Company Registration No: 03832001

HOLAW (600) LIMITED

REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2017

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DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

DIRECTORS

R Tchenguiz V A Tchenguiz

REGISTERED OFFICE

5th Floor Leconfield House Curzon Street London W1J 5JA

AUDITOR

RSM UK Audit LLP Chartered Accountants 3rd Floor One London Square Cross Lanes Guildford Surrey GU1 1UN

SOLICITORS

Osborne Clarke One London Wall London EC2Y 5EB

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their report and the financial statements of Holaw (600) Limited for the year ended 31 May 2017.

Principal activities and business review

The principal activity of the company, which has remained unchanged during the financial year, was that of an intermediate holding company.

The company did not trade during the year.

In the opinion of the directors the financial position of the company at 31 May 2017 was satisfactory.

Dividends

The directors do not recommend payment of a dividend.

Directors

The following directors have held office since 1 June 2016:

R Tchenguiz V A Tchenguiz

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- a. select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- b. make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- c. prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

Statement as to disclosure of information to auditor

The directors who were in office on the date of approval of these financial statements have confirmed that, as far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the auditor is unaware. The directors have confirmed that they have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that it has been communicated to the auditor.

Auditor

The auditor, RSM UK Audit LLP, Chartered Accountants, has indicated its willingness to continue in office.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

By order of the Board:

R Tchenguiz

Director

20 December 2017

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF HOLAW (600) LIMITED

Opinion on financial statements

We have audited the financial statements on pages 5 to 9. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland".

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 May 2017;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice: and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the Financial Reporting Council's website at http://www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements and, based on the work undertaken in the course of our audit, the Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the Directors' Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies' regime and take advantage of the small companies exemption from the requirement to prepare a strategic report or in preparing the directors' report.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As more fully explained in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 2, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

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Christopher Hurren BA FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor) For and on behalf of RSM UK Audit LLP, Statutory Auditor Chartered Accountants 3rd Floor, One London Square, Cross Lanes Guildford, Surrey, GU1 1UN

22 December 2017

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (Company Registration Number: 03832001)

AT 31 MAY 2017

	Notes	2017 £	2016 £
Fixed assets		2	_
Investments	3	2	2
Current assets			
Debtors	4	2	2
Creditors: amounts falling	5	(2)	(2)
due within one year		(2)	(2)
Net current assets		•	•
Total assets less current liabiliti	es	2	2
Capital and reserves		· <u></u>	
Called up share capital	7	2	· 2
Total equity		2	2
•			

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements on pages 5 to 9 were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 2017 and are signed on its behalf by:

R Tchenguiz

Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2017

1. Accounting policies

Company information

Holaw (600) Limited ("the Company") is a limited company domiciled and incorporated in England. The address of the Company's registered office and principal place of business is 5th Floor, Leconfield House, Curzon Street, W1J 5JA. The company did not trade during the year.

1.1 Basis of accounting

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006, as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

1.2 Cash flow statement

The company has taken advantage of the small company exemption from preparing a cash flow statement under the terms of FRS102, Section 7.

1.3 Income statement

The company has not traded during the year or the preceding financial period. During this time the company received no income and incurred no expenditure and therefore no Income statement is presented in these financial statements.

1.4 Consolidated financial statements

The company and its subsidiary undertakings comprise a small-sized group. The company has therefore taken advantage of the exemption provided by FRS 102 Chapter 9 'Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements' and therefore is not required to prepare consolidated financial statements on the basis that it is subject to the small companies regime. Consequently, these financial statements present the financial position and financial performance of the company as a single entity.

1.5 Functional and presentational currencies

The financial statements are presented in sterling which is also the functional currency of the company.

1.6 Going concern

The directors have assessed the operation of the structure and have determined that the company has, or can expect to have, sufficient working capital for its needs for at least the next 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements. In view of this the directors consider it appropriate to prepare the accounts on the going concern basis.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2017

1.7 Fixed asset investments

Interests in subsidiaries; associates and jointly controlled entities are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Interests in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities are assessed for impairment at each reporting date. Any impairment losses or reversals of impairment losses are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

1.8 Financial instruments

The Company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102, in full, to all of its financial instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument, and are offset only when the Company currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include trade and other receivables and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Financial liabilities and equity

Financial instruments are classified as liabilities and equity instruments according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Equity Instruments

Financial instruments classified as equity instruments are recorded at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of direct costs of issuing the equity instruments.

Creditors

Creditors payable within one year that do not constitute a financing transaction are initially measured at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost, being the transaction price less any amounts settled.

Where the arrangement with a creditor constitutes a financing transaction, the creditor is initially and subsequently measured at the present value of future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar instrument.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2017

1.8 Financial instruments (continued)

Derecognition of financial assets and liabilities

A financial asset is derecognised only when the contractual rights to cash flows expire or are settled, or substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are transferred to another party, or if some significant risks and rewards of ownership are retained but control of the asset has transferred to another party that is able to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party. A financial liability (or part thereof) is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

1.9 Critical accounting estimates and areas of judgement

There are currently no critical accounting estimates or areas of judgement.

2. Employees and directors

3.

There were no employees during the year apart from the directors who received no emoluments.

Fixed asset investments			Shares in
			subsidiary undertakings £
Cost: At 1 June 2016 and at 31 May	, 2017		. 2
Holdings of more than 20% The company holds more than	n 20% of the share capital of the	following companie	es:
Company	Country of registration or incorporation	S Class	hares held %
Holaw (546) Limited	England	Ordinary	100.00
	ital and reserves and the results	of these undertakir	ngs for the last
relevant financial year were as		Capital and reserves 31 May 2017	Profit/(loss) for the year 31 May 2017
	Principal activity	£	£
Holaw (546) Limited	Dormant	(740,656)	-
The registered office of the sul London, W1J 5JA	bsidiary undertaking is 5th Floor,	Leconfield House,	Curzon Street

Debtors	2017 £	2016 £
Amounts owed by group undertakings	2	2

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2017

	•		
5.	Creditors: amounts falling within one year		
		2017	2016
	•	£	£
			~
	Amounts due to group undertakings	. 2	. 2
		·	
6.	Financial instruments		
		2017	2016
		£	£
	Financial assets:		
	Debt instruments measured at amortised cost	2	2
	Financial liabilities:		•
	Measured at amortised cost	2	2
			
7.	Share capital		
		2017	2016
		£	£
	Allotted, issued and fully paid:		
	2 ordinary shares of £1 each	. 2	2
			<u>-</u>
			

Ordinary share rights

The company's ordinary shares, which carry no right to fixed income, each carry the right to one vote at general meetings of the company.

8. Ultimate parent company and ultimate controlling party

The company's immediate and ultimate holding company is Hillrose Investments Limited, a company registered in the Bahamas.

The ultimate controlling party is the Tchenguiz Family Trust.

9. Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemptions provided by Section 33 of FRS 102 'Related Party Disclosures' and has not disclosed transactions entered into between two or more members of a group, provided that any subsidiary undertaking which is party to the transaction is wholly owned by a member of that group.