Report and Financial Statements

Period Ended

31 December 2011

Company Number 04070861



Report and financial statements for the period ended 31 December 2011

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Directors

C P J Ash

S Schrier

R Waddell

Registered office

Fifth Floor, 61 Southwark Street, London, SE1 0HL

Company number

04070861

Auditors

BDO LLP, 55 Baker Street, London, W1U 7EU

Report of the directors for the period ended 31 December 2011

On 13 January 2012 the company shortened it's accounting period to end on 31 December 2011 Accordingly, these financial statements represent the 8 months ended 31 December 2011 The comparatives are for the year ended 30 April 2011

The directors present their report together with the audited financial statements for the period ended 31 December 2011

Results and dividends

The profit and loss account is set out on page 5 and shows the profit for the period

Principal activities and review of business

The principal activity of the company during the year was computer software design

On 15 December 2011, the company was acquired by Technology Trading IOM Limited, a company incorporated in the Isle of Man, United Kingdom Technology Trading IOM Limited's ultimate parent company is Playtech Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Isles Playtech Limited is listed on the Alternative Investment Market ("AIM")

Directors

The directors of the company during the period were

C P J Ash A Gevisser (resigned 15 December 2011) S Schrier R Waddell

Directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Report of the directors for the period ended 31 December 2011 (continued)

Auditors

All of the current directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any information needed by the company's auditors for the purposes of their audit and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information. The directors are not aware of any relevant audit information of which the auditors are unaware.

BDO LLP were appointed as auditors subsequent to the period end date and have expressed their willingness to continue in office. A resolution to re-appoint them will be proposed at the annual general meeting

In preparing this report, the directors have taken advantage of the small companies exemptions provided by section 415A of the Companies Act 2006

On behalf of the board

JSM June ZONZ

C P J Ash Director

Independent auditor's report

To the members of Ash Gaming Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Ash Gaming Limited for the 8 month period ended 31 December 2011 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the statement of directors' responsibilities, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the APB's website at www frc org uk/apb/scope/private cfm

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2011 and of its profit for the period then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the directors' report for the financial period for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Independent auditor's report (continued)

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the directors' report in accordance with the small companies' regime

BDO LL

Kieran Storan (senior statutory auditor) For and on behalf of BDO LLP, statutory auditor London United Kingdom

25/6/2012

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127)

Profit and loss account for the period ended 31 December 2011

	Note	8 months ended 31 December 2011 £	Year ended 30 April 2011 £
Turnover	2	3,504,340	4,235,880
Cost of sales		1,584,463	1,439,964
Gross profit		1,919,877	2,795,916
Administrative expenses		486,397	643,269
Operating profit	3	1,433,480	2,152,647
Other interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar charges	6	3,578	366 (1,239)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		1,437,058	2,151,774
Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	7	638,565	(606,877)
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation		2,075,623	1,544,897

All amounts relate to continuing activities

All recognised gains and losses in the current period and prior year are included in the profit and loss account

Balance sheet at 31 December 2011

Company number 04070861	Note	31 December 2011 £	31 December 2011 £	30 Aprıl 2011 £	30 April 2011 £
Fixed assets Intangible assets Tangible assets	8 9		1,377,778 100,771		1,214,338 116,961
			1,478,549		1,331,299
Current assets Stocks Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	10 11	600,049 1,788,653 164,366 		384,465 1,786,719 1,206,777 3,377,961	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	12	1,524,320		2,039,695	
Net current assets			1,028,748		1,338,266
Total assets less current liabilities			2,507,297		2,669,565
Provisions for liabilities	13		16,338		16,338
			2,490,959		2,653,227
Capital and reserves Called up share capital Share premium account Profit and loss account	15 16 16		1,510 334,489 2,154,960		1,217 216,187 2,435,823
Shareholders' funds	17		2,490,959		2,653,227

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 25th June 2011

C P J Ash Director CAN

The notes on pages 7 to 18 form part of these financial statements

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period ended 31 December 2011

1 Accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008)

The following principal accounting policies have been applied

Turnover

Turnover comprises revenue recognised by the company in respect of goods and services supplied, exclusive of value added tax and trade discounts. Income is recognised at the point a game is made available to the customer.

Intangible fixed assets and amortisation

Trademarks and licences are capitalised at cost and are amortised over the trademark/licence period of 3 years on a straight line basis

Research and development

Development expenditure is written off in the year incurred unless the directors are satisfied as to the technical, commercial and financial viability of individual projects. In this situation the expenditure is capitalised within intangible fixed assets and is amortised over the period from which the company is expected to benefit, which is normally 3 years

In respect of games that are developed and licensed to customers, only the direct employment costs related to developing those games are capitalised within intangible fixed assets and are amortised over the period from which the company is expected to benefit, which is normally 3 years

In respect of games that are developed and sold to customers, a proportion of development expenditure, based upon projected revenue, is recognised within debtors and amortised over the period from which the company is expected to benefit, which is normally 3 years

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost, less estimated residual values, of all tangible fixed assets, except for investment properties and freehold land, evenly over their expected useful lives. It is calculated at the following rates

Short term leasehold property

- Straight line over the term of the lease

Fixtures and fittings
Computer equipment

33 33% straight line33 33% straight line

Work in progress and deferred income

Payments received in advance are accounted for via deferred income

Work in progress is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value on a game by game basis

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period ended 31 December 2011 (continued)

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except that the recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that the company anticipates making sufficient taxable profits in the future to absorb the reversal of the underlying timing differences

Deferred tax balances are not discounted

Foreign currency

Foreign currency transactions are translated into sterling at the rates ruling when they occurred. Foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the rates ruling at the balance sheet date. Any differences are taken to the profit and loss account.

Pension costs

Contributions to the company's defined contribution pension scheme are charged to the profit and loss account in the period in which they become payable

Share-based payment

The company issues equity-settled share based payments to certain employees (including directors) Equity-settled share based payments are measured at fair value at the date of grant. The company has not recognised a fair value charge in the financial statements on the basis that the difference between the exercise price and fair value on the date of grant is immaterial. However, the required disclosures under FRS 20 'Share-based payments' have been made in the financial statements.

Cash flow statement

The company has taken advantage of the exemption conferred by Financial Reporting Standard 1 'Cash Flow Statements (Revised 1996)' not to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds that it is a subsidiary undertaking where 90 percent or more of the voting rights are controlled within the group

Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting.

Leased assets

All leases are treated as operating leases Their annual rentals are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease

Progressive and other operators' jackpots

Several of the company's licences participate in progressive jackpot games. Each time a progressive jackpot game is played, a preset amount is added to a cumulative jackpot for that specific game. The accrual for the jackpot at the balance sheet date is included in other creditors.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period ended 31 December 2011 (continued)

2 Turnover

Turnover is wholly attributable to the principal activity of the company

The analysis of turnover by geographical market required by paragraph 68 of Schedule 1 to the Large and Medium-Sized Companies and Groups (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 has not been provided as, in the opinion of the directors, such disclosure would be seriously prejudicial to the interests of the company

3 Operating profit

	8 months ended 31 December 2011 £	Year ended 30 April 2011 £
This is arrived at after charging		
Research and development - amortisation of capitalised expenditure	526,191	217,578
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	128,687	64,550
Amortisation of other intangible fixed assets	31,006	12,462
Hire of other assets - operating leases Auditors' remuneration	67,486	113,342
- fees payable to the company's auditor for the audit of the		
company's annual accounts	12,500	10,000
Exchange differences	22,898	-
Pension costs	42,399	52,400

4 Employees

Staff costs (including directors) consist of

	8 months ended 31 December 2011 £	Year ended 30 April 2011 £
Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs	648,376 135,215 42,399	659,851 147,975 52,400
	825,990	860,226

The average number of employees (including directors) during the period/year was 44 (2011 - 37)

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period ended 31 December 2011 *(continued)*

5 Directors' remuneration

	8 months ended 31 December 2011 £	Year ended 30 April 2011 £
Directors' emoluments Company contributions to money purchase pension schemes	241,009 42,400	343,760 52,400

The total amount payable to the highest paid director in respect of emoluments was £111,009 (2011 - £148,760) Company pension contributions of £8,000 (2011 - £12,000) were made to a money purchase scheme on their behalf

6 Interest payable and similar charges

	8 months ended 31 December 2011 £	Year ended 30 April 2011 £
Interest paid on overdue corporation tax Other	-	1,014 225
		1,239

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period ended 31 December 2011 *(continued)*

7	Taxation	on	profit of	n ordinary	activities

	8 months ended 31 December 2011 £	Year ended 30 April 2011 £
UK Corporation tax Current tax on profits of the period/year Adjustment in respect of previous periods	(638,565) -	614,371 (10,898)
Total current tax	(638,565)	603,473
Deferred tax Origination and reversal of timing differences Adjustment in respect of previous periods Effect of tax rate change on opening balance	- - -	(1,028) 5,768 (1,336)
Movement in deferred tax provision		3,404
Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	(638,565)	606,877

The tax assessed for the period/year is lower than/higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK applied to profit before tax. The differences are explained below

8 months ended 31 December 2011 £	Year ended 30 April 2011 £
1,437,058	2,151,774
373,635	602,497
25,648	12.347
10,002	2,717
(1,095,447)	-
-	(10,898)
47,597	-
<u> </u>	(3,190)
(638,565)	603,473
	ended 31 December 2011 £ 1,437,058 373,635 25,648 10,002 (1,095,447) 47,597

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period ended 31 December 2011 (continued)

8 Intangible fixed assets

	Development costs £	Trademarks and licences £	Total £
Cost At 1 May 2011 Additions	1,439,878 712,387	72,918 8,250	1,512,796 720,637
At 31 December 2011	2,152,265	81,168	2,233,433
Amortisation At 1 May 2011 Provided for the period	276,820 526,191	21,638 31,006	298,458 557,197
At 31 December 2011	803,011	52,644	855,655
Net book value At 31 December 2011	1,349,254	28,524	1,377,778
At 30 April 2011	1,163,058	51,280	1,214,338

During the period, the company reviewed the useful economic life of all intangible fixed assets. Following this review it was decided to reduce the useful economic life from 5 to 3 years. As a result of this change in estimate, an incremental amortisation charge of £308,154 has been recognised in the period.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period ended 31 December 2011 *(continued)*

9	Tangible fixed assets				
		Short term leasehold property £	Fixtures and fittings	Computer equipment £	Total £
	Cost At 1 May 2011 Additions	66,199	35,497 31,750	88,253 80,747	189,949 112,497
	At 31 December 2011	66,199	67,247	169,000	302,446
	Depreciation At 1 May 2011 Provided for the period	22,066 15,371	13,117 25,723	37,805 87,593	72,988 128,687
	At 31 December 2011	37,437	38,840	125,398	201,675
	Net book value At 31 December 2011	28,762	28,407	43,602	100,771
	At 30 April 2011	44,133	22,380	50,448	116,961
10	Stocks				
			;	31 December 2011 £	30 April 2011 £
	Work in progress			600,049	384,465

There is no material difference between the replacement cost of stocks and the amounts stated above

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period ended 31 December 2011 *(continued)*

11	Debtors		
		31 December 2011 £	30 April 2011 £
	Amounts receivable within one year	Ľ	L
	Trade debtors	1,379,221	1,301,346
	Corporation tax recoverable	24,944 8,719	6,492
	Other debtors	279,976	325,233
	Prepayments and accrued income Amounts recoverable on long term contracts	38,679	37,807
		1,731,539	1,670,878
	Amounts receivable after more than one year	1,731,335	1,070,070
	Amounts recoverable on long term contracts	57,114	115,841
	Total debtors	1,788,653	1,786,719
12	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		31 December	30 April
		2011 £	2011 £
	Trade creditors	32,698	132,870
	Corporation tax		613,621
	Other taxation and social security	153,200 716,760	77,780
	Other creditors	716,769 621,653	1,215,424
	Accruals and deferred income	621,653 ————	
		1,524,320	2,039,695

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period ended 31 December 2011 (continued)

13	Prov	visions	for	liabilities
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Totalona for habilities	
	Deferred taxation £
At 1 May 2011 and 31 December 2011	16,338
·	
Deferred taxation	
31 Decemb	-
20	
	£ £
Accelerated capital allowances 12,9	12,934
Revaluation surplus 3,4	3,404
16,3	38 16,338
10,0	10,000

14 Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The pension charge amounted to £42,400 (2011 - £52,400). There were no outstanding or prepaid contributions at either the beginning or end of the financial period.

15 Share capital

	31 December 2011 £	30 April 2011 £
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
151,035 (30 April 2011 -121,700) Ordinary shares of £0 01 each	1,510	1,217
151,035 (30 April 2011 - 121,700) Ordinary shares of £0 01 each	1,510	1,21

On the 15 December 2011 22,079 shares with a nominal value of $\mathfrak L0$ 01 each were issued under the share option scheme for 2005 for cash consideration of $\mathfrak L48,574\,$ A further 7,256 shares with a nominal value of $\mathfrak L0$ 01 each were issued under the share option scheme for 2010 for cash consideration of $\mathfrak L70,020\,$

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period ended 31 December 2011 *(continued)*

16	Reserves		
		Share premium account £	Profit and loss account
	At 1 May 2011 Premium on shares issued during the period Profit for the period Dividends	216,187 118,302 - -	2,435,823 2,075,623 (2,356,486)
	At 31 December 2011	334,489	2,154,960
17	Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds	31 December	30 April
		2011 £	2011 £
	Profit for the period/year Dividends	2,075,623 (2,356,486)	1,544,897 (90,000)
	Issue of shares Premium on shares issued during the period	(280,863) 293 118,302	1,454,897
	Net (deductions from)/additions to shareholders' funds	(162,268)	1,454,897
	Opening shareholders' funds	2,653,227	1,198,330
	Closing shareholders' funds	2,490,959	2,653,227

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period ended 31 December 2011 (continued)

18 Share-based payments

The company has two share option schemes for certain employees (including directors) Options are exercisable at a price equal to the average market price of the company's shares on the date of grant. The vesting period is usually 2 to 10 years. The options are settled in equity once exercised. If the option remains unexercised after a period of 10 years from the date of grant, the options expire options are forfeited if the employee leaves the company before the options vest. There are no performance conditions attached to the shares.

	31 December 2011	31 December 2011	30 April 2011 Weighted	30 April 2011
	Weighted average exercise		average exercise price	
	price(pence)	Number	(pence)	Number
Outstanding at the beginning of the	0.00	00.070	0.71	07.670
period/year Granted during the period/year	3.99	29,079 -	3 71 9 65	27,679 7,000
Forfeited during the period/year Exercised during the period/year	3.99	(29,079)	9 6 5 -	(5,600) -
Outstanding at the end of the period/year			3 99	29,079

For the options exercised during the period the weighted average share price at the date of the exercise was £148 94 (2011 - £Nil)

No options were outstanding at the end of the period During the prior year, 5,600 options with an exercise price of £9 65 were cancelled, and 7,000 options with an exercise price of £9 65 were granted. The average contractual life of those options in the prior year was 5 7 years.

19 Dividends

	8 months ended 31 December 2011 £	Year ended 30 April 2011 £
Ordinary shares Interim paid of £15 60 (2011 - £0 7395) per share	2,356,486 ———	90,000

Dividends paid to directors during the year amounted to £1,641,898 (2011 - £62,708)

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period ended 31 December 2011 (continued)

20 Commitments under operating leases

The company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below

Land and buildings 31 December 2011 £ Operating leases which expire	Land and buildings 30 April 2011 £
In two to five years 121,529	121,529

21 Related party disclosures

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Playtech Limited, and has taken advantage of the exemption conferred by Financial Reporting Standard 8 'Related party disclosures' not to disclose transactions with Playtech Limited or other wholly owned subsidiaries within the group

22 Ultimate parent company and parent undertaking of larger group

On 15 December 2011, the company was acquired by Technology Trading IOM Limited, a company incorporated in the Isle of Man, United Kingdom Technology Trading IOM Limited's ultimate parent company is Playtech Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Isles

Prior to the 15 December 2011, the company's immediate and ultimate controlling party was C P J Ash, a director

The largest and smallest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by Playtech Limited. The consolidated accounts of this company are available to the public and may be obtained from the group's website (www playtech com). No other group accounts include the results of the company.