

Registered number
04217275

Becton Limited

Filleted Accounts

31 March 2020

Becton Limited**Registered number:** 04217275**Balance Sheet****as at 31 March 2020**

	Notes	2020 £	2019 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	3	150,000	150,000
Current assets			
Debtors	4	55	55
Cash at bank and in hand		553	1,299
		<u>608</u>	<u>1,354</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5	(104,152)	(104,807)
Net current liabilities		<u>(103,544)</u>	<u>(103,453)</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>46,456</u>	<u>46,547</u>
Provisions for liabilities		(9,440)	(9,440)
Net assets		<u>37,016</u>	<u>37,107</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		96	96
Non distributable reserves	6	37,759	37,759
Profit and loss account		(839)	(748)
Shareholders' funds		<u>37,016</u>	<u>37,107</u>

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

R Whittle

Director

Approved by the board on 27 November 2020

Becton Limited
Notes to the Accounts
for the year ended 31 March 2020

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Investment property

The leasehold investment property is held on the balance sheet at what the directors consider to be its fair value (open market value). Any surplus or deficit on revaluation is dealt with through profit and loss. No depreciation is provided in respect of the investment property.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

2 Employees	2020	2019
	Number	Number
Average number of persons employed by the company	<u>4</u>	<u>4</u>

3 Tangible fixed assets

	Land and buildings
	£
Valuation	
At 1 April 2019	150,000
At 31 March 2020	<u>150,000</u>
Depreciation	
At 31 March 2020	<u>-</u>
Net book value	
At 31 March 2020	<u>150,000</u>
At 31 March 2019	<u>150,000</u>

Investment Property	2020	2019
	£	£
Historical cost	102,801	102,801
Cumulative depreciation based on historical cost	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
	102,801	102,801

The investment property has been revalued on a open market basis by the directors on 31 March 2020 at £150,000 (2019 - £150,000)

4 Debtors	2020	2019
	£	£
Other debtors	<u>55</u>	<u>55</u>

5 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2020	2019
	£	£
Trade creditors	-	680
Taxation and social security costs	600	600
Other creditors	<u>103,552</u>	<u>103,527</u>
	<u>104,152</u>	<u>104,807</u>

6 Non distributable reserves	2020	2019
	£	£

At 1 April 2019	37,759	37,759
At 31 March 2020	<u>37,759</u>	<u>37,759</u>

7 Other information

Becton Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

Unit 3 Vista Place
Ingworth Road
Poole
Dorset
BH12 1JY

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.