

**Registered Number 04883905**

**LS FILTRATION SYSTEMS LIMITED**

**Abbreviated Accounts**

**30 September 2013**

**LS FILTRATION SYSTEMS LIMITED**
**Registered Number 04883905**
**Balance Sheet as at 30 September 2013**

	Notes	2013	2012
		£	£
<b>Fixed assets</b>	2		
Tangible		2,905	2,843
		<u>2,905</u>	<u>2,843</u>
<b>Current assets</b>			
Stocks		13,192	11,433
Debtors		70,605	54,150
Cash at bank and in hand		34,321	9,189
Total current assets		<u>118,118</u>	<u>74,772</u>
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>		(73,837)	(59,130)
<b>Net current assets (liabilities)</b>		44,281	15,642
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>		<u>47,186</u>	<u>18,485</u>
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year</b>	3	(23,615)	0
<b>Provisions for liabilities</b>		(405)	(350)
<b>Total net assets (liabilities)</b>		<u>23,166</u>	<u>18,135</u>

**Capital and reserves**

Called up share capital	4	100	100
Profit and loss account		23,066	18,035

**Shareholders funds**

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**23,166**

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**18,135**

- a. For the year ending 30 September 2013 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.
- b. The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- c. The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- d. These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Approved by the board on 11 March 2014

And signed on their behalf by:

**A LEES-SMITH, Director**

**A C LEES-SMITH, Director**

**This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1068 of the Companies Act 2006.**

**Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts**

For the year ending 30 September 2013

**1 Accounting policies****Basis of accounting**

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

**Turnover**

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

**Stocks**

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

**Work in progress**

Work in progress is valued on the basis of direct costs plus attributable overheads based on normal level of activity. Provision is made for any foreseeable losses where appropriate. No element of profit is included in the valuation of work in progress.

**Deferred taxation**

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions: Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted. Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

**Fixed Assets**

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

**Financial Instruments**

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity

instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

## Depreciation

Depreciation has been provided at the following rates in order to write off the assets over their estimated useful lives.

Equipment                      20% Straight line

## 2 Fixed Assets

	<b>Tangible Assets</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Cost or valuation</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
At 01 October 2012	14,873	14,873
Additions	1,287	1,287
At 30 September 2013	<u>16,160</u>	<u>16,160</u>
<b>Depreciation</b>		
At 01 October 2012	12,030	12,030
Charge for year	1,225	1,225
At 30 September 2013	<u>13,255</u>	<u>13,255</u>
<b>Net Book Value</b>		
At 30 September 2013	2,905	2,905
At 30 September 2012	<u>2,843</u>	<u>2,843</u>

## 3 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	<b>2013</b>	<b>2012</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
Instalment debts falling due after 5 years	16,921	0

## 4 Share capital

<b>2013</b>	<b>2012</b>
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	£	£
<b>Authorised share capital:</b>		
10000 Ordinary of £1 each	10,000	10,000
<b>Allotted, called up and fully paid:</b>		
100 Ordinary of £1 each	100	100