COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 03970757

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD FROM 1st JULY 2013 TO 31st DECEMBER 2013

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PERIOD FROM 1st JULY 2013 TO 31st DECEMBER 2013

CONTENTS	PAGES
Officers and professional advisers	1
Strategic report	2
Directors' report	3 to 4
Statement of directors' responsibilities	5
Independent auditors' report to the shareholders	6 to 7
Profit and loss account	8
Balance sheet	9
Notes to the financial statements	10 to 19
The following pages do not form part of the financial statements	
Detailed profit and loss account	21
Notes to the detailed profit and loss account	22 to 23

OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

The board of directors

D T Metcalfe

J W Hay

T S Low

T J Low (Alternate Director)

Registered office

100 New Bridge Street

London EC4V 6JA

Independent Auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditors 1 Embankment Place

London WC2N 6RH

STRATEGIC REPORT

PERIOD FROM 1st JULY 2013 TO 31st DECEMBER 2013

The directors present their strategic report of Lilestone Limited ("the company") for the period from 1st July 2013 to 31st December 2013.

Principal Activities and Business Review

The principal activity of the company during the period was designing, wholesaling and retailing luxury ladies lingerie and accessories.

Following the change in ownership in June 2013, the Group is going through a complete review of the business with the object of establishing "Myla" as a leading international luxury ladies fashion brand. During the period, two of the directly operated stores were closed. In the meantime the existing wholesale, concession and ecommerce businesses will continue to operate as before. The owners have already injected significant cash resources and will continue to do so to secure the long term future of the Group.

Financial Key Performance Indicators

	Period 1st July to 31 Dec 13	Year To 30 June 13
Turnover (£)	2,007,184	4,133,425
(Decrease) in turnover (Based upon annualised figures)	(3%)	(22%)
Gross profit margin (Excluding exceptional items)	59%	58%

Principal Risks and Uncertainties

While the Group is going through this period of significant change and building for the future, it will be dependent on significant investment from the shareholders. The re-launch of the brand is expected in the latter part of 2015 but it will still be some time before the Group is in profit. In the meantime the Group's income is dependent on the demand for its products. The garments are manufactured in both Europe and Asia and sold in both domestic and overseas markets. A second risk is therefore the stability of exchange rates between Sterling, Euros and US Dollars. This exposure is managed and monitored regularly.

Signed on behalf of the directors

D | Metcalfe Director

Approved by the directors on 5 December 2014.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

PERIOD FROM 1st JULY 2013 TO 31st DECEMBER 2013

The directors present their report and the financial statements of the company for the period from 1st July 2013 to 31st December 2013.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The loss for the period amounted to £3,763,228 (12 months to 30 June 2013 £2,663,134). The directors have not recommended a dividend.

DIRECTORS

The directors of the company who were in office during the period and up to the signing the financial statements were as follows:

D T Metcalfe
J W Hay
T S Low
T J Low (Alternate Director)

GOING CONCERN

The directors believe that preparing the financial statements on the going concern basis is appropriate due to the continued financial support of the ultimate controlling parent company disclosed in note 23. The directors have received confirmation that Lilestone Holdings Limited intend to support the company for at least one year after these financial statements are approved.

POST BALANCE SHEET EVENT

On 1st July 2014 the company allotted and issued 300,000,039 Ordinary shares for a total consideration of £3,000,000.

On 1st July 2014 the company allotted and issued 320,000,000 Ordinary shares for a total consideration of £3,200,000.

On 1st July 2014 the company's issued share capital consisting of 1,618,820,800 ordinary shares of £0.01 each were consolidated and divided into 16,188,208 ordinary shares of £1 each.

On 27th November 2014, the company allotted and issued 4,000,000 ordinary shares of £1.00 each to its sole shareholder, Lilestone Holdings Limited, for a total consideration of £4,000,000.

STATEMENT OF PROVISION OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirm that:

- so far as each director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware; and
- Each director has taken all steps that they ought to have taken as a director to make themself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

The auditors, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, were appointed as auditors in the year and have indicated their willingness to continue in office, and a resolution that they be reappointed will be proposed at the general meeting.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

PERIOD FROM 1st JULY 2013 TO 31st DECEMBER 2013

Signed on behalf of the directors

D T Metcalfe Director

Approved by the directors on 5 December 2014.

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

PERIOD FROM 1st JULY 2013 TO 31st DECEMBER 2013

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial period. Under that law the directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF LILESTONE LIMITED

PERIOD FROM 1st JULY 2013 TO 31st DECEMBER 2013

Report on the financial statements

Our opinion

In our opinion the financial statements, defined below:

- Give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2013 and of its loss for the period then ended;
- Have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice: and
- Have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

This opinion is to be read in the context of what we say in the remainder of this report.

What we have audited

The financial statements, which are prepared by Lilestone Limited, comprise:

- The balance sheet as at 31 December 2013;
- · The profit and loss account for the period then ended; and
- The notes to the financial statements, which include a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In applying the financial reporting framework, the directors have made a number of subjective judgements, for example in respect of significant accounting estimates. In making such estimates, they have made assumptions and considered future events.

What an audit of financial statements involves

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) ("ISAs (UK & Ireland)"). An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of:

- Whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed;
- The reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and
- The overall presentation of the financial statements.

In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Financial Statements (the "Report") to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report for the financial period for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF LILESTONE LIMITED

PERIOD FROM 1st JULY 2013 TO 31st DECEMBER 2013

Other matters on which we are required to report by exception

Adequacy of accounting records and information and explanations received

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- · We have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- Adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- The financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Directors' remuneration

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion, certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made. We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit

Our responsibilities and those of the directors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 5, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view.

Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and ISAs (UK & Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

Craig Skelton (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

London 5 December 2014

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

PERIOD FROM 1st JULY 2013 TO 31st DECEMBER 2013

TURNOVER Cost of sales	Note 2	Period from 1 July 13 to 31 Dec 13 £ 2,007,184 (1,864,937)	Year to 30 June 13 £ 4,133,425 (1,740,737)
GROSS PROFIT Concession commission and distribution costs Administrative expenses		142,247 (502,637) (3,402,576)	2,392,688 (1,005,273) (4,062,299)
Operating loss before exceptional items Exceptional items	3/4	(2,716,297) (1,046,669)	(2,674,884)
OPERATING LOSS	3	(3,762,966)	(2,674,884)
Interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar charges	7 8	10 (272)	12,610 (860)
LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		(3,763,228)	(2,663,134)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	9	-	-
LOSS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD/YEAR		(3,763,228)	(2,663,134)

All results are derived from continuing operations.

The company has no recognised gains or losses other than the results for the period as set out above.

There is no material difference between the loss on ordinary activities before taxation and the loss for the current or prior financial years stated above and their historical cost equivalents.

These financial statements were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 5 December 2014 and are signed on their behalf by:

D T Metcalfe Director

Company Registration Number: 03970757

BALANCE SHEET

31st DECEMBER 2013

		31 De	. 12	30 Jun 13
	Note	£	£	£ .
FIXED ASSETS				
Tangible assets	10		168,838	255,974
Investments	11		557	557
			169,395	256,531
CURRENT ASSETS				
Stocks	12	884,677		1,504,738
Debtors	13	2,943,008		2,924,672
Cash at bank and in hand		852,042		57,973
		4,679,727		4,487,383
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year	14	(912,121)		(1,180,012)
NET CURRENT ASSETS			3,767,606	3,307,371
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			3,937,001	3,563,902
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than				
one year	15		(17,068,893)	(17,632,535)
NET ASSETS			(13,131,892)	(14,068,633)
			(10,101,002)	(1,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
CAPITAL AND RESERVES				
Called-up equity share capital	19		9,988,208	5,288,239
Share premium account	20		1,594,282	1,594,282
Profit and loss account	21		(24,714,382)	(20,951,154)
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIT	22		(13,131,892)	(14,068,633)
				

These financial statements were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 5 December 2014, and are signed on their behalf by:

D T Metcalfe Director

Company Registration Number: 03970757

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PERIOD FROM 1st JULY 2013 TO 31st DECEMBER 2013

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis, under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Company Act 2006 and applicable accounting standards in the United Kingdom.

The principal accounting policies, which have been applied consistently throughout the period, are set out below.

Basis of preparation

The profit and loss account for the period ended 31st December 2013 shows a loss of £3,763,228 and the balance sheet at that date shows a Total Shareholders' Deficit of £13,131,892.

However, as shown in note 15 an amount of £17,068,773 is due to the parent undertaking Lilestone Holdings Limited. The directors of this company have confirmed that they will continue to support the subsidiary undertaking and will not call for repayment until such time as the company has sufficient working capital and that it itself has sufficient working capital to enable it to give such support.

The company has no bank facilities and meets its day to day working capital requirements through agreed trade facilities with third party suppliers and statutory taxation payment terms and from loans from the parent company.

The parent undertaking has taken further steps to secure the future of the group by securing additional investment from existing shareholders and have obtained confirmation of continuing support whilst the brand is being established.

The parent company has also provided confirmation to Lilestone Limited that it will continue to support the company with further loans as required.

The group's and company's budgets, which are considered reasonable by the directors, indicate that the company should be able to operate within the level of its current working capital for a period of at least 12 months from the approval of these accounts.

After making enquiries, and considering the circumstances described above, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. For these reasons, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

The financial statements do not include any adjustments that may result if the company was unable to continue as a going concern.

Consolidation

As permitted by section 400 of the Company Act 2006, the Group financial statements have not been prepared as the results and balances of this company are included in the consolidated financial statements of Lilestone Holdings Limited. These financial statements present financial information about the company as an individual undertaking and not about the Group. The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Lilestone Holdings Limited.

Cash flow statement

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard No 1 (Revised 1996) from including a cash flow statement in the financial statements on the grounds that the company is wholly owned and its parent publishes a consolidated cash flow statement.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PERIOD FROM 1st JULY 2013 TO 31st DECEMBER 2013

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts receivable for goods sold during the period, exclusive of Value Added Tax. Retail turnover is recognised at the point of the sale. Wholesale turnover is recognised on the date of despatch.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fixtures & Fittings - over two to five years Equipment - over two to five years

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items. Cost is determined on a first in, first out basis.

Hire purchase agreements

Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised and disclosed under tangible fixed assets at their fair value. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis.

Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases, where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor, are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date, where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax in the future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating profit.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PERIOD FROM 1st JULY 2013 TO 31st DECEMBER 2013

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

Exceptional items

The directors believe that in order to understand the underlying performance of the business, material and non-recurring items should be separately disclosed as exceptional items in the profit and loss account (note 3/4).

2. TURNOVER

The turnover and loss before tax are attributable to the one principal activity of the company.

An analysis of turnover is given below:

	Period from	
	1 July 13	Year to
	to 31 Dec 13	30 June 13
	£	
		£
United Kingdom	1,351,000	3,073,704
Overseas sales	656,184	1,059,721
	2,007,184	4,133,425

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PERIOD FROM 1st JULY 2013 TO 31st DECEMBER 2013

3. OPERATING LOSS

Operating loss is stated after charging:

	Period from	
	1 July 13	Year to
	to 31 Dec 13	30 June 13
	£	£
Depreciation of owned fixed assets	138,054	193,261
Depreciation of assets held under hire purchase agreements	1,167	2,543
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	1,530	57,141
Auditor's remuneration		
- as auditor	29,690	15,450
Operating lease costs:		
- Other	96,261	369,339
Net loss on foreign currency translation	16,474	. 76,565
Exceptional stock provision and asset impairment	1,046,669	_

Other operating lease costs relate to land and buildings.

Further details in respect of the exceptional items are shown in note 4.

4. EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS

Included within cost of sales is an amount of £1,046,669 relating to an exceptional stock provision and asset impairment. This takes account of both old and slow moving stock which has been written down to the expected realisable value.

5. PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES

The average monthly number of staff employed by the company during the financial period amounted to:

Number of sales and administrative staff Number of management staff	Period from 1 July 13 to 31 Dec 13 No 64 	Year to 30 June 13 No 63 3 —————————————————————————————————
The aggregate payroll costs of the above were:		
Wages and salaries	Period from 1 July 13 to 31 Dec 13 £ 1,022,993	Year to 30 June 13 . £ 1,784,568
Social security costs	96,316 1.119.309	184,744 1.969.312

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PERIOD FROM 1st JULY 2013 TO 31st DECEMBER 2013

6. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

The directors' aggregate remuneration in respect of qualifying services were:

		Period from 1 July 13 to 31 Dec 13 £	Year to 30 June 13 £
	Remuneration receivable	65,365	310,000
	Remuneration of highest paid director:	Period from	
		1 July 13 to 31 Dec 13	Year to 30 June 13 £
	Total remuneration (excluding pension contributions)	65,365	310,000
7.	INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME		
		Period from 1 July 13 to 31 Dec 13 £	Year to 30 June 13 £
	Other similar income receivable	10	12,610
8.	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES		
		Period from 1 July 13 to 31 Dec 13 £	Year to 30 June 13 £
	Finance charges	272	860

9. TAX ON LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

Factors affecting current tax charge

The tax assessed on the loss on ordinary activities for the period is higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20% (To 30 Jun 13 - 20%).

	Period from 1 July 13 to 31 Dec 13 £	Year to 30 June 13
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	(3,763,228)	(2,663,134)
Loss on ordinary activities by rate of tax Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Capital allowances for the period in excess of depreciation Tax losses carried forward	(752,646) 18,160 (3,019) 737,505	(532,627) 26,770 23,274 482,583
Total current tax	•	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PERIOD FROM 1st JULY 2013 TO 31st DECEMBER 2013

9. TAX ON LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES (continued)

Factors that may affect future tax charges

The company has available tax losses of approximately £22.2 million (30th June 2013: £18.4 million) to carry forward against future trading profits. No deferred tax asset has been provided due to the uncertainty of the timing of recovery.

10. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Fixtures &		
	Fittings	Equipment	Total
	£	£	£
COST			
At 1st July 2013	641,369	346,200	987,569
Additions	26,018	27,597	53,615
Disposals	(309,730)	(7,778)	(317,508)
At 31st December 2013	357,657	366,019	723,676
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION			
At 1st July 2013	456,199	275,396	731.595
Charge for the period	60,436	78,785	139,221
On disposals	(308,343)	(7,635)	(315,978)
At 31st December 2013	208,292	346,546	554,838
NET BOOK VALUE			
At 31st December 2013	149,365	19,473	168,838
At 30th June 2013	185,170	70,804	255,974
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Hire purchase agreements

Shares in subsidiary undertakings

Included within the net book value of £168,838 is £5,828 relating to assets held under hire purchase agreements (To 30 June 13 - £6,995). The depreciation charged to the financial statements in the period in respect of such assets amounted to £1,167 (To 30 June 13 - £2,543).

11. INVESTMENTS

COST	£
At 1st July 2013 and 31st December 2013	557
	
NET BOOK VALUE	

At 31st December 2013 and 30th June 2013 557

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PERIOD FROM 1st JULY 2013 TO 31st DECEMBER 2013

11. INVESTMENTS (continued)

Principal subsidiary undertakings

	Proportion of voting rights Country of and shares			
	incorporation	Holding	held	Nature of business
Myla Investments				Retailer of lingerie and
Limited	Ireland	Ordinary shares	100%	accessories
Myla Inc.	USA	Ordinary shares	100%	Dormant
Lilestone Overseas	England and			
Limited	Wales	Ordinary shares	100%	Dormant

12. STOCKS

	31 Dec 13	30 June 13
	£	£
Stock	884,677	1,504,738

The provision for old and obsolete stock has been increased by £1,004,569 to £1,144,600.

13. DEBTORS

30 June 13 £
275,768
2,213,841
435,063
2,924,672

Other debtors includes an amount of £Nil (30th June 2013: £47,250) due after more than one year in respect of rent deposits secured to the order of various landlords for future rental obligations.

At the period end an amount of £2,000,000 (30th June 2013: £2,000,000) was held in escrow on behalf of the company secured by a fixed charge in favour of a supplier in respect of future liabilities. At the period end an amount of £3,634 (30th June 2013: £90,064) was due to this supplier.

14. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year

	31 Dec 13	30 June 13
	£	£
Trade creditors	358,598	534,721
Other taxation and social security	51,793	286,791
Hire purchase agreements	2,982	4,508
Other creditors	73,590	76,093
Accruals and deferred income	425,158	277,899
	912,121	1,180,012
		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PERIOD FROM 1st JULY 2013 TO 31st DECEMBER 2013

15. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year

	31 Dec 13	30 June 13
	£	£
Amounts owed to group undertakings	17,068,773	17,631,745
Hire purchase agreements	120	790
	17,068,893	17,632,535

16. COMMITMENTS UNDER HIRE PURCHASE AGREEMENTS

Future commitments under hire purchase agreements are as follows:

	31 Dec 13	30 June 13
	£	£
Amounts payable within 1 year	2,982	4,508
Amounts payable between 2 to 5 years	120	790
	3,102	5,298
Hire purchase agreements are analysed as follows:		
Current obligations	2,982	4,508
Non-current obligations	120	790
	3,102	5,298

17. COMMITMENTS UNDER OPERATING LEASES

At 31st December 2013 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below.

	Land and buildings	
	31 Dec 13	30 June 13
	£	£
Operating leases which expire:		
Within 1 year	•	52,500
Within 2 to 5 years	129,000	132,750
	129,000	185,250

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PERIOD FROM 1st JULY 2013 TO 31st DECEMBER 2013

18. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Control

Control vests with the parent undertaking as shown in note 23 to the financial statements and ultimate control vests with Virtue Trustees (Switzerland) Ltd.

Related Party Transactions

Amounts due to and from subsidiary undertakings are aggregated as permitted by FRS 8 and shown separately in debtors and creditors. In accordance with FRS 8 exemption is taken not to disclose transactions in the year between wholly owned subsidiary undertakings.

Lilestone Holdings Limited has advanced a cumulative amount of £17,125,281 (30th June 2013: £17,631,745) to the company. The directors of Lilestone Holdings Limited have confirmed they will continue to support Lilestone Limited and will not call for repayment until such time as Lilestone Limited has sufficient working capital.

During the period the directors of the company purchased a total of £52,001 in goods and vouchers for Myla stock.

19. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted and called up:

	31 Dec 13		30 Jun 13	
	No	£	No	£
Ordinary shares of £0.01 each	998,820,761	9,988,208	528,823,824	5,288,238

On 31st December 2013 the company allotted and issued 469,996,937 Ordinary shares of £0.01 each at par for a total consideration of £4,699,969 to provide the company with additional working capital.

20. SHARE PREMIUM ACCOUNT

There was no movement on the share premium account during the financial period.

21. PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

	1 July 13 to 31 Dec 13 £	Year to 30 June 13 £
Balance brought forward Loss for the financial period	(20,951,154) (3,763,228)	(18,288,020) (2,663,134)
Balance carried forward	$(2\overline{4,714,382})$	(20,951,154)

Period from

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PERIOD FROM 1st JULY 2013 TO 31st DECEMBER 2013

22. RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

31 Dec 13	30 June 13
£	£
(3,763,228)	(2,663,134)
4,699,969	4,280,734
936,741	1,617,600
(14,068,633)	(15,686,233)
(13,131,892)	(14,068,633)
	£ (3,763,228) 4,699,969 936,741 (14,068,633)

23. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

Lilestone Holdings Limited is the immediate parent undertaking and the directors consider Virtue Trustees (Switzerland) Ltd. to be the ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party.

Group financial statements are prepared by Lilestone Holdings Limited incorporating the results of Lilestone Limited. The largest group preparing group financial statements is Lilestone Holdings Limited. The consolidated financial statements of Lilestone Holdings Limited can be obtained from 100 New Bridge Street, London, EC4V 6JA.

24. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

On 1st July 2014 the company allotted and issued 300,000,039 Ordinary shares for a total consideration of £3,000,000.

On 1st July 2014 the company allotted and issued 320,000,000 Ordinary shares for a total consideration of £3,200,000.

On 1st July 2014 the company's issued share capital consisting of 1,618,820,800 ordinary shares of £0.01 each were consolidated and divided into 16,188,208 ordinary shares of £1 each.

On 27th November 2014, the company allotted and issued 4,000,000 ordinary shares of £1.00 each to its sole shareholder, Lilestone Holdings Limited, for a total consideration of £4,000,000.

MANAGEMENT INFORMATION

PERIOD FROM 1st JULY 2013 TO 31st DECEMBER 2013

The following pages do not form part of the statutory financial statements Which are the subject of the independent auditor's report on pages 6 to 7.

DETAILED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

PERIOD FROM 1st JULY 2013 TO 31st DECEMBER 2013

TURNOVER	Period from 1 July 13 to 31 Dec 13 £ £ 2,007,184	Year to 30 June 13 £ 4,133,425	
COST OF SALES Purchases	818,268	1,740,737	
Exceptional stock write off	1,046,669 1,864,937	1,740,737	
GROSS PROFIT	142,247	2,392,688	
OVERHEADS Concession commission and distribution costs Administrative expenses	502,637 3,402,576	1,005,273 4,062,299	
OPERATING LOSS	3 <u>,905,213</u> (3,762,966)	5,067,572 (2,674,884)	
Other similar income	10	12,610	
Hire purchase and finance lease charges	(3,762,956)	(2,662,274)	
LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES	(3,763,228)	(2,663,134)	

NOTES TO THE DETAILED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

PERIOD FROM 1st JULY 2013 TO 31st DECEMBER 2013

	Period from 1 July 13 to 31 Dec 13 £		Year to 30 June 13 £	
ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES	~	~	~	
Personnel costs				
Directors salaries	65,365		310,000	
Wages and salaries	957,628		1,474,568	
Employers national insurance contributions	96,316		184,744	
		1,119,309	1 060 313	
		1,119,309	1,969,312	
Establishment expenses				
Rent	96,261		369,339	
Service charges	10,496		38,940	
Rates and water	44,236		119,195	
Light and heat	4,575		11,081	
Insurance	13,529		29,401	
Repairs and maintenance	11,807		25,763	
		180,904	593,719	
Ganaral avnances			·	
General expenses Travel and subsistence	60 240		70 502	
Telephone	68,348 12,329		78,503 19,145	
Computer expenses	73,382		166,937	
Coexistence agreement	58,333		100,937	
Hire of equipment	7,574		7,476	
Printing, stationery and postage	39,163		56,623	
Staff training	1,870		1,003	
Other staff related expenses	¹⁵		9,483	
Recruitment	73,794		28,453	
Sundry expenses	44,817		40,872	
Cleaning	5,003		11,976	
Loan write off			(90,000)	
Samples	51,370		64,102	
Advertising	407,616		332,594	
Entertaining Communication for a	18,260		8,989	
Concession fees	17,348		24,132	
Legal and professional fees Consultancy fees	973,317 42,865		189,341	
Accountancy fees	13,370		156,871 24,019	
Auditors remuneration	29,690		15,450	
Depreciation	139,221		195,804	
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	1,530		57,141	
•				
		2,079,215	1,398,914	
Financial costs				
Provision for doubtful debts	_		12,891	
Bank charges	6,674		10,898	
Foreign currency gains/losses	16,474		76,565	
	·	22 440		
		23,148	100,354	
		3,402,576	4,062,299	
				

NOTES TO THE DETAILED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

PERIOD FROM 1st JULY 2013 TO 31st DECEMBER 2013

Period from
1 July 13 Year to
to 31 Dec 13 30 June 13
£
£
10 12,610

INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME

Other similar income