The Insolvency Act 1986

Liquidator's Statement of Receipts and Payments Pursuant to Section 192 of The Insolvency Act 1986 S.192

To the Registrar of Companies

For Official Use

Company Number

04707801

Name of Company

P K G Construction Limited

I / We Stephen Hunt Tavistock House South Tavistock Square London WC1H 9LG

Some of the figures shown on this document have been obtained from the provide office holds: South and the provide of the prov

the liquidator(\$) of the company attach a copy of my/out statement of receipts and payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Signed

Date

8/8/12

Griffins Tavistock House South Tavistock Square London WC1H 9LG

Ref PKGCO01/SJH/IPU/RXB



Software Supplied by Turnkey Computer Technology Limited Glasgow

Statement of Receipts and Payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of Company

P K G Construction Limited

Company Registered Number

04707801

State whether members' or creditors' voluntary winding up

Creditors

Date of commencement of winding up

08 February 2007

Date to which this statement is

brought down

07 August 2012

Name and Address of Liquidator

Stephen Hunt Tavistock House South Tavistock Square London WC1H 9LG

NOTES

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms. The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies

Form and Contents of Statement

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold etc., and the account of disbursements should contain all payments of costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on page 5 of the form. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such, nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively.

Trading Account

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the total of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement

Dividends

- (3) When dividends, instalments of compositions, etc. are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc. actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum, and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor, and the amount of dividend, etc payable to each creditor or contributory
- (4) When unclaimed dividends, etc. are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.
- (5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules

Liquidator's statement of account

under section 192 of the Insolvency	ACT 1986
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Realisations				
Date	Of whom received	Nature of assets realised	Amount	
		Brought Forward	5,411 20	
09/02/2012 09/03/2012 10/04/2012 09/05/2012 11/06/2012 09/07/2012	INTEREST (GROSS) INTEREST (GROSS) INTEREST (GROSS) INTEREST (GROSS) INTEREST (GROSS) INTEREST (GROSS)	Bank Interest Gross	1 12 1 05 1 16 1 05 1 20 1 02	
		Some of the figures shown have been obtained from to	on this document not to mouse of se	
		Carned Forward	5,417 80	

Date	To whom paid	Nature of disbursements	Amoun
		Brought Forward	115 2
26/04/2012	HM Revenue & Customs	Corporation Tax	3 16
		and the	- documar.
		Some of the figures shown on the have been obtained for the	

Analysis of balance

Total realisations		£ 5,417 80
Total disbursements	Balance £	5,299 37
This balance is made up as follows		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Cash in hands of liquidator		0 00
2 Balance at bank		5,299 37
Amount in Insolvency Services Account		0 00
	£	
4 Amounts invested by liquidator	0 00	
Less The cost of investments realised	0 00	
Balance		0 00
5 Accrued Items		0 00
Total Balance as shown above		5,299 37

NOTE - Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement

The Liquidator should also state -

(1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up

Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured creditors	<i>L.</i>
including the holders of floating charges)	Nil
Liabilities - Fixed charge creditors	34,530 00
Floating charge holders	34,530 00
Preferential creditors	0 00
Unsecured creditors	47,639 00

(2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the commencement of the winding up -

Paid up in cash
Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash
0 00

(3) The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet)

A claim against the insurance bond of the former office holder

(4) Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded

To allow for the conclusion of the claim against the former office holder

(5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed

6 months

Some of the figures shown on this document have been obtained from the previous office holder and as such have not been verified