Registered number: 03942106

CALDER MANAGEMENT LIMITED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

Ip's Associates Limited

Chartered Accountant

3rd Floor Trident House 31-33 Dale Street Liverpool L2 2HF

Calder Management Limited Unaudited Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31 March 2019

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Calder Management Limited Balance Sheet As at 31 March 2019

Registered number: 03942106

		2019		2018	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible Assets	3		535		713
		·		_	
CURRENT ASSETS			535		713
Debtors	4	5,702		5,085	
Cash at bank and in hand	4				
Cash at bank and in hand		138,957	-	158,256	
		144,659		163,341	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	5	(38,321)	-	(54,851)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)			106,338	-	108,490
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			106,873	_	109,203
NET ASSETS			106,873	_	109,203
CAPITAL AND RESERVES		•		=	
Called up share capital	6		100		100
Profit and Loss Account			106,773		109,103
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			106,873	-	109,203

Calder Management Limited Balance Sheet (continued) As at 31 March 2019

For the year ending 31 March 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.
- The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board
Mr Piers Wilkinson
16 December 2019
The notes on nages 3 to 6 form part of these financial statements

Calder Management Limited Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31 March 2019

1. Accounting Policies

1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

1.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

1.3. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Fixtures & Fittings 25% reducing balance Computer Equipment 25% reducing balance

1.4. Foreign Currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate ruling on the date of the transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating profit.

Calder Management Limited Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 31 March 2019

1.5. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other year and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and asset reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

2. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was as follows: 4 (2018: 4).

Calder Management Limited Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 31 March 2019

3. Tangible Assets

	Fixtures & Fittings	Computer Equipment	Total
	£	£	£
Cost			
As at 1 April 2018	4,431	10,443	14,874
As at 31 March 2019	4,431	10,443	14,874
Depreciation			
As at 1 April 2018	4,180	9,981	14,161
Provided during the period	63	115	178
As at 31 March 2019	4,243	10,096	14,339
Net Book Value		· -	
As at 31 March 2019	188	347	535
As at 1 April 2018	251	462	713
4. Debtors		· -	
. Desitors		2019	2018
		£	£
Due within one year			
Trade debtors		7	-
Other debtors		5,000	5,000
VAT	_	695 	85
	<u>_</u>	5,702	5,085
5. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year			
		2019	2018
		£	£
Corporation tax		11,834	25,764
Other taxes and social security		79	1,088
Other creditors		4,129	4,953
Pensions		238	-
Accruals and deferred income		21,950	21,850
Directors' loan accounts	<u>-</u>	91	1,196
		38,321	54,851
	=	=	

Calder Markaggartent Limited Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 31 March 2019

6. Share Capital		
	2019	2018
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	100	100
7. Dividends		
	2019	2018
	£	£
On equity shares:		
Final dividend paid	52,600	36,000
	52,600	36,000

8. General Information

Calder Management Limited is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 03942106. The registered office is 5 The Ridgeway, Heswall, Wirral, CH60 2NB.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.