Company Registration No. 3999163

ASSOCIATED BULK CARRIERS LIMITED

Report and Financial Statements

31 December 2002

Deloitte & Touche London



REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2002

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REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2002

OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

DIRECTORS

Sir Bruce MacPhail
K.W. Timmermann
Capt R. Zingher
S. Kellner (Resigned 4 September 2002)
A Lion (Appointed 5 September 2002)
E Ofer (Appointed 16 September 2002)

SECRETARY

Chaim Klein

REGISTERED OFFICE

Lynton House 7/12 Tavistock Square London WC1H 9TP

AUDITORS

Deloitte & Touche Chartered Accountants London

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements of the group and the company for the year ended 31 December 2002.

ACTIVITIES AND SIGNIFICANT EVENTS

The principal activity of the company and the group is the international carriage of seaborne freight.

Four vessels were sold on 15 May 2002 for \$45,246,000 resulting in a loss of \$687,000 being the unamortised dry dock costs of these vessels.

A further four vessels were sold on 30 August 2002 for \$62,527,000 resulting in a loss of \$471,498 being the unamortised dry dock costs of these vessels.

On 29 October 2002 a decision was taken to withdraw from a trading pool agreement with Cape International Inc. and revert to an original pooling agreement previously in place with other vessels managed by Zodiac Maritime Agencies Limited.

The company entered the UK Tonnage Tax regime on 1 January 2001 for an initial period of ten years. Under the tonnage tax regime the current year tax charge is calculated by reference to the net tonnage of the qualifying ships owned by the company.

The directors expect the revenues to increase over the next 12 months in line with the increase in market rates.

RESULT FOR THE PERIOD

The loss after taxation of the group for the period from 1 January 2002 to 31 December 2002 was \$9,693,000 (2001 profit: \$16,447,000).

On 15 October 2002 the directors paid a dividend of \$25,000,000.

The directors made a further dividend payment of \$15,000,000 on 10 February 2003.

CREDITOR PAYMENT POLICY

The group policy is to pay suppliers in accordance with terms and conditions agreed when orders are placed. Although the group does not follow any code or standard on payment policy, where payment terms have not been specifically agreed invoices dated in one calendar month are paid close to the end of the following month. These policies are understood by the purchasing and finance departments. The group has procedures for dealing promptly with complaints and disputes. Trade creditors of the group at 31 December 2002 were equivalent to 3.2 (2001: 5.4) days' purchases, based on the average daily amount invoiced by suppliers during the year.

DIRECTORS AND THEIR INTERESTS

The present membership of the Board is set out on page 1. The directors served throughout the year, except as noted.

During the year no directors had any participating interests in the company or any of its subsidiary undertakings.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

AUDITORS

During the year Arthur Andersen resigned as auditors and Deloitte & Touche were appointed to fill the casual vacancy arising. The directors will place a resolution before the Annual General Meeting to reappoint Deloitte & Touche as auditors for the ensuing year.

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board

Chaim Klein Secretary

3 March 2003

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

United Kingdom company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the group as at the end of the financial year and of the profit or loss of the group for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for the system of internal control, for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ASSOCIATED BULK CARRIERS LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Associated Bulk Carriers Limited for the year ended 31 December 2002 which comprise the consolidated profit and loss account, the balance sheets, the consolidated cashflow statement, the reconciliation of movement in shareholders' funds, and the related notes 1 to 20. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the statement of directors' responsibilities, the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant United Kingdom legal and regulatory requirements and auditing standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the directors' report for the above year and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom auditing standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company and the group's affairs as at 31 December 2002 and of its loss for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Deloitte & Touche

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

Delaite & Tomere

London

5 March 2003

CONSOLIDATED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT Year ended 31 December 2002

Note	2002 \$000	2001 \$000
TURNOVER Cost of sales	121,050 (112,758)	171,900 (136,431)
GROSS PROFIT Administrative expenses	8,292 (3,392)	35,469 (3,007)
OPERATING PROFIT Loss on sale of fixed assets Interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar charges 3 Interest payable and similar charges	4,900 (1,157) 297 (13,297)	32,462 1,492 (16,907)
(LOSS) / PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION 5 Tax on profit on ordinary activities 7 Tax on tonnage 7	(9,257) (18) (418)	17,047 (600)
(LOSS) / PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES AFTER TAXATION Equity dividends paid and proposed 8	(9,693) (40,000)	16,447 (52,000)
Retained loss for the year 17	(49,693)	(35,553)

The group has no recognised gains or losses in either period other than the profit or loss for that period, which were derived from continuing activities. Accordingly, no statement of total recognised gains and losses is required.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this consolidated profit and loss account.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET 31 December 2002

Note	2002 \$000	2001 \$000
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets Investments 11 12	253,252 12	385,770 12
경기 (1) 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	253,264	385,782
CURRENT ASSETS Stocks 13 Debtors 14 Cash at bank and in hand	1,483 22,900 17,718	2,598 21,697 13,400
	42,101	37,695
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year 15	(32,186)	(34,982)
NET CURRENT ASSETS	9,915	2,713
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	263,179	388,495
CREDITORS: amounts falling due after more than one year 15	(133,862)	(209,485)
NET ASSETS		
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up share capital 16 Share premium 17 Other distributable reserves 17 Profit and loss account 17	29,518 30,000 76,250 (6,451)	29,518 30,000 116,250 3,242
TOTAL EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	129,317	179,010

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 3 March 2003. Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors

Directors

CAPT R ZINGHER

SIR BRUCE MACPHAIL

COMPANY BALANCE SHEET 31 December 2002

Note	2002 \$000	2001 \$000
FIXED ASSETS		4000
Tangible assets Investments	216,901	246 485
Testificities 12	12	346,453 12
그렇게 보고 하는 그는 그릇이는 하나 있는 것 같은 경험에 가는 가고 됐었다는 말이다.		<u>, 1994 (1) (</u> 1
CURRENT ASSETS	216,913	346,465
· Strocke - The Community Communit		
Debtors 13	1,312	2,326
Cash at bank and in hand	21,727	20,382
[강마리 - 3] - 2 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	17,673	13,245
	40,712	35,953
CREDITORS: amounts falling due		
within one year	(49,875)	(50 <u>00</u> 5)
NET CURRENT ASSETS	(42,073)	(58,025)
그 보는 사람이 나는 나는 사람들이 되는 사람들이 되었다. 그는 사람들은 사람들이 가장 가장 가장 가장 하셨다.	(9,163)	(22,072)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		
	207,750	324,393
CREDITORS: amounts falling due		
after more than one year 15	(74.606)	
NET ASSETS	(74,686)	(144,985)
	133,064	179,408
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	-	
Called up share capital Share premium	29,518	20.510
Other distributable	30,000	29,518 30,000
Profit and loss account	76,250	116,250
그는 그 말이 가는 것 같아요. 그들이 얼마는 그는 눈소를 가장 그렇게 취직한 경기를 수 없다.	(2,704)	3,640
TOTAL EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS'		
FUNDS	133,064	179,408
	=====	177,408

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 3 March 2003. Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors

Directors

CAPT R ZINGHER

SIR BRUCE MACPHAIL

CONSOLIDATED CASHFLOW STATEMENT Year ended 31 December 2002

	Note	2002 \$000	2001 \$000
Net cash inflow from operating activities	20(a)	22,314	59,499
Returns on investments and servicing of finance Interest received Interest paid Finance lease interest paid		293 (8,010) (5,407)	1,457 (12,029) (5,543)
Net cash outflow from returns on investments and servicing of finance		(13,124)	(16,115)
Tax paid Dividends paid		(874) (25,000)	(52,000)
Capital expenditure and financial investment			1. 1
Disposal of fixed assets Dry docking expenditure		107,421 (251)	324 (4,540)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from capital expenditure and financial investment		107,170	(4,216)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) before management of liquid resources and financing Financing		90,486	(12,832)
Loan repayments Finance lease capital payments		(81,224) (4,944)	(17,500) (4,589)
Net cash outflow from financing		(86,168)	(22,089)
Increase/(decrease) in cash in the year	•	4,318	(34,921)

RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENT IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS Year ended 31 December 2002

	2002	2001
Group (Loss)/profit for the year	\$000	\$000
그리다 하다 나는 사람들이 얼마나 있는 나는 물이 나는 사람들은 이 가장 그리다는 생각을 입시하다.	(9,693)	16,447
Net change in shareholders' funds	(9,693)	16,447
Opening shareholders' funds Distributions made during the period	179,010 (40,000)	214,563 (52,000)
Closing shareholders' funds	129,317	179,010
Company		
(Loss)/profit for the year	(6,344)	17,762
Net change in shareholders' funds	(6,344)	17,762
Opening shareholders' funds	· ·	<u>Market in the agent</u> ation
Distributions made during the period	179,408 (40,000)	213,646 (52,000)
Closing shareholders' funds	133,064	179,408

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards. The particular accounting policies adopted are described below.

Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis.

The consolidated accounts include the accounts of the company and its subsidiary undertakings drawn up to 31 December each year.

The company has taken advantage of the exemption from presenting its own profit and loss account in accordance with section 230 of the Companies Act 1985.

Foreign currencies

The financial statements are presented in US dollars as this is the operational currency of the group.

Transactions in other currencies are translated into the reporting currency at the exchange rate in operation at the date of the transaction, or where appropriate at contracted forward rates. Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the reported currency at closing rates ruling at the balance sheet date. All revaluation differences and realised foreign exchange differences are taken to the profit and loss account.

Derivatives and other financial instruments

Amounts payable or receivable in respect of interest rate swaps are recognised as adjustments to the interest expense over the period of the contracts.

Gains or losses on instruments used for hedging are not recognised until the exposure that is being hedged is itself recognised.

Fixed Assets

Fixed assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less depreciation and any provision for impairment in value.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight line basis to write off the cost of the fixed assets to their residual values over their estimated useful lives of 20 years.

Costs incurred in respect of drydocks are capitalised and amortised to the profit and loss account over the period to the next scheduled drydock. Steelwork improvements are capitalised and amortised to the profit and loss account over the estimated useful economic life of the vessel concerned.

Finance leases and hire purchase contracts

Finance leases and hire purchase creditors represent the total minimum obligations of the company under the terms of the agreement less gross finance charges allocated to future periods.

Finance charges implicit in the contract payments are charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the contracts so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the remaining balances of the obligations for each accounting period.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) 1.

Operating leases

Rentals under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the life

Stocks

Stocks consist of consumables and are stated at lower of cost and net realisable value.

The company entered into the UK tonnage tax regime on 1 January 2001 for an initial period of ten years. Under the tonnage tax regime the current year tax charge arising on qualifying activities is calculated by reference to the net tonnage of the qualifying ships owned by the company. This method replaces both the tax-adjusted commercial profit/loss on a qualifying shipping trade and the chargeable gains/losses made on the disposal of tonnage tax assets as calculated in previous periods. The regime includes provision whereby a proportion of capital allowances previously claimed by the Group may be subject to tax in the event of a significant number of vessels being sold, restricted to a seven year period following the date of entry into the tonnage tax regime. To the extent that timing differences exist at the date of entry which represent allowances that could be clawed back, deferred tax is provided. To the extent that the company generates profits/losses which do not qualify for inclusion under the above regime they will be taxable under general

Where the company generates profits/losses which do not qualify for inclusion under the above regime, deferred taxation will be provided on income and expenditure dealt with for taxation purposes in periods different from those for accounting purposes, to the extent that it is probable that a liability or asset will

Turnover

Turnover represents voyage revenue and charter hire receivable.

Revenue recognition

Revenue from charter hire is recognised evenly over the period of the charter. Voyage revenue and costs are recognised according to the percentage completion of each voyage. Estimated losses on voyages are provided in full at the time such losses become evident.

Revenue from relet cargoes, where a vessel is voyage chartered in and voyage chartered out to a third party, is recognised at completion of loading.

2. TURNOVER

By geographical origin

All turnover, operating profit, and profit before tax is derived from UK operations.

By geographical destination

The table below shows turnover and operating profit by geographical destination on the basis of discharge port for the relevant voyage.

그는데 보다 중요 중심 이 모양을 받다고 있다.	By geog	By geographical destination			
	2002	2002 Operating	2001	2001	
	Turnover	Profit	Turnover	Operating Profit	
UK & Ireland	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000	
Continental Europe	11,749	476	16,760	3,165	
Far East	37,927	1,535	82,907	15,656	
Pacific	61,983	2,509	65,528	12,375	
Rest of the world		•	963	183	
	9,391	380	5,742	1,083	
	121,050	4,900	171,900	32,462	
Net operating assets are all managed from the Ul	 	=====		32,402	
1 When the managed from the Ol	S.	•			
INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR I	NCOME				
INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR I	NCOME		2002		
INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR I	NCOME		2002		
	NCOME		2002 \$000		
INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR I	NCOME		\$000	\$000	
Interest receivable on bank and cash balances				\$000	
Interest receivable on bank and cash balances			\$000	\$000	
			\$000	\$000	
Interest receivable on bank and cash balances			\$000	\$000 1,492	
Interest receivable on bank and cash balances INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHA			\$000 	\$000 1,492 2001	
Interest receivable on bank and cash balances INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHAI			2002 \$000	\$000 1,492 2001	
Interest receivable on bank and cash balances INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHAI			2002 \$000 (8,372)	\$000 1,492 2001 \$000	
Interest receivable on bank and cash balances INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHA			2002 \$000	\$000 1,492 2001 \$000 (11,613	
Interest receivable on bank and cash balances INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHAI			2002 \$000 (8,372)	2001 \$000 1,492 2001 \$000 (11,613) (5,294)	

. 5			UCC.		A > 7	^~~				The said of the	100		7.4	1.1		20
ು.		(1	JUDO ,)/PROFIT	UN	UKD	INAR	V AC'	$\mathbf{T}\mathbf{V}$	mre	DFE	ADE	. Ar A.	W An	ma.	÷
	- :							- 110	***	. وينفلنا	D C.F.	UKE	LA.	A A I	1 18 20	4

	마음 (1985년 - 1985년 - 1 1985년 - 1985년	2002 8000	2001 \$000
(Loss)/profit on ordinary stated after charging:	activities before taxation is	900	3000
Audit fees - Grou		110	110
Depreciation - Own	ed vessels	21,144	nilaye Jim kambayay
 Leas Dry dock amortisation 	ed vessels	2,966	28,395 3,131
Hire of vessels under op	erating leases	1,156	1,049
		19,236	19,247
Foreign exchange losses		175	22
COMPANY PROFIT	AND LOSS		
The company (loss)/pro \$17,762,000).	ofit after tax for the year ended 31 December	2002 was (\$6,344,000) (2001:
TAXATION			
		2002	2001
Tax on profit on ordinar	v activities	\$000	\$000
UK tonnage tax		18 418	600
		436	600
The deferred tax liability	y at 31 December 2002 is nil.		
- me deserted tax naomit	at 31 December 2002 is nii.		
DIVIDENDS			
		2002	2001
Interim paid – 84 7c per	ordinary share (2001 - 176.3c)	\$000	\$000
Final proposed - 50.8c j	ordinary share (2001 – 176.3c) per ordinary share (2001 – nil)	25,000 15,000	52,000
			
		40,000	52,000
DIRECTORS REMUN	ERATION		
	remuneration for services to the group during th	e current or prior year	
STAFF COSTS			
517HT CO515			
The average number of	persons employed by the	2002	2001
group (including direc	tors) during the period was:	4	

Staff numbers excluded sea staff, who were employed on contracts through third party manning agents. The aggregate payroll costs of staf employed was \$nil (2001: \$nil).

11. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Group cost	Owned vessels \$000	Finance leased vessels \$000	Dry dock costs capitalised \$000	Total \$000
At 1 January 2002	386,244	44,182	C 0.50	
Additions	•	44,102	6,259 252	436,685
Disposals	(137,197)		(1,833)	252 (139,030)
At 31 December 2002	249,047	44,182	4,678	297,907
Accumulated depreciation				:
At 1 January 2002	(45,001)	(4,865)	(1,049)	(50.016)
Charge for the year Disposals	(21,144)	(2,966)	(1,049) $(1,156)$	(50,915) (25,266)
Disposais	30,942		584	31,526
At 31 December 2002	(35,203)	(7,831)	(1,621)	(44,655)
Net book value				(1,,000)
At 31 December 2002	213,844	36,351	3,057	253,252
At 31 December 2001	341,243	39,317	5,210	385,770
Company cost				
At 1 January 2002	386,244	4.	n in de la companya di salah d Salah di salah di sa	erioria. Nesta la la propieta
Additions	300,2 44 -		6,259 252	392,503
Disposals	(137,197)		(1,477)	252 (138,674)
At 31 December 2002	249,047	- .	5,034	254,081
Accumulated depreciation				
At I January 2002	(45,001)	_	(1,049)	(46.050)
Charge for the year Disposals	(21,144)	· [(1,156)	(46,050) (22,300)
Disposais	30,942		228	31,170
At 31 December 2002	(35,203)	-	(1,977)	(37,180)
Net book value				(0.,200)
At 31 December 2002	213,844		3,057	216,901
At 31 December 2001	341,243		5,210	346,453

12. INVESTMENTS

Group and company	Investment in	Trade Total
		investment investment \$000 \$000
At 1 January 2002 and 31 December 2002		12
		12

The principal undertakings in which the group and company's interest at the period end is more than 20% is:

Name		• • •	Country of incorporation	Principal	% Equity
Associated Bulk Carriers Associated Bulk Carriers (India) Pvt. Ltd	(London) Limited Race Manning Services				capital owned 100% 50%

No significant influence is held in the 50% investment in Associated Bulk Carriers Race Manning Services (India) Pvt. Ltd. The investment is held in the balance sheet as a trade investment.

13. STOCKS

Company Bunkers Lubricants T773 1,610 539 710 1,312 2,320 14. DEBTORS Croup Trade debtors Other debtors Other debtors Called up share capital not paid Prepayments and accrued income T79 1,483 2,598 773 1,610 539 710 2002 2000 5000 5000 5000 5000 70 71 71 71 71 71 71 71 71 71 71 71 71 71		Group	2002 \$000	2001 \$000
Company Bunkers 773 1,610 539 710			and the second s	1,801 797
Lubricants		Company	1,483	2,598
2002 2007 Group \$000 \$000 Trade debtors Other debtors Called up share capital not paid Prepayments and accrued income \$3,175 1,999				1,610 716
2002 2001 2002 2001 2002 2003 2003 2004 2005			1,312	2,326
Other debtors 19,435 14,341 Called up share capital not paid 283 5,350 Prepayments and accrued income 3,175 1,990	l 4.	Group		2001 \$000
Prepayments and accrued income 3,175 1,999	٠.	Other debtors		14,341 5,350
. 이 이 하는 본부가 보호되고 말았다. 첫 그들이는 모든 이 모든 등이 있는 본부 터 등을 다 하다.		Prepayments and accrued income	7 3,175	7 1,999
			· -	21,697

•	Company Trade debtors		
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	18,889	13,677
	Called up share capital not paid		
	Other debtors	.	7
	Prepayments and accrued income	(297)	4,739
		3,128	1,959
		21,727	20,382
15.	CREDITORS		
		2002	2001
	Group	\$000's	\$000's
	Amounts falling due within one year		
	To Bank Joan was to the More setting to be the setting and the setting of the set		r in digential. In weighted a
	Obligations under finance leases	6,602 5,324	17,235
	Trade creditors Corporation tax	5,324 1,019	4,944 2,056
	Other creditors	436	600
	Accruals and deferred income	470	6,430
	Proposed dividend	3,335	3,717
		15,000	
	그림 등 그 이 문학 기회 내 있다. 하는 이 없는 그렇게 되었다.	32,186	34,982
	Amounts falling due after one year	———	
	Bank loan		
	Obligations under finance leases	74,686	144,985
	그는 시간이 얼굴하셨다면 그는 그렇게 살려가면 이 있다.	59,176	64,500
	는 경기에 있다. 이 기본 사람들은 보고 있다는 것이 되었다. 이 경기를 보고 있다. 	133,862	209,485
· .	Obligations under finance leases fall due as follows:		=======================================
	Within one year		
	Between one and two years	10,144	10,144
* .	Between two and five years	10,144	10,144
	After five years	30,434	30,432
	그들은 전 하기 가장이 된 회원 취임하는 점심을 되었다.	35,833	45,979
	Finance charges relating to future years	86,555	96,699
		(22,055)	(27,255)
	Amount due within one year	64,500	69,444
	A	(5,324)	(4,944)
		59,176	64,500
	그는 말 하는 보면, 호흡, 취임 경향 화로보면 있다. 항송		

Company	2002 \$000	2001 \$000
Amounts falling due within one year		
Bank loan		
Trade creditors	6,602	17,235
Amounts owed to group undertakings	956	1,723
Corporation tax	25,484	30,745
Other creditors	396	600
Accruals and deferred income	471	6,307
Proposed dividend	966 15,000	1,415
	13,000	
	49,875	58,025
Amounts falling due after one year		
Bank loan		
Dank IOan	74,686	144,985
	74,686	144,985
그는 선생님의 이후 회사 회사는 사람들은 학자들은 기관을 하고 있을 것이다.	· 	

Of the \$74,686,000 bank loan falling due after more than one year no amount is due less than five years from the balance sheet date.

The bank loan is unsecured and interest is payable at a rate of 5.85%.

16. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

Authorised:	2002 \$000	2001 \$000
40,000,000 ordinary shares of \$1 each 50,000 non-participating deferred shares of £1 each	40,000 72	40,000 72
	40,072	40,072
Called up, allotted and fully paid: 14,750,000 A ordinary shares of \$1 each 14,750,000 B ordinary shares of \$1 each	14,750 14,750	14,750 14,750
25,000 A non-participating deferred shares of £1 each 25,000 B non-participating deferred shares of £1 each	2 2	2 2
	29,504	29,504
Issued and unpaid: 25,000 A non-participating deferred shares of £1 each 25,000 B non-participating deferred shares of £1 each	7	7
	29,518	29,518

17. RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENT IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

Group	Share premium \$000	Other distributable reserves \$000	Profit and loss account \$000	Total
At 1 January 2002 Dividend Loss for the year	30,000	116,250 (40,000)	3,242 - (9,693)	149,492 (40,000) (9,693)
At 31 December 2002	30,000	76,250	(6,451)	99,799
Company	Share premium \$000	Other distributable reserves \$000	Profit and loss account \$000	Total
At 1 January 2002 Dividend Loss for the year	30,000	116,250 (40,000)	3,640 (6,344)	149,890 (40,000) (6,344)
At 31 December 2002	30,000	76,250	(2,704)	103,546

18. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year the group sold 8 vessels to companies that form part of the same group as one of the 50% shareholders in the company (Eurotower Holdings SA). The details of these transactions are as follows:

Name of company	Saler	roceeds
	물이 하는데, 그 이 이 이 이 이 마음이 되었다. 이 분명 취임하는 경험이 되고 말하는데 이 경험이 되었다. - 경우 등 경우 등 등 이 아름이 아니, 경우 음악이 말하는 경우 경우 기를 보는데, 경우 등 기를 하는데 경우를 보는데 되었다.	\$000
Transquay Limited	도면 취소하는 것이 되었다. 그는 그 사는 사람들은 생활하는 것이 되었다. 그리고 있는 것은 사람들은 사람들이 되었다. 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은	9.900
Questorian Limited	· 사람이 많은 사람들이 되었다. 그리고 있는 경험을 위해 있다면 모든 이름이 모든 것이	
Beacon Quay Limited	그램 : 이 집에 아이라는 그는 사이트를 받는 때에 되는 점점 하는 것을 하셨다.	11,880
Eastertech Limited	그 엄마하는 사람들은 하기 시장되는 제임 등록하는 하나 이 바람님	11,385
Heathbay Limited		11,880
Goldfirth Limited		15,602
Emeraldian Limited		16,044
Aquis Limited		14,911
	보다 하는 사람들은 한 번째 하는 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들이 되었다.	14,744

No amounts were due to or due from the above companies as at 31 December 2002.

During the year the group received management services from Zodiac Maritime Agencies Limited, a company in the same group as one of the 50% shareholders in the company. Management fees paid to Zodiac Maritime Agencies Limited during the year were \$4.77million, with \$nil outstanding as at 31 December 2002. In 2001, Zodiac Maritime Agencies Limited was not a related party.

19. COMMITMENTS

Capital

There were no contracted capital commitments at 31 December 2002.

Operating leases

The commitments of the group and the company during the following year in respect of non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

			Group	Company
		Special regularity of the	2002	2002
	The Mark Control		S000	\$000
Vessel leases expiring:				
Within two-five years				
After more than five years			10.006	•
			19,236	19,236

20. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED CASHFLOW STATEMENT

(a) Reconciliation of operating profit to net cash inflow from operating activities

Operating profit 4,900 32,462 Depreciation and amortisation 25,266 32,575 Decrease in stocks 1,115 4,781 Increase in debtors (1,203) (4,193) Decrease in creditors and provisions (7,764) (5,977) Net profit on disposal of assets (149) Net cash inflow from operating activities 22,314 59,499		2002 \$000	2001 \$000
Decrease in stocks Increase in debtors Decrease in creditors and provisions Net profit on disposal of assets Net cash inflow from operating activities 25,266 32,575 4,781 (1,203) (4,193) (7,764) (5,977) (149)	Operating profit	4.000	
Decrease in stocks Increase in debtors Increase in debtors Decrease in creditors and provisions Net profit on disposal of assets Net cash inflow from operating activities 23,206 32,575 4,781 (1,203) (4,193) (7,764) (5,977) (149)	Depreciation and amortisation		
Increase in debtors Decrease in creditors and provisions Net profit on disposal of assets Net cash inflow from operating activities 1,115 4,781 (1,203) (4,193) (7,764) (5,977) (149)	Decrease in stocks		32,575
Decrease in creditors and provisions (1,203) (4,193) Net profit on disposal of assets (7,764) (5,977) Net cash inflow from operating activities		1,115	4,781
Net profit on disposal of assets (7,764) (5,977) Net cash inflow from operating activities		(1,203)	(4,193)
Net cash inflow from operating activities (149)		(7,764)	(5,977)
activities	Net prout on disposal of assets		
59,499.	Net cash inflow from operating activities	22.4	
		22,314	59,499

(b) Analysis of net debt

	1 January 2002 \$000	Non-cash changes \$000	Cashflow \$000	31 December 2002 \$000
Cash Loans due within one year Loans due after one year Obligations under finance leases	13,400 (17,235) (144,985) (69,444)	(146) (146)	4,318 10,779 70,445 4,944	17,718 (6,602) (74,686) (64,500)
Net debt	(218,264)	(292)	90,486	(128,070)

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Year ended 31 December 2002

20. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED CASHFLOW STATEMENT (continued)

(c) Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net debt

- 현실 시간 사람들은 보고 있는 것이 되었다. 그는 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들이 되었다. 그는 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은	\$000
Increase in cash in the year Cash outflow from decrease in loans and lease financing	4,318 86,168
Changes in net debt resulting from cashflows. Arrangement fee amortisation	90,486 (292)
Movement in net debt in the year Net debt at the beginning of the year	90,194 (218,264)
Net debt at the end of the year	(128,070)