Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 30 November 2022

for

MEALING TAXIS LIMITED

Contents of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 November 2022

	Page
Company Information	1
Balance Sheet	2
Notes to the Financial Statements	4

MEALING TAXIS LIMITED

Company Information for the year ended 30 November 2022

Directors:	Mr R Mealing Mr J W Mealing
Secretary:	Mrs L Mealing
Registered office:	3rd Floor Marlborough House 298 Regents Park Road Finchley London N3 2SZ
Registered number:	04524636 (England and Wales)
Accountants:	Haines Watts Chartered Accountants 3rd Floor Marlborough House 298 Regents Park Road Finchley London N3 2SZ

Balance Sheet 30 November 2022

	Notes	£	2022 £	£	2021 £
Fixed assets	11000	~	•	~	~
Intangible assets	4		43,240		40,200
Tangible assets	5		72,700 115,940		96,934 137,134
Current assets					
Debtors	6	75,800		74,888	
Cash at bank		82,044 157,844		<u>216,443</u> 291,331	
Creditors					
Amounts falling due within one year	7	46,895		62,127	
Net current assets			110,949		<u>229,204</u>
Total assets less current liabilities			226,889		366,338
Creditors Amounts falling due after more than one			(20.211)		(- 2 00 6)
year	8		(39,211)		(75,806)
Provisions for liabilities Net assets			(18,417) 169,261		(18,417) 272,115
Capital and reserves Called up share capital	9		100		100
Retained earnings	•		169,161		272,015
Shareholders' funds			169,261		272,115

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 30 November 2022.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 30 November 2022 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

Balance Sheet - continued 30 November 2022

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Profit and Loss Account has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 15 May 2023 and were signed on its behalf by:

Mr R Mealing - Director

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 November 2022

1. Statutory information

Mealing Taxis Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

The presentation currency of the financial statements is the Pound Sterling (£).

2. Accounting policies

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Key source of estimation, uncertainty and judgement

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting practice requires management to make estimates and judgement that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities as well as the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the balance sheet date and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period.

There is estimation uncertainty in calculating depreciation. A full line by line review of fixed assets is carried out by management regularly. Whilst every attempt is made to ensure that the depreciation policy is as accurate as possible, there remains a risk that the policy does not match the useful life of the assets.

There is estimation uncertainty in calculating deferred tax. A full line by line review of deferred tax is carried out by management regularly. Whilst every attempt is made to ensure that the deferred tax is accurate as possible, there remains a risk that the provisions do not match the actual tax liability when asset is disposed off.

There is estimation uncertainty in calculating bad debt provisions. A full line by line review of trade debtors is carried out at the end of each month. Whilst every attempt is made to ensure that the bad debt provisions are as accurate as possible, there remains a risk that the provisions do not match the level of debts which ultimately prove to be uncollectable.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially measured at cost. After initial recognition, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Development costs are being amortised evenly over their estimated useful life of ten years.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life or, if held under a finance lease, over the lease term, whichever is the shorter.

Plant and machinery - 25% on reducing balance Fixtures and fittings - 25% on reducing balance Computer equipment - 25% on reducing balance

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 30 November 2022

2. Accounting policies - continued

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Trade debtors and creditors are classified as basic financial instruments and measured at initial recognition at transaction price. Debtors and creditors are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. A provision is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due.

Cash and cash equivalents are classified as basic financial instruments and comprise cash in hand and at bank and bank overdrafts which are integral part of the company's cash management.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by the company are classified in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts or finance leases are capitalised in the balance sheet. Those held under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Those held under finance leases are depreciated over their estimated useful lives or the lease term, whichever is the shorter.

The interest element of these obligations is charged to profit or loss over the relevant period. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability.

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 30 November 2022

3. Employees and directors

The average number of employees during the year was 6 (2021 - 8).

4. Intangible fixed assets

	Development costs £
Cost	
At 1 December 2021	56,000
Additions	9,600
At 30 November 2022	65,600
Amortisation	
At 1 December 2021	15,800
Amortisation for year	6,560
At 30 November 2022	22,360
Net book value	
At 30 November 2022	43,240
At 30 November 2021	40,200

5. Tangible fixed assets

	Fixtures			
	Plant and machinery £	and fittings £	Computer equipment £	Totals £
Cost				
At 1 December 2021				
and 30 November 2022	284,552	1,929	14,434	300,915
Depreciation				
At 1 December 2021	192,000	1,224	10,757	203,981
Charge for year	23,138	177	919	24,234
At 30 November 2022	215,138	1,401	11,676	228,215
Net book value				
At 30 November 2022	69,414	528	2,758	72,700
At 30 November 2021	92,552	705	3,677	96,934

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 30 November 2022

Fixed assets, included in the above, which are held under hire purchase contracts are as follows: Plant and machinery in the above which are held under hire purchase contracts are as follows: Cost	5.	Tangible fixed assets - continued		
Cost 148,434 At 1 December 2021 148,434 Depreciation 15,655 At 1 December 2021 15,655 At 30 November 2022 16,1655 At 30 November 2022 46,965 At 30 November 2021 2022 2021 4, 20 2022 2021 Trade debtors 75,425 74,513 Other debtors 375 75,800 74,888 7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2022 2021 Hire purchase contracts 25,587		Fixed assets, included in the above, which are held under hire purchase contracts are as	follows:	machinery
At 1 December 2021 and 30 November 2022 148,434 Popreciation St,814 Charge for year 15,655 At 30 November 2022 101,469 Net book value At 30 November 2022 46,965 At 30 November 2022 46,965 At 30 November 2022 46,965 At 30 November 2022 2010 Resembly 10		Cost		*
Pepreciation				
At 1 December 2021 85,814 Charge for year 15,655 At 30 November 2022 101,469 At 30 November 2022 46,965 At 30 November 2021 2021 6. Debtors: amounts falling due within one year 2022 2021 Trade debtors 375 75,425 74,513 Other debtors 375 375 75,800 74,888 7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year \$		and 30 November 2022		148,434
Charge for year 15,655 At 30 November 2022 46,965 At 30 November 2021 46,965 At 30 November 2021 46,965 At 30 November 2021 2021 £ £ £ Trade debtors 75,425 74,513 Other debtors 375 375 Other debtors 375,800 74,888 7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year £ £ Hire purchase contracts 25,587 25,587 Trade creditors 657 5,918 Taxation and social security 16,748 26,692 Other creditors 3,903 3,903 46,895 65,127 5 8. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 2022 2021 £ £ £ £ Hire purchase contracts 5,820 3,1,407 Other creditors 33,391 44,399		Depreciation		
At 30 November 2022 46,965 At 30 November 2022 46,965 At 30 November 2021 62,2021 6. Debtors: amounts falling due within one year 2021 2021 Trade debtors 75,425 74,513 Other debtors 375, 375 Other debtors 375,800 74,888 7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2022 2021 Hire purchase contracts 25,587 Trade creditors 657 5,918 Taxation and social security 16,748 26,692 Other creditors 16,748 26,692 Other creditors 3,903 3,903 Other creditors 46,805 62,127 8. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 2022 2021 Hire purchase contracts 5,820 31,407 Other creditors 5,820 31,407 Other creditors 5,820 31,407 Other creditors 3,830 44,399		At 1 December 2021		85,814
Net book value At 30 November 2022 46,965 At 30 November 2021 62,620 6. Debtors: amounts falling due within one year 2022 2021 f. Example of the debtors of the debt		Charge for year		15,655
At 30 November 2021 46,965 (62,620) 6. Debtors: amounts falling due within one year 2022 (2021) f. Trade debtors (2012) 75,425 (2012) Other debtors (2012) 75,425 (2012) Other debtors (2012) 75,800 (2012) 7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2022 (2012) Hire purchase contracts (2012) 5,887 (2012) Trade creditors (2012) 657 (2012) Taxation and social security (2012) 16,748 (26,992) Other creditors (2012) 3,903 (2012) 8. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 2021 (2012) F. Hire purchase contracts (2012) 5,820 (2012) Hire purchase contracts (2012) 5,820 (2012) Other creditors (2012) 33,391 (2012)				<u> 101,469</u>
At 30 November 2021 6. Debtors: amounts falling due within one year Trade debtors Other debtors Other debtors Other debtors Other debtors 7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year Trade creditors 7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year Hire purchase contracts Trade creditors Trade creditors 1022 2021 £ £ £ Hire purchase contracts 16,748 26,92 Other creditors 3,903 3,903 46,895 62,127 8. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year Full the purchase contracts 16,748 26,92 26				
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year 2022 2021 f £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ 5 375				-
Trade debtors Other debtors 75,425 (74,513) (75,800) 74,818 (75,800) 74,818 (75,800) 74,888 (75,800)		At 30 November 2021		62,620
Trade debtors Other debtors 75,425 (74,513) (75,800) 74,818 (75,800) 74,818 (75,800) 74,888 (75,800)	6.	Debtors: amounts falling due within one year		
Trade debtors 75,425 74,513 Other debtors 375 375 75,800 74,888 7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2022 2021 # £ £ £ Hire purchase contracts 25,587 25,587 25,587 Trade creditors 657 5,918 26,692 26,692 26,692 26,692 26,692 26,692 26,692 26,212 27 27 27 28<	•	2 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	2022	2021
Trade debtors Other debtors 75,425 375 375 375 375 375 75,800 74,888 7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2022 2021 £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £				
Other debtors 375 75,800 375 74,888 7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2022 £ 2021 £ Hire purchase contracts 25,587 25,587 Trade creditors 657 5,918 Taxation and social security 16,748 26,692 Other creditors 3,903 3,903 8. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 2022 2021 £ £ Hire purchase contracts 5,820 31,407 Other creditors 33,391 44,399		Trade debtors	75,425	
7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year Creditors: amounts falling due within one year Filine purchase contracts 25,587		Other debtors		
Mire purchase contracts 25,587 25			75,800	74,888
Mire purchase contracts 25,587 25	7	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
Hire purchase contracts £ £ Trade creditors 25,587 25,587 Trade creditors 657 5,918 Taxation and social security 16,748 26,692 Other creditors 3,903 3,930 46,895 62,127 8. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 2022 2021 £ £ Hire purchase contracts 5,820 31,407 Other creditors 33,391 44,399	, .	Creditors amounts ranning due Weith one year	2022	2021
Trade creditors 657 5,918 Taxation and social security 16,748 26,692 Other creditors 3,903 3,930 46,895 62,127 8. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 2022 2021 £ £ Hire purchase contracts 5,820 31,407 Other creditors 33,391 44,399				-
Taxation and social security 16,748 26,692 Other creditors 3,903 3,930 46,895 62,127 8. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 2022 2021 £ £ Hire purchase contracts 5,820 31,407 Other creditors 33,391 44,399		Hire purchase contracts	25,587	25,587
Other creditors 3,903 46,895 3,930 62,127 8. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 2022 £ £ Hire purchase contracts Other creditors 3,930 62,127 9.2021 1 1 2 2 2 2021 2 2021 2 3 3,407 3 3,391 31,407 44,399		Trade creditors	657	5,918
Kereditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 2022 2021 £ £ £ Hire purchase contracts Other creditors 5,820 31,407 33,391 44,399		Taxation and social security		
8. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 2022 2021 £ £ Hire purchase contracts 5,820 31,407 Other creditors 33,391 44,399		Other creditors		
2022 2021 £ £ Hire purchase contracts $5,820$ $31,407$ Other creditors $33,391$ $44,399$			<u>46,895</u>	62,127
2022 2021 £ £ Hire purchase contracts $5,820$ $31,407$ Other creditors $33,391$ $44,399$	8.	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		
Hire purchase contracts 5,820 31,407 Other creditors 33,391 44,399		··· -··	2022	2021
Other creditors <u>33,391</u> <u>44,399</u>				
		Hire purchase contracts	5,820	31,407
		Other creditors		

39,211

75,806

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 30 November 2022

9.	Called up share capital
	Allotted, issued and fully paid:

 Number:
 Class:
 Nominal value:
 2022
 2021

 100
 Ordinary
 £1
 100
 100

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.