Abbreviated Accounts

For the Year Ended 31 December 2007



WHITING & PARTNERS

Chartered Accountants, Business Advisers
& Registered Auditors
Garland House
Garland Street
Bury St Edmunds
Suffolk
IP33 1EZ

Abbreviated Accounts

Year Ended 31 December 2007

Contents	Pages
Independent Auditor's Report to the Company	1
Abbreviated Balance Sheet	2
Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts	3 to 5

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO LEXHAM INSURANCE CONSULTANTS LIMITED

UNDER SECTION 247B OF THE COMPANIES ACT 1985

We have examined the abbreviated accounts set out on pages 2 to 5, together with the financial statements of Lexham Insurance Consultants Limited for the year ended 31 December 2007 prepared under Section 226 of the Companies Act 1985

This report is made solely to the company, in accordance with Section 247B of the Companies Act 1985. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company those matters we are required to state to it in a special auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective Responsibilities of the Directors and the Auditor

The directors are responsible for preparing the abbreviated accounts in accordance with Section 246 of the Companies Act 1985. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion as to whether the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with Sections 246(5) and (6) of the Act to the Registrar of Companies and whether the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with those provisions and to report our opinion to you

Basis of Opinion

We conducted our work in accordance with Bulletin 2006/3 "The special auditor's report on abbreviated accounts in the United Kingdom" issued by the Auditing Practices Board. In accordance with that Bulletin we have carried out the procedures we consider necessary to confirm, by reference to the financial statements, that the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts and that the abbreviated accounts to be delivered are properly prepared.

Opinion

In our opinion the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with Sections 246(5) and (6) of the Companies Act 1985, and the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with those provisions

Dated 4th June 2008

WHITING & PARTNERS
Chartered Accountants, Business Advisers
& Registered Auditors
Garland House
Garland Street
Bury St Edmunds
Suffolk
IP33 1EZ

Abbreviated Balance Sheet

31 December 2007

	2007		2006		
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed Assets	2				
Tangible assets			293,913		296,986
Current Assets					
Stocks		22,534		25,187	
Debtors		500,580		562,451	
Cash at bank and in hand		524,760		228,310	
		1,047,874		815,948	
Creditors: Amounts Falling due W	ıthin				
One Year		1,102,640		887,408	
Net Current Liabilities			(54,766)		(71,460)
Total Assets Less Current Liabilitie	es		239,147		225,526
Creditors: Amounts Falling due aft	ter				
More than One Year			25,156		53,075
Provisions for Liabilities			5,182		27,654
			208,809		144,797
G (I) ID					
Capital and Reserves Called-up equity share capital	3		3,000		3,000
Profit and loss account	3		205,809		141,797
					
Shareholders' Funds			208,809		144,797

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part VII of the Companies Act 1985

These abbreviated accounts were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 14th May 2008, and are signed on their behalf by

R K Ironmonger

K Bobbins

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts

Year Ended 31 December 2007

1. Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2007)

Turnover

Turnover represents commissions receivable from underwriters for insurance written during the period

Research and Development

Research and development expenditure is written off in the year in which it is incurred

Fixed Assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

Fixtures, fittings and equipment	-	20% on cost
Motor vehicles	-	25% on cost
Computer software & equipment	-	25% on cost

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items

Hire Purchase Agreements

Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised and disclosed under tangible fixed assets at their fair value. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis.

Operating Lease Agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease

Pension Costs

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company. The annual contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account.

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts

Year Ended 31 December 2007

1. Accounting Policies (continued)

Provisions

Provisions are set up only where it is probable that a present obligation (legal or constructive) exists as a result of an event prior to the balance sheet date and that a payment will be required in settlement that can be estimated reliably Provisions are not discounted

Deferred Taxation

Deferred taxation is provided in full on timing differences which represent a liability or asset at the balance sheet date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on current tax rates and law. Timing differences arise from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in financial statements. Deferred tax is not provided on timing differences arising from the revaluation of fixed assets where there is no commitment to sell the asset. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted

2. Fixed Assets

	Tangible Assets £
Cost	ž.
At 1 January 2007	565,476
Additions	127,365
Disposals	(5,452)
At 31 December 2007	687,389
Depreciation	
At 1 January 2007	268,490
Charge for year	124,986
At 31 December 2007	393,476
Net Book Value	
At 31 December 2007	293,913
At 31 December 2006	296,986

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts

Year Ended 31 December 2007

3.	Share Capital		
	Authorised share capital:		
		2007	2006
		£	£
	1,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000	1,000
	5,000 Ordinary B non-voting shares of £1 each	5,000	5,000
		6.000	6.000

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

	2007		2006	
	No	£	No	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each Ordinary B non-voting shares of £1	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
each	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000
	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000