Premier Custodial Finance Limited Unaudited Annual Report and Financial Statements 31 December 2022

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Annual Report and Financial Statements

Year ended 31 December 2022

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Officers and Professional Advisers

The board of directors

John Cavill

Peter Sheldrake

Company secretary

Infrastructure Managers Limited

Registered office

Cannon Place 78 Cannon Street

London EC4N 6AF

-Bankers-

Bank of Scotland

The Mound Edinburgh EH1 1YZ

Directors' Report

Year ended 31 December 2022

The directors present their report and the unaudited Annual Report and Financial Statements of Premier Custodial Finance Limited ("the Company") for the year ended 31 December 2022.

Principal Activities

The Company's principal activity is an investment holding company.

Performance Review

The loss for the financial year, after taxation, amounted to £129,261 (2021: £386,670).

The loss for the financial year will be transferred to reserves.

The directors are satisfied with the overall performance of the Company and do not foresee any significant change in the Company's activities in the coming financial year.

Key Performance Indicators

In its role as a holding company there are no key performance indicators for the directors to monitor.

Climate Change

The directors recognise that it is important to disclose their view of the impact of climate change on the Company. As a holding company, the Company itself does not trade. The company's subsidiaries hold key operational contracts which are long-term and with a small number of known counterparties. In most cases, the cash flows from these contracts can be predicted with reasonable certainty for at least the medium-term. Having considered the Company's operations, including the operations of its subsidiaries, its contracted rights and obligations and forecast cash flows, there is not expected to be a significant impact upon the Company's operational or financial performance arising from climate change.

Going Concern

Cash flow forecasts are prepared for the underlying investments looking over the expected life of the asset and so including the 12 month period from the date the financial statements are signed. In drawing up these forecasts, the directors have made assumptions based upon their view of the current and future economic conditions, that will prevail over the forecast period.

The Company's cash flows are dependent on the performance of its investments. After reviewing the performance of the investments, which is done on a regular basis, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

In light of this, the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Company's annual financial statements.

Directors

The directors who served the Company during the year and up to the date of this report were as follows:

John Cavill Peter Sheldrake

Directors' Report (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2022

Dividends

Particulars of dividends paid are detailed in note 8 to the financial statements.

Qualifying Third Party Indemnity Provisions

During the year, and at the date of this report, the Company has in place qualifying third party indemnity provisions for the benefit of its directors.

Small Company Provisions

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to small companies within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board of directors on 26 September 2023 and signed by order of the board by:

J Genall

James Cornock on behalf of Infrastructure Managers Limited Company Secretary

Statement of Comprehensive Income

Year ended 31 December 2022

	Note	2022 £	2021 £
Administrative expenses		(10,626)	(29,263)
Operating loss		(10,626)	(29,263)
Interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar expenses	5 6	831 (105,461)	_ (125,912)
Loss before taxation		(115,256)	(155,175)
Tax on loss	7	(14,005)	(231,495)
Loss for the financial year and total comprehensive expense		(129,261)	(386,670)

All the activities of the Company are from continuing operations.

Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2022

		2022	2021
	Note	£	£
Fixed assets Investments	9	1	1
Current assets			
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	10	1,798	1,862,925
Debtors: amounts falling due after more than one year	10	36,852	50,857
Cash at bank and in hand	 	1,716,424_	2 , 145,091
		1,755,074	4,058,873
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	11		(1,855,926)
Net current assets		1,755,074	2,202,947
Total assets less current liabilities		1,755,075	2,202,948
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	13	2	2
Retained earnings	14	1,755,073	2,202,946
Total shareholders' funds		1,755,075	2,202,948

For the year ending 31 December 2022 the Company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 479A of the Companies Act 2006 relating to subsidiary companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of the Annual Report and Financial Statements.

The Financial Statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 26 September 2023, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Peter Sheldrake Director

reux.

Company registration number: 03849244

Statement of Changes in Equity

Year ended 31 December 2022

	Called up share capital	Retained earnings	Total
At 1 January 2021	3,000,002	(410,384)	2,589,618
Loss for the financial year		(386,670)	(386,670)
Total comprehensive expense for the year		(386,670)	(386,670)
Cancellation of subscribed capital	(3,000,000)	3,000,000	_
Total investments by and distributions to owners	(3,000,000)	3,000,000	
At 31 December 2021	2	2,202,946	2,202,948
Loss for the financial year		(129,261)	(129,261)
Total comprehensive expense for the year		(129,261)	(129,261)
Dividends paid and payable	8 -	(318,612)	(318,612)
Total investments by and distributions to owners	_	(318,612)	(318,612)
At 31 December 2022		1,755,073	1,755,075

Notes to the Annual Report and Financial Statements

Year ended 31 December 2022

1. General Information

Premier Custodial Finance Limited is a private company limited by shares and is incorporated and domiciled in England and Wales. The address of its registered office is Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, EC4N 6AF.

The Company's principal activity is an investment holding company.

The Company's functional and presentation currency is the pound sterling.

2. Statement of Compliance

The individual financial statements of Premier Custodial Finance Limited have been prepared in compliance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland ("FRS 102") and the Companies Act 2006.

3. Accounting Policies

(a) Basis of preparation

These financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis, under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed further in the accounting policies.

The accounting policies stated below have been consistently applied to the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

(b) Going concern

Cash flow forecasts are prepared for the underlying investments looking over the expected life of the assets and so including the 12 month period from the date the financial statements are signed. In drawing up these forecasts, the directors have made assumptions based upon their view of the current and future economic conditions, that will prevail over the forecast period.

The Company's cash flows are dependent on the performance of its investments. After reviewing the performance of the investments, which is done on a regular basis, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

In light of this, the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Company's annual financial statements.

Notes to the Annual Report and Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2022

3. Accounting Policies (continued)

(c) Disclosure exemptions

The entity satisfies the criteria of being a qualifying entity as defined in FRS 102. Its financial statements are consolidated into the financial statements of BIIF Holdco Limited which can be obtained from the Company Secretary at Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, EC4N 6AF. As such, advantage has been taken of the following disclosure exemptions available under FRS 102:

- (a) No cash flow statement has been presented for the Company.
- (b) Certain disclosures required by Sections 11 and 12 of FRS 102 (Basic Financial Instruments and Other Financial Instruments Issues respectively)

The Company is wholly owned by BIIF Holdco Limited and has taken advantage of the exemption in section 33 of FRS 102 'Related Party Disclosures', that allows it not to disclose transactions with wholly owned members of a group.

(d) Consolidation

The Company is a wholly-owned subsidiary of BIIF Holdco Limited, a company incorporated in England. In accordance with Section 400 of the Companies Act 2006, the Company is not required to produce, and has not published, consolidated accounts.

(e) Judgments and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgments are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

Accounting estimates and assumptions are made concerning the future and, by their nature, will rarely equal the related actual outcome. The key assumptions and other sources of estimation uncertainty are as follows:

i) Impairment of assets

The carrying value of those assets recorded in the Company's Statement of Financial Position, at amortised cost less any impairment losses, could be materially reduced where circumstances exist which might indicate that an asset has been impaired and an impairment review is performed. Impairment reviews consider the fair value and/or value in use of the potentially impaired asset or assets and compare that with the carrying value of the asset or assets in the Statement of Financial Position. Any reduction in value arising from such a review would be recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. Impairment reviews involve the significant use of assumptions. Consideration has to be given as to the price that could be obtained for the asset or assets, or in relation to a consideration of value in use, estimates of the future cash flows that could be generated by the potentially impaired asset or assets, together with a consideration of an appropriate discount rate to apply to those cash flows.

Notes to the Annual Report and Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2022

3. Accounting Policies (continued)

(f) Income tax

Taxation expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

i) Current Tax

Current tax is the amount of income tax payable in respect of the taxable profit for the year or prior years. Tax is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the period end. The directors periodically evaluate positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

ii) Deferred tax

Deferred tax arises from timing differences that are differences between taxable profits and total comprehensive income as stated in the financial statements. These timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is recognised on all timing differences at the reporting date except for certain exceptions. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are only recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is also recognised on the revaluations of derivative financial instruments, with the movements going through the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the period end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the deferred tax asset or liability.

(g) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of six months or less and bank overdrafts.

(h) Investments

Fixed asset investments are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Notes to the Annual Report and Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2022

3. Accounting Policies (continued)

(i) Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

4. Particulars of Employees and Directors

The average number of persons employed by the Company during the financial year amounted to nil (2021: nil). The directors are not employed by the Company and did not receive any remuneration from the Company during the year (2021: £nil).

5. Interest Receivable and Similar Income

	2022	2021
Interest on cash and cash equivalents	£ 831 —	<u> </u>
6. Interest Payable and Similar Expenses		
	2022	2021
Interest due to Group undertakings	105,461 ———	£ 125,912
7. Tax on Loss		
Major components of tax expense	•	
	2022 £	2021 £
Current tax: Adjustments in respect of prior periods	, ~ ~	226,335
Deferred tax: Origination and reversal of timing differences	14,005	5,160
Tax on loss	14,005	231,495

Notes to the Annual Report and Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2022

7. Tax on Loss (continued)

Reconciliation of tax expense

The tax assessed on the loss for the year is higher than (2021: higher than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2021: 19%).

	2022	2021
·	3	£
Loss before taxation	(115,256)	(155,175)
Loss before taxation by rate of tax	(21,899)	(29,483)
Adjustment to tax charge in respect of prior periods	· · ·	226,335
Tax rate changes	-	(8,845)
Group relief not paid for	35,904	43,488
Total tax charge	14,005	231,495

8. Dividends

Dividends paid during the year (excluding those for which a liability existed at the end of the prior year):

	2022	2021
	£	£
Interim dividends paid of £159,306 (2021: £nil) per ordinary share	318,612	_

9. Investments

•	Shares in group undertaking s £
Cost At 1 January 2022 and 31 December 2022	_1
Impairment At 1 January 2022 and 31 December 2022	_
Carrying amount At 31 December 2022	1
At 31 December 2021	1

Notes to the Annual Report and Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2022

9. Investments (continued)

The Company owns 100% of the issued A share capital of Premier Custodial Investments Limited.

Aggregate capital and reserves	2022 £ 300.606	2021 £ 1,020,636
Profit for the year	2,999,970	18,287

The carrying value of the investment is supported by the net assets of the subsidiary.

10. Debtors

Debtors amounts falling due within one year are as follows:

	2022	2021
	£	£
Amounts owed by Group undertakings	_	1,816,765
Prepayments and accrued income	_	41,885
Other debtors	1,798	4,275
	1,798	1,862,925
	===	
Debtors amounts falling due after more than one year are as follows:		
·	2022	2021
	£	£
Deferred tax asset	36,852	50,857

The amounts owed by Group undertakings are trading balances, are not interest bearing and are repayable on demand.

11. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2022	2021
	£	£
Amounts owed to Group undertakings	_	1,855,926

Amounts owed to Group undertakings consists of a loan totalling £nil (2021: £1,287,231) which bears interest at 8.4% and accrued interest of £nil (2021: £568,695). All amounts are unsecured and repayable on demand.

Notes to the Annual Report and Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2022

12. Deferred Tax

Short term timing differences	£ 36,852	£ (50,857)
The deferred tax account consists of the tax effect of timing differences in	n respect of: 2022	202:1
Included in debtors (note 10)	36,852	50,857
	2022 £	2021 £
The deferred tax included in the Statement of Financial Position is as fol	lows:	

The net deferred tax liability expected to reverse in 2023 is £17,321 (2022: £14,004). This primarily relates to the reversal of short term timing differences.

2021

	2021	
	3	
Opening balance	(50,857)	
Movement through the profit or loss	14,005	
•		
Closing balance	(36,852)	

13. Called Up Share Capital

Issued, called up and fully paid

	2022		2021	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	1	1	1	1
'B' ordinary shares of £1 each	1	1	1	1
•				—
·	2	2	2	2
				=

There are two classes of ordinary share. The 'A' share has full voting rights and dividend rights. The 'B' share allows the holder only to appoint a nominee to deal solely with issues relating to the financing of Kilmarnock Prison Services Limited. The nominee is Bank of Scotland Branch Nominees Limited. There are no restrictions on the distribution of dividends and the repayment of capital to the holder of the 'A' share.

14. Reserves

Retained earnings records retained earnings and accumulated losses.

Notes to the Annual Report and Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2022

15. Controlling Party

The immediate parent undertaking is Matrix Premier Holdings Limited.

The intermediate parent undertaking is BIIF Holdco Limited, which is the parent undertaking of the smallest and largest group to consolidate these financial statements. Copies of BIIF Holdco Limited consolidated financial statements can be obtained from the Company Secretary at Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, EC4N 6AF.

The ultimate parent and controlling party is BIIF L.P. BIIF L.P. is owned by a number of investors with no one investor having individual control.