

COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 05155864

**Nathan Rose Music Tuition Limited**

**Filleted Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements**

**30 June 2021**

# Nathan Rose Music Tuition Limited

## Abridged Statement of Financial Position

**30 June 2021**

|                                                                |      | 2021   | 2020     |
|----------------------------------------------------------------|------|--------|----------|
|                                                                | Note | £      | £        |
| <b>Fixed assets</b>                                            |      |        |          |
| Tangible assets                                                | 5    | 30,042 | 36,800   |
| <b>Current assets</b>                                          |      |        |          |
| Stocks                                                         |      | 33,000 | 37,356   |
| Debtors                                                        |      | 2,688  | 5,685    |
| Cash at bank and in hand                                       |      | 25,884 | 21,096   |
|                                                                |      | -----  | -----    |
|                                                                |      | 61,572 | 64,137   |
| <b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>          |      | 50,211 | 48,651   |
|                                                                |      | -----  | -----    |
| <b>Net current assets</b>                                      |      | 11,361 | 15,486   |
|                                                                |      | -----  | -----    |
| <b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>                   |      | 41,403 | 52,286   |
| <b>Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year</b> |      |        |          |
|                                                                |      | 41,361 | 55,491   |
|                                                                |      | -----  | -----    |
| <b>Net assets/(liabilities)</b>                                |      | 42     | ( 3,205) |
|                                                                |      | -----  | -----    |
| <b>Capital and reserves</b>                                    |      |        |          |
| Called up share capital                                        |      | 1      | 1        |
| Profit and loss account                                        |      | 41     | ( 3,206) |
|                                                                |      | -----  | -----    |
| <b>Shareholder funds/(deficit)</b>                             |      | 42     | ( 3,205) |
|                                                                |      | -----  | -----    |

These abridged financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the abridged statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

For the year ending 30 June 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The member has not required the company to obtain an audit of its abridged financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476 ;
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of abridged financial statements .

All of the members have consented to the preparation of the abridged statement of income and retained earnings and the abridged statement of financial position for the year ending 30 June 2021 in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

# **Nathan Rose Music Tuition Limited**

## **Abridged Statement of Financial Position** *(continued)*

**30 June 2021**

These abridged financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 25 January 2022 , and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr N Rose

Director

Company registration number: 05155864

# **Nathan Rose Music Tuition Limited**

## **Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements**

### **Year ended 30 June 2021**

#### **1. General information**

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is 1 Skinner Street, Wolverhampton, West Midlands, WV1 4LD, UK.

#### **2. Statement of compliance**

These abridged financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

#### **3. Accounting policies**

##### **Basis of preparation**

The abridged financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The abridged financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

##### **Revenue recognition**

Turnover represents sales of goods and services net of VAT and trade discounts. Turnover of goods is recognised when the goods are physically delivered to the customer, which requires payment in full. Turnover of services is recognised at date of payment, as monies are contractually non refundable and payable on or before commencement of lessons.

##### **Income tax**

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

##### **Tangible assets**

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

**Depreciation**

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

|                         |   |                            |
|-------------------------|---|----------------------------|
| Long leasehold property | - | Straight Line over 5 years |
| Fixtures & fittings     | - | 20% reducing balance       |
| Motor vehicles          | - | 20% reducing balance       |
| Equipment               | - | 20% reducing balance       |

**Impairment of fixed assets**

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

**Stocks**

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stock to its present location and condition.

**Finance leases and hire purchase contracts**

Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are recognised in the abridged statement of financial position as assets and liabilities at the lower of the fair value of the assets and the present value of the minimum lease payments, which is determined at the inception of the lease term. Any initial direct costs of the lease are added to the amount recognised as an asset. Lease payments are apportioned between the finance charges and reduction of the outstanding lease liability using the effective interest method. Finance charges are allocated to each period so as to produce a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

**Government grants**

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable. Grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the company will comply with the conditions attaching to them and the grants will be received. Government grants are recognised using the accrual model and the performance model. Under the accrual model, government grants relating to revenue are recognised on a systematic basis over the periods in which the company recognises the related costs for which the grant is intended to compensate. Grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the entity with no future related costs are recognised in income in the period in which it becomes receivable. Grants relating to assets are recognised in income on a systematic basis over the expected useful life of the asset. Where part of a grant relating to an asset is deferred, it is recognised as deferred income and not deducted from the carrying amount of the asset. Under the performance model, where the grant does not impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient, it is recognised in income when the grant proceeds are received or receivable. Where the grant does impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient, it is recognised in income only when the performance-related conditions have been met. Where grants received are prior to satisfying the revenue recognition criteria, they are recognised as a liability.

**Financial instruments**

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities. Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability. Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

### Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund. When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

### 4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 7 (2020: 6 ).

### 5. Tangible assets

|                        | £             |
|------------------------|---------------|
| <b>Cost</b>            |               |
| At 1 July 2020         | 99,391        |
| Additions              | 20,898        |
| Disposals              | ( 35,990)     |
|                        | -----         |
| <b>At 30 June 2021</b> | <b>84,299</b> |
|                        | -----         |
| <b>Depreciation</b>    |               |
| At 1 July 2020         | 62,591        |
| Charge for the year    | 6,139         |
| Disposals              | ( 14,473)     |
|                        | -----         |
| <b>At 30 June 2021</b> | <b>54,257</b> |
|                        | -----         |
| <b>Carrying amount</b> |               |
| <b>At 30 June 2021</b> | <b>30,042</b> |
|                        | -----         |
| At 30 June 2020        | 36,800        |

### 6. Director's advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the director entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

| <b>2021</b> |                 |                               |             |
|-------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|-------------|
|             | Balance         | Advances/<br>(credits) to the | Balance     |
|             | brought forward | director                      | outstanding |
|             | £               | £                             | £           |
| Mr N Rose   | ( 8,558)        | 8,220                         | ( 338)      |
|             | -----           | -----                         | ----        |
| <b>2020</b> |                 |                               |             |
|             | Balance brought | Advances/<br>(credits) to the | Balance     |
|             | forward         | director                      | outstanding |
|             | £               | £                             | £           |
| Mr N Rose   | ( 44,141)       | 35,583                        | ( 8,558)    |
|             | -----           | -----                         | -----       |

## **7. Related party transactions**

The company was under the control of Mr Nathan Rose throughout the current and previous year. Mr Nathan Rose is the managing director and majority shareholder. No transactions with related parties were undertaken such as are required to be disclosed under section 1A of FRS102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.