payments are not made on such a basis. No asset is recognised on the Company's balance sheet.

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The Company operates both a Company Default Pension Scheme and a Stakeholder Pension Scheme. The Company Default Pension Scheme is managed by an external third party. The Stakeholder Pension Scheme is managed by the Company and funds are invested on the employee's behalf. Both the Default Pension Scheme and the Stakeholder Pension Scheme are accounted for as a defined contribution scheme and therefore the amount charged to the profit and loss account in respect of pension costs and other post-retirement benefits is the contributions payable in the year. Differences between contributions payable in the year and contributions actually paid are shown as either accruals or prepayments in the balance sheet.

#### **Debtors**

Debtors are recognised at cost less any provision for impairment.

#### Creditors

Trade creditors are recorded initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Any difference between the amount initially recognised and the redemption value is recognised in the profit and loss account over the year of the borrowing using the effective interest rate method.

Other creditors and accruals are measured at the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the obligation.

#### **Share Capital**

Ordinary shares are classified as equity and recorded at the par value of proceeds received, net of direct issue costs

#### CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Company's accounting policies, which are described in note 1, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the year in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that year or in the year of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future years.

### Critical judgements in applying the Company's accounting policies and key source of estimation uncertainty

The following are the key sources of estimation uncertainty that the directors have assessed as being applicable to the entity and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements. It is deemed that there are no critical accounting judgements.

#### Leasehold improvements and fixtures and fittings

Accounting for leasehold improvements and fixtures and fittings involves the use of estimates for determining (a) the useful lives of the assets, over which they are to be depreciated, and (b) the existence and amount of any impairment. Details of leasehold improvements and fixtures and fittings are provided in note 13.

Leasehold improvements and fixtures and fittings are depreciated on a straight line basis over their estimated useful lives. When the Company estimates useful lives various factors are considered including expected technology obsolescence and the expected usage of the asset. The Company regularly reviews these assets useful lives and future economic utilisation and the physical condition of the assets concerned.

The carrying value of leasehold improvements and fixtures and fittings is assessed periodically to determine whether there are indications of any impairment of the value beyond the depreciation charge. If this is the case, an impairment charge is taken against the carrying value of the assets and charged to profit and loss account. The recoverable amount is calculated based upon consideration of discounted projected future cashflows.

#### Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred tax assets and liabilities require management judgement in determining the amounts to be recognised; in particular judgement is used when assessing the extent to which deferred tax assets should be recognised with consideration given to the timing and level of future taxable income. Refer to note 15 for further details of deferred tax assets recognised.

#### 4. TURNOVER

The turnover and profit before taxation are attributable to the one principal activity of the Company.

An analysis of turnover by class of business is given below:

	2021	2020
	£'000	£'000
Elderly care	46,932	48,635
	<del></del>	
	46,932	48,635
	<del></del>	

# Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30th September 2021

5.	EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS		
		2021	2020
	Magas and salarios	£'000	£'000
	Wages and salaries Social security costs	22,245 1,468	21,733 1,416
	Other pension costs	370	358
	Office perision costs		<del></del>
		24,083	23,507
		===	====
	The average number of employees during the year was as follows:		
		2021	2020
	Managers and Care staff	1,312	1,332
	managas and care stan	===	===
	For further details of pension costs refer to note 20.		
6.	DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS		
		2021	2000
		2021 £'000	2020 £'000
	Aggregate emoluments inclusive of benefits in kind	-	-
	-		
		-	_
	No. of directors accruing benefits under defined contribution scheme  The Directors of the Company are also the Directors of other group underted believe it is possible to allocate these costs to each individual company. Further financial statements of HC-One Limited		
7.	The Directors of the Company are also the Directors of other group underto		
7.	The Directors of the Company are also the Directors of other group underto believe it is possible to allocate these costs to each individual company. Further financial statements of HC-One Limited.		
7.	The Directors of the Company are also the Directors of other group underto believe it is possible to allocate these costs to each individual company. For the financial statements of HC-One Limited.  EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS	urther details can l 2021 £'000	2020 £'000
7.	The Directors of the Company are also the Directors of other group underto believe it is possible to allocate these costs to each individual company. Further financial statements of HC-One Limited.	urther details can l 2021	oe found in
7.	The Directors of the Company are also the Directors of other group underto believe it is possible to allocate these costs to each individual company. For the financial statements of HC-One Limited.  EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS	urther details can l 2021 £'000	2020 £'000
7.	The Directors of the Company are also the Directors of other group underto believe it is possible to allocate these costs to each individual company. For the financial statements of HC-One Limited.  EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS  Exceptional Covid-19 costs	2021 £'000 212	2020 £'000 459
7.	The Directors of the Company are also the Directors of other group underto believe it is possible to allocate these costs to each individual company. For the financial statements of HC-One Limited.  EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS  Exceptional Covid-19 costs  Total exceptional costs	2021 £'000 212 212 to Covid-19 total	2020 £'000 459 459
7.	The Directors of the Company are also the Directors of other group underto believe it is possible to allocate these costs to each individual company. For the financial statements of HC-One Limited.  EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS  Exceptional Covid-19 costs  Total exceptional costs  Exceptional Covid-19 costs  During the year, the Company incurred exceptional costs in relation	2021 £'000 212 212 to Covid-19 total	2020 £'000 459 459
	The Directors of the Company are also the Directors of other group underto believe it is possible to allocate these costs to each individual company. For the financial statements of HC-One Limited.  EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS  Exceptional Covid-19 costs  Total exceptional costs  Exceptional Covid-19 costs  During the year, the Company incurred exceptional costs in relation (2020: £459,000) which related to above normal personal protective equipality.	2021 £'000 212 212 212 to Covid-19 total ment costs.	2020 £'000 459 459
	The Directors of the Company are also the Directors of other group underto believe it is possible to allocate these costs to each individual company. For the financial statements of HC-One Limited.  EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS  Exceptional Covid-19 costs  Total exceptional costs  Exceptional Covid-19 costs  During the year, the Company incurred exceptional costs in relation (2020: £459,000) which related to above normal personal protective equipal INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME	2021 £'000 212 212 212 to Covid-19 total ment costs.	2020 £'000 459 459
	The Directors of the Company are also the Directors of other group underto believe it is possible to allocate these costs to each individual company. For the financial statements of HC-One Limited.  EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS  Exceptional Covid-19 costs  Total exceptional costs  Exceptional Covid-19 costs  During the year, the Company incurred exceptional costs in relation (2020: £459,000) which related to above normal personal protective equipality.	2021 £'000 212 212 212 to Covid-19 total ment costs.	2020 £'000 459 459
	The Directors of the Company are also the Directors of other group underto believe it is possible to allocate these costs to each individual company. For the financial statements of HC-One Limited.  EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS  Exceptional Covid-19 costs  Total exceptional costs  Exceptional Covid-19 costs  During the year, the Company incurred exceptional costs in relation (2020: £459,000) which related to above normal personal protective equipal INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME  Bank interest	2021 £'000 212 212 212 to Covid-19 total ment costs.	2020 £'000 459 459 Uling £212,00
•	The Directors of the Company are also the Directors of other group underto believe it is possible to allocate these costs to each individual company. For the financial statements of HC-One Limited.  EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS  Exceptional Covid-19 costs  Total exceptional costs  Exceptional Covid-19 costs  During the year, the Company incurred exceptional costs in relation (2020: £459,000) which related to above normal personal protective equipments.  INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME  Bank interest  The balance in prior year related to monies returned in respect of VAT.	2021 £'000 212 212 212 to Covid-19 total ment costs.	2020 £'000 459 459 ling £212,00
	The Directors of the Company are also the Directors of other group underto believe it is possible to allocate these costs to each individual company. For the financial statements of HC-One Limited.  EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS  Exceptional Covid-19 costs  Total exceptional costs  Exceptional Covid-19 costs  During the year, the Company incurred exceptional costs in relation (2020: £459,000) which related to above normal personal protective equipal INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME  Bank interest	2021 £'000 212 212 212 to Covid-19 total ment costs.  2021 £'000	2020 £'000 459 459 Uling £212,00 2020 £'000 14
	The Directors of the Company are also the Directors of other group underto believe it is possible to allocate these costs to each individual company. For the financial statements of HC-One Limited.  EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS  Exceptional Covid-19 costs  Total exceptional costs  Exceptional Covid-19 costs  During the year, the Company incurred exceptional costs in relation (2020: £459,000) which related to above normal personal protective equipments.  INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME  Bank interest  The balance in prior year related to monies returned in respect of VAT.	2021 £'000 212 212 212 to Covid-19 total ment costs.  2021 £'000	2020 £'000 459 459 Uling £212,00 2020 £'000 14
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#### 10. PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION

Operating Profit is stated after charging:

	2021	2020
	£'000	£'000
Depreciation of owned assets (Note 13)	1,066	898
Amortisation of Licences (Note 12)	35	34
Government grants (including job retention scheme, infection control		
grant and rapid testing grant)	(1,762)	(1,238)
Exceptional costs (Note 7)	212	459
Operating lease charges land and buildings	9,090	9,091
Management Charges	100	100
Fees payable in respect to the Audit of the Company's annual		
financial statements	31	31

Fees payable to the Company's auditor for the audit of the Company's annual financial statements include an amount payable for the audit of HC-One Beamish Homecare Limited, a fellow group undertaking.

In the year ended 30 September 2021, £Nil recharges have been made to HC-One No 4 Limited (formerly Beamish Homecare Limited) for both the provision of audit and non-audit services.

#### 11. TAXATION

#### Analysis of the tax credit

The tax credit on the profit for the year was as follows:

	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
Deferred tax	(125)	(139)
Tax on profit	(125)	(139)

UK corporation tax has been charged at 19%.

#### Reconciliation of total tax credit included in profit and loss

The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The difference is explained below:

	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
Profit before tax	5,705	8,646
Profit multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2020 - 19%)	1,084	1,643
Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Income not taxable for tax purposes Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous periods	28 (8) 119	32
Effects from group reliefs/other reliefs Tax rate changes	(1,249) (99)	(1,793) (18)
Total fax credit	(125)	(139)

#### 11. TAXATION - continued

Finance Act 2020 enacted provision to increase the UK Corporation tax rate to 19% from 1 April 2020 and accordingly the deferred tax at 30th September 2021 was calculated at this rate.

Finance Act 2021 which was substantively enacted on 24 May 2021 included provisions to increase the rate further to 25% effective from 1 April 2023 and the rate has been applied when calculating the deferred tax at the year end.

A UK corporation rate of 19% (effective 1 April 2020) was substantively enacted on 17 March 2020, reversing the previously enacted reduction in the rate from 19% to 17%. This will increase the company's future current tax charge accordingly.

There is no expiry date on timing differences, unused tax losses or tax credits.

#### 12. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Licences £'000
COST At 1st October 2020 Additions	34 35
At 30th September 2021	69
AMORTISATION At 1st October 2020 Amortisation for year	34 35
At 30th September 2021	69
NET BOOK VALUE At 30th September 2021	
At 30th September 2020	

#### 13. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

		Fixtures		
	Buildings	and	Motor	
	and Grounds	fittings	vehicles	Totals
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£,000
COST				
At 1st October 2020	2,394	5,795	286	8,475
Additions	194	893	-	1,087
Disposals	-	-	(1)	(1)
			-	
At 30th September 2021	2,588	6,688	285	9,561
·				<del></del>
DEPRECIATION				
At 1st October 2020	683	3,099	285	4,067
Charge for year	135	931	-	1,066
•				
At 30th September 2021	818	4,030	285	5,133
·	<del></del>			
NET BOOK VALUE				
At 30th September 2021	1,770	2,658	-	4,428
			· ===	
At 30th September 2020	1,711	2,696	1	4,408
,		====	===	===

# Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30th September 2021

	STOCKS	2021	202
		£'000	£'00
	Stocks	<del>40</del>	4
5.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2021	202
		£.000	£'00
	Trade debtors	1,805	1,912
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	40,915	32,52
	Deferred tax asset	413	288
	Prepayments and accrued income	860	91
		43,993	35,63
	£32,521,000). These amounts are due on demand with no fixed repa <u>Deferred tax asset</u>	lyment date and bear no	interest.
	Deferred tax liabilities/(assets):	2021	202
	politica tax maximos, (associa).	£'000	£'00
	Provision at start of year	(288)	(149
	Adjustment in respect of prior periods	119	(;
	Deferred tax charge to profit and loss account for the year	(244)	(13
	Asset at the end of the year	(413)	(288
		2021	2020
		£'000	£'000
	Fixed asset timing differences	(413)	(277
	Short term timing differences (trading)	-	(1)
		(413)	(288
		2021 £'000	2020 £'000
	Deferred tax (assets) Recoverable within 12 months	(413)	(288
		(413)	(288
	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR	(413)	(288
	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		2020
	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR	(413) 2021 £'000	2020
	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR  Trade creditors	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
	Trade creditors	2021	2020 £'000 1,231
		2021 £'000 1,426	2020 £'000 1,231 28,803 741
	Trade creditors Amounts owed to group undertakings	2021 £'000 1.426 37,424	2020 £'000 1,231 28,803
	Trade creditors Amounts owed to group undertakings Social security and other taxes	2021 £'000 1,426 37,424 298	2020 £'000 1,231 28,803 741

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30th September 2021

#### 16. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR - continued

As at 30 September 2021, amounts owed to Group undertakings totalled £37,424,000 (2020:  $\pm$ 28,803,000). These amounts are due on demand with no fixed repayment date and bear no interest .

#### 17. LEASING AGREEMENTS

Minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases fall due as follows:

	2021	2020
	£'000	£'000
Within one year	9,089	9,089
Between one and five years	36,357	36,357
In more than five years	132,493	141,568
-	177,939	187,014

Capital commitments relate to amounts contracted for in relation to the purchase of property, plant and equipment. The total capital commitment as at 30 September 2021 was £nil (2020; £nil).

The operating lease of land and buildings relates to care homes which are subject to rent reviews at specified intervals and provide for the lessee to pay all insurance, maintenance and repair costs.

#### 18. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES

	2021	2020
	£'000	£'000
Other provisions	263	-

#### Other provisions

During the year, the Group created provisions totalling £263,000 for various items including insurances and litigation amongst others. The provisions are expected to unwind as and when the outcomes of the specific provisions become more certain.

#### 19. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

Allofted, issued and fully paid:				
Number:	Class:	Nominal	2021	2020
		value:	£	£
1	Ordinary Shares	£1	1	1

The profit and loss reserve represents cumulative profits and losses:

#### 20. PENSION COMMITMENTS

The Company operates defined contribution retirement benefit schemes for all qualifying employees. The total expense charged to the profit and loss in the year ended 30 September 2021 was £370,000 (2020: £358,000).

#### 21. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND GUARANTEES

On 27 April 2021, HC-One FinCo Limited (formerly FC Skyfall (UK) Financeco Limited), the new intermediate parent company of the Company entered into a five year £570.0m term loan facility agreement, with a maturity date on 26 April 2026. The loan is secured with unlimited guarantee and by fixed and floating charges over the group assets of HC-One Holdco 3 Limited (formerly FC Skyfall Holdco 3 Limited) and its subsidiary undertakings. As at the date of signing the accounts, the drawn down term loan of £555.4m remains outstanding.

#### 22. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

#### Identity of-related parties

The Company has taken the exemption provided under FRS 102 to not disclose intercompany transactions with other group undertakings within the HC-One Holdco 3 Limited (formerly FC Skyfall Holdco 3 Limited) group.

#### 23. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

No events are noted between the year end date and the date of signing this report.

#### 24. ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING AND CONTROLLING PARTY

The Company's immediate parent undertaking is HC-One Intermediate Holdco 2 Limited (formerly FC Beamish BidCo Ltd), a company incorporated in England.

The Directors regard Skyfall LP (formerly FC Skyfall LP), a limited partnership incorporated and registered in the Cayman Islands, as the ultimate parent undertaking.

The ultimate controlling party, beyond Skyfall LP, is Skyfall GP Limited (formerly FC Skyfall GP Limited), a company incorporated in Cayman Islands.

The smallest and largest group into which these financial statements are consolidated is HC-One Holdco 3 Limited (Formerly FC Skyfall Holdco 3 Limited) with registered office at C/O Maples Corporate Services Limited PO BOX 309, Ugland House, Grand Cayman, KY1-1104, Cayman Islands.

Copies of HC-One Holdco 3 Limited financial statements to 30 September 2021 are available from the Companies House at Crown Way, Cardiff, Wales CF14 3UZ.