REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES

Company Registration No. 03895278 (England and Wales)

A & J HAULAGE LIMITED

UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

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A & J HAULAGE LIMITED

UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2015

		201	2015		2014	
	Notes	£	£	£	£	
Fixed assets		•				
Intangible assets	2		49,400		61,750	
Tangible assets	2		105,675		131,290	
		· .	155,075		193,040	
Current assets				-		
Stocks		7,900	•	2,667	•	
Debtors		156,826	,	198,851		
Cash at bank and in hand		620,945	•	585,435		
		785,671		786,953		
Creditors: amounts falling due withi	in					
one year	· ·	(58,186)		(55,848)		
Net current assets			727,485		731,105	
Total assets less current liabilities			882,560	. •	924,145	
Provisions for liabilities			(13,330)		(22,956)	
Net assets			869,230		901,189	
	•					
Capital and reserves						
Called up share capital	3	•	100		100	
Profit and loss account	•		869,130		901,089	
Shareholders' funds		· .	869,230		901,189	
		•	. ====			

For the financial year ended 31 December 2015 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies and the members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These abbreviated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

Mr E Smith

A & J HAULAGE LIMITED NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

1 Accounting policies

Basis of accounting

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2015).

Going Concern

After making enquiries the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. For this reason, it continues to adopt the going concern basis in the financial statements.

Turnover

Turnover represents net invoiced sales of services, excluding value added tax.

Goodwill

Goodwill, being the amount paid in connection with the acquisition of a business in 2000, The goodwill is being amortised evenly over 20 years.

Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and machinery 15% on straight line basis
Fixtures, fittings and equipment 15% on straight line basis
Motor vehicles 25% on reducing balance
Other assets 25% on reducing balance

Stock

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value using the First in First out basis, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more tax, or a right to pay less tax, or a right to receive repayments of tax.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider it more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted. Deferred tax assets and liabilities recognised have not been discounted.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for as financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement.

Financial instruments which are assets are stated at cost less any provision for impairment. Financial liabilities are stated at principal capital amounts outstanding at the period end. Issue costs relating to financial liabilities are deducted from the outstanding balance and are amortised over the period to the due date for repayment of the financial liability.

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities. A financial liability is any contractual arrangement for an entity to deliver cash to the holder of the associated financial instrument.

A & J HAULAGE LIMITED NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

2	Fixed assets			
		Intangible	Tangible	Total
		assets	assets	_
		£	£	£
	Cost			
	At 1 January 2015	247,000	373,579	620,579
	Additions	-	23,417	23,417
	Disposals	-	(96,155)	(96,155)
	At 31 December 2015	247,000	300,841	547,841
	Depreciation	·		
	At 1 January 2015	185,250	242,288	427,538
	On disposals	-	(81,050)	(81,050)
	Charge for the year	12,350	33,928	46,278
	At 31 December 2015	197,600	195,166	392,766
	Net book value		<u></u>	
	At 31 December 2015	49,400	105,675	155,075
	At 31 December 2014	61,750	131,290	193,040
				====
3	Share capital		2015	2014
	Onaio oupitai	•	2015 £	2014 £
	Allotted, called up and fully paid			_
	100 Ordinary shares of £1 each		100	100
			<u> </u>	