Company Registration No. 05104353 (England and Wales)

ALANKAR PROPERTIES LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

THURSDAY

LD4

23/10/2014 COMPANIES HOUSE

UHU Hacker Young
Chartered Accountants

COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors Rahim Virani

Karim Virani

Secretary J S Kalsi

Company number 05104353

Registered office Crown House

North Circular Road

Park Royal London NW10 7PN

Auditors UHY Hacker Young

Quadrant House

4 Thomas More Square

London E1W 1YW

Bankers Punjab National Bank (International) Limited

1 Moorgate Street

London EC2R 6AB

CONTENTS

Page
- 2
3 - 4
5
j
. 12

DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

The directors present their report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2014.

Principal activities and review of the business

The principal activity of the company is the investment and management of commercial properties.

The results for the year and the financial position at the year end were considered satisfactory by the directors who expect continued growth in the foreseeable future.

Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out on page 5.

Directors

The following directors have held office since 1 April 2013:

Rahim Virani

N Patel

(Resigned 17 April 2013)

Karim Virani

Auditors

In accordance with section 385 of the Companies Act 2006, a resolution proposing that UHY Hacker Young be reappointed as auditors of the company will be put to the Annual General Meeting.

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

Statement of disclosure to auditors

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware. Additionally, the directors have taken all the necessary steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of all relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

By order of the board

JS Kalsi

Secretary 17/6/2014



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF ALANKAR PROPERTIES LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Alankar Properties Limited for the year ended 31 March 2014 set out on pages 5 to 13. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on pages 1 - 2, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the APB's web-site at www.frc.org.uk/apb/scope/private.cfm.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2014 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

TO THE MEMBERS OF ALANKAR PROPERTIES LIMITED

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Colin Wright (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of UHY Hacker Young

17/10/2014

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

	Notes	2014 £	2013 £
Turnover	2	144,113	145,979
Administrative expenses		(22,558)	(34,742)
Operating profit	3	121,555	111,237
Other interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar charges	4 5	7,165 (17,950)	3,163 (19,170)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		110,770	95,230
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	6	(25,184)	(11,119)
Profit for the year	13	85,586	84,111

The profit and loss account has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations.

There are no recognised gains and losses other than those passing through the profit and loss account.

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2014

	2014		2014		013
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	7		1,710,251		1,710,251
Current assets					
Debtors	8	32,041		24,712	
Cash at bank and in hand		202,910		151,625	
		234,951		176,337	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	9	(128,979)		(111,788)	
Net current assets			105,972		64,549
Total assets less current liabilities			1,816,223		1,774,800
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	10		(1,184,428)		(1,230,078)
area more than one year	10		(1,101,120)		(1,250,070)
Provisions for liabilities	11		(23,384)		(21,897)
			608,411		522,825
					=
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	12		1,000		1,000
Revaluation reserve	13		168,138		168,138
Profit and loss account	13		439,273		353,687
Shareholders' funds	14		608,411		522,825

phroved by the Board and authorised for issue on 17/10/2014.

Rahim Virani **Director**

Company Registration No. 05104353

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

1 Accounting policies

1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the applicable accounting standards modified to include the revaluation of investment properties.

During the year ended 31 March 2014, the company made a profit of £85,586 (2013: £84,111). As at 31 March 2014 the company had net current assets of £105,972 (2013: £64,549) and net assets of £608,411 (2013: £522,825) which included a long term liability of £608,004 (2013: £605,504) due to related parties (See note 10). The directors are satisfied that the going concern basis is appropriate for the preparation of these financial statements as the shareholders have confirmed that they will continue to support the company for the foreseeable future and that no call will be made for the repayment of this debt to the extent that this would prejudice the ability of the company to meet its liabilities as they fall due.

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard No 1 (Revised 1996) from the requirement to produce a cash flow statement on the grounds that it is a subsidiary undertaking where 90 percent or more of the voting rights are controlled within the group.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable from gross rents charged to tenants and the invoice value of other goods and services supplied net of VAT and trade discounts.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Investment properties are included in the balance sheet at their open market value. Any surplus or deficit arising on valuation is transferred to the revaluation reserve, except for those deficits expected to be permanent, which are charged to the profit and loss account.

Although this accounting policy is in accordance with the applicable standard, SSAP 19, Accounting for Investment Properties, it is a departure from the general requirement of the Companies Act 2006 for all tangible assets to be depreciated. In the opinion of the directors, compliance with the standard is necessary for the financial information to give a true and fair view. Depreciation or amortisation is only one of many factors reflected in the annual valuation and the amount in respect of this which might otherwise have been shown cannot be separately identified or quantified.

1.4 Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is provided in full in respect of taxation deferred by timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. The deferred tax balance has not been discounted.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

2 Turnover

The total turnover of the company for the year has been derived from its principal activity wholly undertaken in the United Kingdom.

3	Operating profit is stated after charging:	2014 £	2013 £
	Fees payable to the company's auditor for the audit of the company's annual accounts	2,500	2,500
4	Investment income	2014 £	2013 £
	Bank interest	7,165	3,163
		7,165	3,163
5	Interest payable	2014 £	2013 £
	On bank loans and overdrafts	17,950	19,170

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

6 Taxation	2014 £	2013 £
Domestic current year tax	æ.	£
U.K. corporation tax	24,485	8,651
Adjustment for prior years	(788)	
Total current tax	23,697	8,651
Deferred tax		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	1,487	2,468
	25,184	11,119
Factors affecting the tax charge for the year		
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	110,770	95,230
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard rate	•	
of UK corporation tax of 23.00% (2013 - 24.00%)	25,477	22,855
Effects of:		
Non deductible expenses	-	(10,560)
Capital allowances	(987)	(2,962)
Adjustments to previous periods	(788)	-
Other tax adjustments	(5)	(682)
	(1,780)	(14,204)
Current tax charge for the year	23,697	8,651

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

7	Tangible fixed assets	
		Investment properties £
	Cost or valuation	_
	At 1 April 2013 & at 31 March 2014	1,710,251
	Net book value	•
	At 31 March 2014	1,710,251
	At 31 March 2013	1,710,251

In accordance with SSAP 19 'Accounting for Investment Properties' no depreciation has been charged.

In the opinion of the directors, the open market values of the investment properties as at 31 March 2014 are not significantly different from the carrying values of these properties as at that date.

8	Debtors	2014 £	2013 £
	Trade debtors	24,183	18,362
	Other debtors	6,000	6,000
	Prepayments and accrued income	1,858	350
		32,041	24,712
9	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2014 £	2013 £
	Bank loans and overdrafts	48,733	62,484
	Trade creditors	2,011	3,956
	Corporation tax	24,485	15,652
	Other creditors	23,644	5,596
	Accruals and deferred income	30,106	24,100
		128,979	111,788

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

10	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	2014 £	2013 £
	Bank loans	576,424	624,574
	Amounts due to related parties	608,004	605,504
		1,184,428	1,230,078
	Analysis of loans		
	Wholly repayable after five years	625,157	672,040
		625,157	672,040
	Included in current liabilities	(48,733)	(47,466)
		576,424	624,574
	Loan maturity analysis		
	In more than one year but not more than two years	50,051	48,749
	In more than two years but not more than five years	108,770	154,297
	In more than five years	417,603	421,528

The bank loan is secured on the company's freehold property and bears interest at 1.1% over LIBOR. It is repayable over 20 years.

The amounts due to related parties consist of loans from Cygnet Properties & Leisure PLC. They have no fixed terms of repayment, are unsecured and interest free.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

11	Provisions for liabilities		Deferred tax liability £
	Balance at 1 April 2013 Profit and loss account		21,897 1,487
	Balance at 31 March 2014		23,384
	The deferred tax liability is made up as follows:		
		2014 £	2013 £
	Accelerated capital allowances	23,384	21,897
12	Share capital	2014	2013
	Allotted, called up and fully paid 1,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000	1,000
13	Statement of movements on reserves	Revaluation reserve £	Profit and loss account
	Balance at 1 April 2013 Profit for the year	168,138	353,687 85,586
	Balance at 31 March 2014	168,138	439,273

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

14	Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds	2014 £	2013 £
	Profit for the financial year Opening shareholders' funds	85,586 522,825	84,111 438,714
	Closing shareholders' funds	608,411	522,825

15 Employees

Number of employees

There were no employees during the year apart from the directors.

16 Control

The company is controlled by its ultimate parent company, Cygnet Properties and Leisure PLC, a company registered in England who owns 100% of the issued share capital. In the opinion of the directors, the ultimate controlling party is the Virani family through the family members' shareholdings in Virani Net Limited and Virani Net Scheme.

17 Related party relationships and transactions

Details of related party loans are shown in note 10 above. The loans due to shareholders resulted from funds being advanced to the company to assist in financing its property purchases.