3DMD TECHNOLOGIES LIMITED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017 PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR

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STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2017

		2017		2016	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	3		646,417		89,673
Investments	5 .		50		50
Current assets					
Debtors	6	1,079,980		949,619	
Cash at bank and in hand		306		130	
		1,080,286		949,749	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(1,402,446)		(784,241)	•
Not ourrent (liabilities)/secote			(222.160)		165 500
Net current (liabilities)/assets			(322,160)		165,508 ———
Total assets less current liabilities			324,307		255,231
Provisions for liabilities			67		7,393
Net assets			324,374		262,624
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	8		112,646		112,646
Share premium account			88,261		88,261
Profit and loss reserves			123,467		61,717
Total equity			324,374		262,624

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the income statement within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 December 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED)

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2017

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 26.09.2018 and are signed on its behalf by:

M/C Lane Director

Company Registration No. 04325194

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

1 Accounting policies

Company information

3DMD Technologies Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 3rd Floor North, The Forum, 74-80 Camden Street, London, NW1 0EG.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for services net of VAT.

1.3 Research and development expenditure

Research expenditure is written off against profits in the year in which it is incurred. Identifiable development expenditure is capitalised to the extent that the technical, commercial and financial feasibility can be demonstrated.

1.4 Intangible fixed assets other than goodwill

Intangible assets acquired separately from a business are recognised at cost and are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

Intangible assets acquired on business combinations are recognised separately from goodwill at the acquisition date where it is probable that the expected future economic benefits that are attributable to the asset will flow to the entity and the cost or value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Amortisation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Development costs

33% on cost

1.5 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Plant and machinery

33% on cost

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.6 Fixed asset investments

Interests in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. The investments are assessed for impairment at each reporting date and any impairment losses or reversals of impairment losses are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

A subsidiary is an entity controlled by the company. Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

1.7 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

1.8 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.9 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's statement of financial position when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.10 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.11 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the income statement because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

1.12 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

1.13 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 5 (2016 - 5).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

3	Intangible fixed assets	Dovelor	ment costs
		Develop	£
	Cost		-
	At 1 January 2017		574,956
	Additions		612,060
	At 31 December 2017		1,187,016
	Amortisation and impairment		
	At 1 January 2017		485,283
	Amortisation charged for the year		55,316
	At 31 December 2017		540,599
	Carrying amount		
	At 31 December 2017		646,417
	At 31 December 2016		89,673
	To contract the first description		
4	Tangible fixed assets		
		Plant and mach	inon, oto
		Plant and mach	-
	Cost	Plant and mach	ninery etc £
		Plant and mach	-
	Cost	Plant and mach	£
	Cost At 1 January 2017 and 31 December 2017	Plant and mach	£
	Cost At 1 January 2017 and 31 December 2017 Depreciation and impairment	Plant and mach	41,479
	Cost At 1 January 2017 and 31 December 2017 Depreciation and impairment At 1 January 2017 and 31 December 2017	Plant and mach	41,479
	Cost At 1 January 2017 and 31 December 2017 Depreciation and impairment At 1 January 2017 and 31 December 2017 Carrying amount	Plant and mach	41,479
	Cost At 1 January 2017 and 31 December 2017 Depreciation and impairment At 1 January 2017 and 31 December 2017 Carrying amount At 31 December 2017 At 31 December 2016	Plant and mach	41,479
5	Cost At 1 January 2017 and 31 December 2017 Depreciation and impairment At 1 January 2017 and 31 December 2017 Carrying amount At 31 December 2017	Plant and mach	41,479
5	Cost At 1 January 2017 and 31 December 2017 Depreciation and impairment At 1 January 2017 and 31 December 2017 Carrying amount At 31 December 2017 At 31 December 2016	-	41,479
5	Cost At 1 January 2017 and 31 December 2017 Depreciation and impairment At 1 January 2017 and 31 December 2017 Carrying amount At 31 December 2017 At 31 December 2016	2017	41,479 41,479

Fixed asset investments not carried at market value

Investments are stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

6	Debtors	2017	2016
	Amounts falling due within one year:	£	, £
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	1,078,885	948,484
	Other debtors	1,095	1,135
		1,079,980	949,619
7	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2017	2016
		£	£
	Trade creditors	1,170	-
	Amounts due to group undertakings	1,239,557	627,498
	Corporation tax	4,078	-
	Other taxation and social security	7,123	6,225
	Other creditors	150,518	150,518
		1,402,446	784,241 ———
8	Called up share capital		
		2017	2016
	Outlines where contact	£	£
	Ordinary share capital		
	Issued and fully paid 964,290 Ordinary shares of 10p each	96,429	96,429
	162,170 Ordinary "A" shares of 10p each	16,217	16,217
	102, 170 Ordinary A shares of Top each		
		112,646	112,646

9 Financial commitments, guarantees and contingent liabilities

The company has provided security in respect of various loans made to 3DMD LLC, a wholly owned subsidiary. The loans are secured by fixed and floating charges over all assets, intellectual property, present and future goodwill, uncalled share capital and all present and future rights of the company.

10 Events after the reporting date

The directors were not aware of any events after the reporting date which would materially affect the financial statements.

11 Directors' transactions

Included under other creditors are loans from the director C Lane of £116,036 (2016 - £116,036) and K Duncan of £34,482 (2016 - £34,482). The loans are secured by fixed and floating charges over all assets, intellectual property, present and future goodwill, uncalled share capital and all present and future rights of the company.