# Report of the Directors and

Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 November 2019

for

**Barton Business Park Limited** 

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# Company Information for the Year Ended 30 November 2019

**DIRECTORS:** 

M Dalton A D Griffiths R Joseland I M Romano

**REGISTERED OFFICE:** 

Park Point 17 High Street Longbridge Birmingham B31 2UQ

**REGISTERED NUMBER:** 

03807742 (England and Wales)

AUDITOR:

KPMG LLP Statutory Auditor One Snowhill Snow Hill Queensway

Birmingham West Midlands

B4 6GH

# Report of the Directors for the Year Ended 30 November 2019

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 30 November 2019.

### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The company ceased trading during the year ended 30 November 2018.

### **DIVIDENDS**

No dividends will be distributed for the year ended 30 November 2019.

#### DIRECTORS

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1 December 2018 to the date of this report.

M Dalton

A D Griffiths

Other changes in directors holding office are as follows:

I M Romano was appointed as a director after 30 November 2019 but prior to the date of this report.

R Joseland was appointed as a director after 30 November 2019 but prior to the date of this report.

R J Hudson ceased to be a director after 30 November 2019 but prior to the date of this report.

G C Gusterson ceased to be a director after 30 November 2019 but prior to the date of this report.

None of the directors had any interest in the shares of the company.

### **GOING CONCERN**

The financial position of the company is set out in the Balance Sheet and the accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements.

The company ceased trading during the previous financial year. The directors do not anticipate that the company will have any subsequent trade and therefore they intend that the company will become dormant and be liquidated in due course. As a result, the financial statements have been prepared on a basis other than that of going concern. No adjustments arose as a result of changing the basis of preparation.

# DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO THE AUDITOR

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditor is unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

### **AUDITOR**

KPMG LLP, our appointed auditor, have conducted the audit for the year ended 30 November 2019 and have expressed a willingness to remain in office. Pursuant to Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditor will be deemed reappointed as auditor in the absence of an Annual General Meeting.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

# ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

l Romano - Director

Date: 30th July 2020

# Statement of Directors' Responsibilities for the Year Ended 30 November 2019

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and Section 1A of FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice applicable to Smaller Entities).

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- assess the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and
- use the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

As explained in note 2, the Directors do not believe that it is appropriate to prepare these financial statements on a going concern basis.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

# Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Barton Business Park Limited

# Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Barton Business Park Limited ("the company") for the year ended 30 November 2019, which comprise the Income Statement, Balance Sheet and related notes, including the accounting policies in note 2.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 November 2019 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK accounting standards applicable to smaller entities, including Section 1A of FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities are described below. We have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities under, and are independent of the company in accordance with, UK ethical requirements including the FRC Ethical Standard and the provisions available for small entities, in the circumstances set out in note 2 to the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is a sufficient and appropriate basis for our opinion.

# Emphasis of matter - non-going concern basis of preparation

We draw attention to the disclosure made in note 2 to the financial statements which explains that the financial statements have not been prepared on the going concern basis for the reasons set out in that note. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

### Directors' report

The directors are responsible for the directors' report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover that report and we do not express an audit opinion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the directors' report and, in doing so, consider whether, based on our financial statements audit work, the information therein is materially misstated or inconsistent with the financial statements or our audit knowledge. Based solely on that work:

- we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report;
- in our opinion the information given in that report for the financial year is consistent with the financial statements; and
- in our opinion that report has been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

# Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies exemption from the requirement to prepare a strategic report. We have nothing to report in these respects.

# Directors' responsibilities

As explained more fully in their statement set out on page 3, the directors are responsible for: the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view; such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

# Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Barton Business Park Limited

# Auditor's responsibilities

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue our opinion in an auditor's report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but does not guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

A fuller description of our responsibilities is provided on the FRC's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities.

# The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Gordon Docherty (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of KPMG LLP Statutory Auditor One Snowhill Snow Hill Queensway Birmingham West Midlands B4 6GH

Date:

# **Income Statement**

# for the Year Ended 30 November 2019

	Notes	2019 £	2018 £
	Notes	<b>&amp;</b>	£
TURNOVER	3	515	-
Cost of sales		122,049	(2,409)
GROSS PROFIT/(LOSS)		122,564	(2,409)
Administrative expenses		1,568	(4,116)
OPERATING PROFIT/(LOSS)	4	124,132	(6,525)
Interest receivable and similar incor Interest payable and similar expense		1,367 <u>742</u>	225
PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAXA	ATION	126,241	(6,300)
Tax on profit/(loss)	5 .	(24,007)	(944)
PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE FINA YEAR	ANCIAL	102,234	(7,244)

# Barton Business Park Limited (Registered number: 03807742)

# Balance Sheet 30 November 2019

	Notes	2019 £	2018 £
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors	6	7,564,917	7,567,021
Cash at bank		888,408	445,236
CDEDITORS		8,453,325	8,012,257
CREDITORS	7	(01 ( 51 ()	(477 (00)
Amounts falling due within one year	7	<u>(816,516)</u>	(477,682)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		7,636,809	7,534,575
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		7,636,809	7,534,575
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	8	1,000	1,000
Retained earnings		7,635,809	7,533,575
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		7,636,809	7,534,575

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 30th July 2020 and were signed on its behalf by:

yr p. Colores

I Romano - Director

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 November 2019

### 1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Barton Business Park Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

# 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

# Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" of Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

# Going concern

The company ceased trading during the previous financial year. The directors do not anticipate that the company will have any subsequent trade and therefore they intend that the company will become dormant and be liquidated in due course. As a result, the financial statements have been prepared on a basis other than that of going concern. No adjustments arose as a result of changing the basis of preparation.

### Turnover

Turnover is recognised when performance obligations are satisfied by transferring a promised good or service to a customer. Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received excluding discounts, VAT and other sales taxes or duty. Any non-cash consideration is measured at fair value and any deferred consideration is measured at present value, unless the deferral is for a period of one year or less, in which case no adjustment is made to the consideration.

### Management fee income

Management fees are recognised when the group has substantially fulfilled its obligations in respect of the transaction and hence the amount of revenue can be measured reliably and it is probable that economic benefits will flow to the group.

# Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

# Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently carried at amortised cost less any allowance for expected credit losses. The expected credit losses on trade and other debtors are estimated using a provision matrix based on the company's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the individual debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current as well as the forecast direction of conditions at the reporting date. Balances are written off when the probability of recovery is assessed as being remote.

# Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprises cash balances and short-term deposits with banks with initial maturity less than three months.

# Trade and other creditors

Trade and other creditors are initially recognised at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. Where payment is on deferred terms the liability is initially recorded by discounting the nominal amount payable to net present value. The discount to nominal value is amortised over the period of the deferred arrangement and charged to finance costs.

### Current tax

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from, or paid to, the taxation authorities, based on tax rates and laws that are enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Full payment is made for transfer pricing adjustments and group relief surrendered between group undertakings.

# Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 November 2019

# 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

### Deferred tax

Deferred income tax is recognised on all temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements, using the rates of tax expected to apply based on legislation enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, carried forward tax credits or tax losses can be utilised.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply when the related asset is realised or liability is settled, based on tax rates and laws substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

# Key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies outlined above, the directors are required to make estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant and so actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis and revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. There are no key assumptions concerning the future, or other key sources of estimation uncertainty that may have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

# 3. TURNOVER

The turnover and profit (2018 - loss) before taxation are attributable to the one principal activity of the company.

An analysis of turnover by class of business for the year ended 30 November 2019 is given below:

Management Fees 515

This analysis is not considered to be applicable to the year ended 30 November 2018.

An analysis of turnover by geographical market for the year ended 30 November 2019 is given below:

United Kingdom 100.00%

100.00%

This analysis is not considered to be applicable to the year ended 30 November 2018.

# 4. OPERATING PROFIT/(LOSS)

The company had no employees or staff costs for the current financial year or the prior financial year.

None of the directors received any remuneration during the current financial year and the prior financial year. The remuneration of the directors is paid by other group undertakings for both the current financial year and the prior financial year and no part of their remuneration is specifically attributable to their services to this company.

Auditor remuneration was borne by the ultimate parent company, St. Modwen Properties PLC. The fee payable for the audit of the financial statement was £3,000 (2018: £3,000) and the fee payable for tax compliance services was £1,000 (2018: £1,000).

# Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 November 2019

#### 5. **TAXATION**

Analysis	of	the	tax	charge
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The tax charge on the profit for the year was as follows:

o , ,	2019 £	2018 £
Current tax: UK corporation tax	24,007	944
Tax on profit/(loss)	24,007	944

UK corporation tax was charged at 19% in 2018.

# Reconciliation of total tax charge included in profit and loss

The tax assessed for the year is higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The difference is explained below:

Profit/(loss) before tax	2019 £ 126,241	2018 £ (6,300)
Profit/(loss) multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2018 - 19%)	23,986	(1,197)
Effects of: Movement in recognition of deferred tax on losses Adjustments in respect of prior years	(22) 43	256 1,885
Total tax charge	24,007	944

Legislation substantively enacted at 30 November 2018 included provisions which reduced the main rate of corporation tax from 19% to 17% with effect from 1 April 2020. Current tax has therefore been provided at 19% and deferred tax at 19%.

#### **DEBTORS** 6.

	2019 £	2018 £
Trade debtors Other debtors	7,564,917	2,104 7,564,917
	7,564,917	7,567,021

As at 30 November 2019, £7,564,917 (2018: £7,564,917) within other debtors relates to amounts owed by related parties (see note 9).

#### 7. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2019 £	2018 £
Trade creditors	182	63,070
Taxation and social security	26,080	22,622
Other creditors	790,254	<u>391,990</u>
	816,516	477,682

# Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 November 2019

# 7. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR - continued

As at 30 November 2019, £777,379 (2018: £219,797) within other creditors relates to amounts owed to related parties (see note 9).

### 8. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

Number:	ued and fully paid: Class:	Nominal value:	2019 £	2018 £
500	Ordinary 'A'	£1	500	500
500 Ordinary 'B'	£1	500	500	
			1,000	1,000

The ordinary 'A' and ordinary 'B' shares rank parri passu in all respects.

# 9. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The company is provided loan funding from the ultimate parent undertaking of St. Modwen Developments Limited, St. Modwen Properties PLC and from Prologis UK Limited a subsidiary of Prologis Inc. The company received no additional funds during the year (2018: £nil). The balance owed at year end by St. Modwen Properties PLC was £3,783,848 (2018: £3,783,848) and the balance owed by Prologis UK Limited was £3,781,069 (2018: £3,781,069). No interest is payable on the balances due from the joint owners.

The company enters into transactions with St. Modwen Properties PLC, an ultimate controlling party, or other St. Modwen group companies when a property is sold by the company into the St. Modwen group or when payments are made to settle invoices by the St. Modwen group on the company's behalf. At the year end the company had amounts payable to St. Modwen Properties PLC of £777,379 (2018: £219,797).

There were no income statement transactions with related parties during the period.

# 10. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The company is a joint venture between St. Modwen Developments Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of St. Modwen Properties PLC, a company registered in England, and Prologis UK Limited, ultimately controlled by Prologis Inc, a Real Estate Investment Trust incorporated in Maryland, USA.

The largest and smallest group into which the results of St. Modwen Developments Limited are consolidated is St. Modwen Properties PLC. Copies of the Group report and financial statements of St. Modwen Properties PLC are available from the Registered Office at Park Point, 17 High Street, Longbridge, Birmingham, B31 2UQ.

The largest and smallest group into which the results of Prologis UK Limited are consolidated is Prologis Inc, as noted above. Copies of the Group report and financial statements of Prologis inc are available from their principal place of business at Pier 1, Bay 1, San Francisco, 94111 California, United States of America.

The company is jointly controlled by its joint venture partners.