Registered Number 03923800

West of England Fire Protection Ltd

**Abbreviated Accounts** 

31 July 2015

## Balance Sheet as at 31 July 2015

	Notes	2015		2014	
Fixed assets	2	£	£	£	£
Tangible			32,747		40,571
		_	32,747	_	40,571
Current assets					
Stocks		6,500		6,408	
Debtors		64,860		71,096	
Cash at bank and in hand		51,955		43,495	
Total current assets		123,315		120,999	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		(74,016)		(83,006)	
Net current assets (liabilities)			49,299		37,993
Total assets less current liabilities		_	82,046	-	78,564
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	3		(7,633)		(10,177)
Provisions for liabilities			(2,861)		(2,861)
Total net assets (liabilities)		_	71,552	<u>-</u>	65,526

## Capital and reserves

Called up share capital	4	6,010	6,010
Profit and loss account		65,542	59,516
Shareholders funds		71,552	65,526

- a. For the year ending 31 July 2015 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.
- b. The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- c. The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- d. These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Approved by the board on 11 August 2015

And signed on their behalf by:

Mr C J Payne, Director

Mr D M Payne, Director

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1068 of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts

For the year ending 31 July 2015

## 1 Accounting policies

#### Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

#### Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax. In respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services, turnover represents the value of work done in the year, including estimates of amounts not invoiced. Turnover in respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion.

#### Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

#### Hire purchase agreements

Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised and disclosed under tangible fixed assets at their fair value. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis.

#### Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

### Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions: Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted. Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on

tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

#### **Financial Instruments**

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

## Depreciation

Depreciation has been provided at the following rates in order to write off the assets over their estimated useful lives.

Plant & Machinery	25% Reducing Balance
Fixtures & Fittings	33% Reducing Balance
Motor Vehicles	25% Reducing Balance
Equipment	25% Reducing Balance

# 2 Fixed Assets

	Tangible Assets	Total
Cost or valuation	£	£
At 01 August 2014	135,668	135,668
At 31 July 2015	135,668	135,668
Depreciation		
At 01 August 2014	95,097	95,097
Charge for year	7,824	7,824
At 31 July 2015	102,921	102,921
Net Book Value		
At 31 July 2015	32,747	32,747
At 31 July 2014	40,571	40,571

# $_{\mbox{\footnotesize 3}}$ Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2015	2014
	£	£
Secured Debts	7,633	10,177

# 4 Share capital

	2015	2014
	£	£
Authorised share capital:		
6000 Ordinary A of £1 each	6,000	6,000
10 Ordinary B of £1 each	10	10
Allotted, called up and fully		
paid:		
6000 Ordinary A of £1 each	6,000	6,000
10 Ordinary B of £1 each	10	10