RSR LTD

STRATEGIC REPORT,

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS AND

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

A8818ZM9 A11 27/06/2019 #99 COMPANIES HOUSE

HODGE BAKSHI
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS &
STATUTORY AUDITORS
CHURCHGATE HOUSE
CHURCH ROAD
CARDIFF
CF14 2DX

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RSR LTD

<u>COMPANY INFORMATION</u> <u>FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018</u>

DIRECTORS:

DR B Rees-Smith

Miss J BRADBURY

Dr S CHEN
Dr J Furmaniak
Dr M POWELL
Dr J SANDERS

REGISTERED OFFICE:

7 Robin Lane High Bentham Lancaster Lancashire LA2 7AB

REGISTERED NUMBER:

03766047 (England and Wales)

AUDITORS:

HODGE BAKSHI

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS &

STATUTORY AUDITORS CHURCHGATE HOUSE

CHURCH ROAD

CARDIFF CF14 2DX

STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

The directors present their strategic report for the year ended 30 September 2018.

REVIEW OF BUSINESS

The principal activity of the group in the year under review was that of manufacturing and distributing medical diagnostic kits.

Details of the company's performance for the financial year are set out in detail on page 9. Its results and future prospects are considered to be satisfactory.

Financial performance in the year

The company recorded a reduction in turnover by 9.65% which was in line with expectations from management.

The company achieved a gross profit margin of 67.3% (2017: 66.8%). This has been as a result of an decrease in cost of sales in spite of an increase in productivity and strong control on input costs. The Directors will continue to focus on improving margins and driving costs down in the company for the forthcoming year.

Financial position at the reporting date

The balance sheet on page 12 shows that the company's net assets have increased by £923k when compared to the prior year.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Management continually monitor the key risks facing the company together with assessing the controls used for managing these risks. The board of directors formally reviews and documents the principal risks facing the business at least annually.

The principal risks and uncertainties facing the company are as follows;

Economic downturn - the company acknowledges the importance of maintaining close relationships with its key customers in order to be able to identify the early signs of potential financial difficulties. Sales trends in its major markets are constantly reviewed to enable early action to be taken in the event of sales declining.

Competitive pressure - in the general economic environment is a continuing risk to the group as is the ability of suppliers to keep pace with the competition. The group manages this risk by providing fast response times in fulfilling sales orders and by maintaining strong relationships with key customers and suppliers throughout the world.

Reliance on key suppliers-the company's purchasing activities could expose it to over reliance on certain suppliers and inflationary pricing pressure. The company's manages this risk by ensuring there is enough breadth in its supplier base and by constantly seeking to find potential alternative suppliers that may be used, if necessary.

Loss of key personnel- this would present significant operational difficulties for the company. Management seek to ensure that key personnel are appropriately remunerated to ensure that good performance is recognised.

STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

DISABLED EMPLOYEES

Applications for employment by disable persons are always fully considered, bearing in mind the aptitudes of the applicants concerned. In the event of members of staff becoming disabled every effort is made to ensure that their employment with the company continues and the appropriate training is arranged. It is the policy of the company that the training, career development and promotion of disabled persons should be identical to that of other employees.

EMPLOYEE CONSULTATION

The company is committed to employee involvement and encourages the development of co-operation with employees. To this end, the company's policy is to ensure that employees are kept informed on matters which affect them, through direct communication and established procedures for joint consultation.

The company has continued to examine ways and means of providing employment for disabled employees, under normal terms and conditions, with opportunities and established procedures for joint consultation.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

DR B Rees-Smith - Director

18 June 2019

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 30 September 2018.

DIVIDENDS

The total distribution of dividends for the year ended 30 September 2018 will be £15,000,000.

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

The company will continue its policy of research and development in order to retain a competitive position in the market. All research and development expenditure is written off to the profit and loss account as it is incurred.

FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

The directors consider that the forthcoming financial year with be another challenging one. Their aim is to continue to implement the management policies which have been introduced in recent years and has assisted in successfully overcoming the difficulties and uncertainties in the market place in the year. Overall, the directors believe that the company is well placed in terms of strategic and market position to maximise its ability to generate sales and satisfy customer demand, in spite of the difficult economic conditions currently facing the business.

EVENTS SINCE THE END OF THE YEAR

Information relating to events since the end of the year is given in the notes to the financial statements.

DIRECTORS

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1 October 2017 to the date of this report.

DR B Rees-Smith Miss J BRADBURY Dr S CHEN Dr J Furmaniak Dr M POWELL Dr J SANDERS

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Treasury operations and financial instruments

The company operates a centralised treasury function which is responsible for managing the liquidity, interest and foreign currency risks associated with the company's activities. In addition the company has various other financial assets and liabilities such as trade receivables and trade payables arising directly from its operations.

Liquidity risk

The company manages its cash requirements centrally to maximise interest income and minimise interest expense, whilst ensuring that the company has sufficient liquid resources to meet the operating needs to its business.

Foreign exchange risk

The company's sources products from, and exports products to abroad, and is therefore subject to foreign exchange movements. This risk is managed by regular and consistent monitoring of exchange rates.

Interest rate risk

This risk is managed by regular and consistent monitoring of interest rates.

Credit risk

Investments of cash surpluses are made through banks which must fulfil credit rating criteria approved by the board. All customers who wish to trade on credit terms are subject to credit verification procedures. Receivable balances are monitored on an on-going basis and provision is made for doubtful debts where necessary.

GOING CONCERN

The directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future, therefore it continues to adopt the going concern basis for accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

DIRECTORS INDEMNITY

The company's Articles of Association provide, subject to the provisions of UK legislation, an indemnity for directors and officers of the Company in respect of liabilities they may incur in the discharge of their duties or in the exercise of their powers, including any liabilities relating to the defence of any proceedings brought against them which relate to anything done or omitted, or alleged to have been done or omitted, by them as officers or employees of the company.

DISCLOSURE IN THE STRATEGIC REPORT

As permitted by Paragraph 1A of Schedule 7 to the Large and Medium-sized Companies and Groups (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 certain matters which are required to be disclosed in the directors' report have been omitted as they are included in the strategic report.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he or she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself or herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

AUDITORS

The auditors, HODGE BAKSHI, will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

DR B Rees-Smith - Director

18 June 2019



REPORT OF THE AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF RSR LTD

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS & CHARTERED TAX ADVISERS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of RSR Ltd (the 'company') for the year ended 30 September 2018 which comprise the Income Statement, Other Comprehensive Income, Balance Sheet, Statement of Changes in Equity, Cash Flow Statement and Notes to the Cash Flow Statement, Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 September 2018 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Impact of uncertainties due to Britain exiting the European Union on our audit

Uncertainties related to the effects of Brexit are relevant to understanding our audit of the financial statements. All audit assess and challenge the reasonableness of estimates made by the directors, such as recoverability of debtors and related disclosures and the appropriateness of the going concern basis of preparation of the financial statements. All of these depend on assessments of the future economic environment and the company's future prospects and performance.

Brexit is one of the most significant economic events for the UK, and at the date of this report its effects are subject to

Brexit is one of the most significant economic events for the UK, and at the date of this report its effects are subject to unprecedented levels of uncertainty of outcomes, with the full range of possible effects unknown. We applied a standardised firm-wide approach in response to that uncertainty when assessing the company's future prospects and performance. However, no audit should be expected to predict the unknowable factors of all possible future implications for a company and this is particularly the case in relation to Brexit.

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Directors • Pankaj Bakshi FCA CTA • Khurshed Bamji BSc (Hons) ACA FCA (ICAI) FCCA • Sameer P. Bakshi ACA CTA Churchgate House, 3 Church Road, Whitchurch, Cardiff CF14 2DX. Tel: 029 2052 9529 Fax: 029 2052 1666

e-mail: hello@hodgebakshi.com Web: www.hodgebakshi.com



REPORT OF THE AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF RSR LTD

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Other information

& CHARTERED TAX ADVISERS

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors, but does not include the financial statements and our Report of the Auditors thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Strategic Report or the Report of the Directors.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page six, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

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REPORT OF THE AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF RSR LTD

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS & CHARTERED TAX ADVISERS

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a Report of the Auditors that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Report of the Auditors.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Pankaj Bakshi (Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of HODGE BAKSHI
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS &
STATUTORY AUDITORS
CHURCHGATE HOUSE
CHURCH ROAD
CARDIFF
CF14 2DX

18 June 2019

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Directors • Pankaj Bakshi FCA CTA • Khurshed Bamji BSc (Hons) ACA FCA (ICAI) FCCA • Sameer P. Bakshi ACA CTA Churchgate House, 3 Church Road, Whitchurch, Cardiff CF14 2DX. Tel: 029 2052 9529 Fax: 029 2052 1666

e-mail: hello@hodgebakshi.com Web: www.hodgebakshi.com

<u>INCOME STATEMENT</u> FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

	Notes	2018 £	2017 £
TURNOVER	3	19,972,081	22,105,855
Cost of sales		6,515,315	7,325,063
GROSS PROFIT		13,456,766	14,780,792
Administrative expenses		3,577,343	3,640,715
		9,879,423	11,140,077
Other operating income		7,728,509	8,295,867
OPERATING PROFIT	5	17,607,932	19,435,944
Interest receivable and similar income		12,697	11,472
		17,620,629	19,447,416
Interest payable and similar expenses	6	12,202	-
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		17,608,427	19,447,416
Tax on profit	7	1,697,877	2,099,010
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		15,910,550	17,348,406

OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

Notes	2018 £	2017 £
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	15,910,550	17,348,406
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	<u>-</u> _	
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	15,910,550	17,348,406

BALANCE SHEET 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

		20	18	20	17
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	9		305,069		298,709
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	10	948,701		936,043	
Debtors	11	7,726,141		6,661,072	
Cash at bank and in hand		23,528,511		11,813,831	
		32,203,353		19,410,946	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	12	13,623,985		1,735,768	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			18,579,368	,	17,675,178
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT	1				
LIABILITIES			18,884,437		17,973,887
CADITAL AND DECEDUES					
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	1.4		100		100
Called up share capital Retained earnings	14 15				
Retained earnings	13		18,884,337		17,973,787
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			18,884,437		17,973,887
YI .					

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 18 June 2019 and were signed on its

behalf by:

DR B Rees-Smith - Director

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings	Total equity £
Balance at 1 October 2016	100	18,625,381	18,625,481
Changes in equity Dividends Total comprehensive income	-	(18,000,000) 17,348,406	(18,000,000) 17,348,406
Balance at 30 September 2017	100	17,973,787	17,973,887
Changes in equity Dividends Total comprehensive income	- -	(15,000,000) 15,910,550	(15,000,000) 15,910,550
Balance at 30 September 2018	100	18,884,337	18,884,437

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

	NY 4	2018	2017
	Notes	£	£
Cash flows from operating activities Cash generated from operations	1	29,797,684	21,235,819
Interest paid	1	(12,202)	21,233,017
Tax paid		(2,844,673)	(2,831,867)
Net cash from operating activities		26,940,809	18,403,952
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of tangible fixed assets		(238,826)	(107,179)
Interest received		12,697	11,472
Net cash from investing activities		(226,129)	(95,707)
Cash flows from financing activities		(15,000,000)	(18,000,000)
Equity dividends paid		(15,000,000)	(18,000,000)
Net cash from financing activities		(15,000,000)	(18,000,000)
			<u>-</u>
Increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at	S	11,714,680	308,245
beginning of year	2	11,813,831	11,505,587
Cash and cash equivalents at end of			
year	2	23,528,511	11,813,831

NOTES TO THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

1. RECONCILIATION OF PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION TO CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS

	2018	2017
	£	£
Profit before taxation	17,608,427	19,447,416
Depreciation charges	232,466	237,617
Finance costs	12,202	-
Finance income	(12,697)	(11,472)
	17,840,398	19,673,561
(Increase)/decrease in stocks	(12,658)	18,674
(Increase)/decrease in trade and other debtors	(788,886)	1,096,143
Increase in trade and other creditors	12,758,830	447,441
Cash generated from operations	29,797,684	21,235,819

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The amounts disclosed on the Cash Flow Statement in respect of cash and cash equivalents are in respect of these Balance Sheet amounts:

Year ended 30 September 2018

	30.9.18 £	1.10.17 £
Cash and cash equivalents	23,528,511	11,813,831
Year ended 30 September 2017		
	30.9.17	1.10.16
	£	£
Cash and cash equivalents	11,813,831	11,505,587
		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

RSR Ltd is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

The presentation currency of the financial statements is the Pound Sterling (£).

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

As set out in the strategic report, the directors believe that the company is experiencing good level of sales and profitability, and is well placed to manage its business risks successfully. Accordingly, they have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

Significant judgements and estimates

In the application of the Company's accounting policies, which are described in note 2, management is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and underlying assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Turnover

Turnover is the amount derived from ordinary activities, and is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Revenue is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances, and is stated net of VAT.

Revenue from the sale of diagnostic kits as specified in the strategic report is recognised when all the following conditions are satisfied:

- •the Company has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- •the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- •the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- •it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company; and
- •the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably. Specifically, revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when goods are delivered and legal title is passed.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Plant and machinery

- 25% on cost

Fixtures and fittings

- 25% on cost

Motor vehicles

- 25% on cost

Computer equipment

- 33% on cost

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Costs, which comprise direct production costs and an appropriate allocation of production overheads, are based on the method most appropriate to the type of inventory class, but usually on a first-in-first-out basis. Net realisable value is based on the estimated selling price less any estimated completion or selling costs.

When stocks are sold, the carrying amount of those stocks is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised. The amount of any write-down of stocks to net realisable value and all losses of stocks are recognised as an expense in the period in which the write-down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of stocks is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Research and development

Expenditure on research and development is written off in the year in which it is incurred.

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

Operating leases

Payments (excluding costs for services and insurance) made under operating leases are recognised in the profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease unless the payments to the lessor are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation; in which case the payments related to the structured increases are recognised as incurred. Lease incentives are recognised in profit or loss over the term of the lease as an integral part of the total lease expense.

Royalties

The company receives and pays royalties. These are accounted for in the year to which they relate.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the company has an obligation at the balance sheet date as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefit will be required in settlement and the amount can be reliable estimated.

Debtors and creditors receivable / payable within one year

Debtors and creditors with no stated interest rate and receivable or payable within one year are recorded at transaction price. Any losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit and loss account in other administration expenses.

Impairment

Assets not measured at fair value are reviewed for any indication that the asset may be impaired at each balance sheet date. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset, or the assets cash generating unit, is estimated and compared to the carrying amount. Where the carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount where the impairment loss is a revaluation decrease.

3. TURNOVER

The turnover and profit before taxation are attributable to the one principal activity of the company.

An analysis of turnover by geographical market is given below:

		2018 £	2017 £
	United Kingdom	959,324	889,337
	Export	19,012,757	21,216,518
		19,972,081	22,105,855
4.	EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS		
		2018	2017
		£	£
	Wages and salaries	4,696,494	4,372,624
	Social security costs	491,096	448,102
	Other pension costs	245,133	242,345
		5,432,723	5,063,071
	The average number of employees during the year was as follows:		
	•	2018	2017
		<u> 118</u>	<u>117</u>

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

4. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS - continued

	Directors' remuneration Directors' pension contributions to money purchase schemes	2018 £ 611,690 17,500	2017 £ 591,669 17,500
	The number of directors to whom retirement benefits were accruing wa	as as follows:	
	Money purchase schemes	6	6
	Information regarding the highest paid director is as follows:	2018	2017
	Emoluments etc Pension contributions to money purchase schemes	£ 165,430 3,500	£ 150,213 3,500
5.	OPERATING PROFIT		
	The operating profit is stated after charging:		
	Depreciation - owned assets Auditors' remuneration Rent	2018 £ 232,466 12,000 376,200	2017 £ 237,616 11,000 321,200
6.	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR EXPENSES	2018	2017
	Interest payable	£ 12,202	£ -
7.	TAXATION		
	Analysis of the tax charge The tax charge on the profit for the year was as follows:	2018	2017
	Current tax: UK corporation tax Under/(Over) provision of tax	£ 1,697,877 -	£ 2,103,113 (4,103)
	Tax on profit	1,697,877	2,099,010
	UK corporation tax has been charged at 19% (2017 - 20%).		,

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

7. TAXATION - continued

Reconciliation of total tax charge included in profit and loss

The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The difference is explained below:

	Profit before tax	2018 £ 17,608,427	2017 £ 19,447,416
	Profit multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2017 - 19.500%)	3,345,601	3,792,246
	Effects of: Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous periods Depreciation & Balancing charge Additional R&D claim Effect of Capital allowances	44,169 (445,992) (56,228)	(4,103) 46,338 (491,506) (42,819)
	Disallowable items Patent Box deduction	412 (1,190,085)	62 (1,201,208)
	Total tax charge	1,697,877	2,099,010
8.	DIVIDENDS	2018	2017
	Dividend Paid	£ 15,000,000	£ 18,000,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

9. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

,		Plant and machinery £	Fixtures and fittings £	Motor vehicles £	Computer equipment	Totals £
	COST					
	At 1 October 2017	2,380,851	556,853	110,177	117,585	3,165,466
	Additions	198,031	12,674	28,121		238,826
	At 30 September 2018	2,578,882	569,527	138,298	117,585	3,404,292
	DEPRECIATION					
	At 1 October 2017	2,136,563	502,485	110,177	117,532	2,866,757
	Charge for year	186,971	38,998	6,444	53	232,466
	At 30 September 2018	2,323,534	541,483	116,621	117,585	3,099,223
	NET BOOK VALUE					
	At 30 September 2018	255,348	28,044	21,677	-	305,069
	At 30 September 2017	244,288	54,368	-	53	298,709
10.	STOCKS				2010	2015
					2018 £	2017
	Stock of Raw Material				948,701	936,043
11.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS	FALLING DUE	WITHIN ON	NE YEAR		
					2018	2017
					£	£
	Trade debtors				4,292,925	4,656,606
	Tax Recoverable				124,406	172,261
	Due from Group Compani	ies			3,006,134	1,805,548
	Tax recoverable				276,183	26.657
	Prepayments				26,493	26,657
					7,726,141	6,661,072

There is no formal agreement between the group undertaking balance and the Company for the group undertakings to repay their loans in more than one year. All the loans are repayable by demand and are shown at cost. The amounts shown in the accounts are at their carrying values.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

12. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

2018	2017
£	£
264,021	463,366
-	870,613
129,636	126,096
15,040	15,987
12,809,172	34,935
393,888	212,543
12,228	12,228
13,623,985	1,735,768
	£ 264,021 129,636 15,040 12,809,172 393,888 12,228

There is no formal agreement between the group undertaking balance and the Company for the group undertakings to repay their loans in more than one year. All the loans are repayable by demand and are shown at cost. The amounts shown in the accounts are at their carrying values.

13. LEASING AGREEMENTS

Minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases fall due as follows:

	2018	2017
	£	£
Within one year	376,200	321,200
Between one and five years	1,504,800	1,284,800
In more than five years	1,881,000	16,060,000
,	3,762,000	17,666,000

14. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, issued and fully paid:

Number:	Class:	Nominal	2018	2017
		value:	£	£
100	Ordinary	£1	100	100
				

15. RESERVES

•	£
At 1 October 2017	17,973,787
Profit for the year	15,910,550
Dividends	(15,000,000)
At 30 September 2018	18,884,337
-	

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Retained earnings

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

16. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

Dixondale Limited is regarded by the directors as being the company's ultimate parent company.

17. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Counter Indemnity given by the company's bankers, HSBC Bank for £40,000 to HM Customs and Excise.

Regional Court of Düsseldorf hold a guarantee dated 14th November 2016 for EUR 500,000.

The company has made a claim against a competitor for contravening one of its patents in the manufacture of their products. Though the company has been successful at the lower court, the competitor has referred the matter at a higher court. Legal advice obtained indicates that it is unlikely that any significant liability will arise. The directors are of the view that no material losses will arise in respect of the decision of the legal claim going against the company.

18. DIRECTORS' ADVANCES, CREDITS AND GUARANTEES

The following advances and credits to a director subsisted during the years ended 30 September 2018 and 30 September 2017:

	2018	2017
	£	£
DR B Rees-Smith		
Balance outstanding at start of year	12,228	12,228
Amounts repaid	-	-
Amounts written off	-	-
Amounts waived	_	
Balance outstanding at end of year	12,228	12,228
- ·		

19. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Entities with control, joint control or significant influence over the entity

/ J		
	2018	2017
	£	£
Purchases	376,200	321,200
Amount due from related party	(12,784,489)	320,399
Other related parties		
Other related parties	2018	2017
	£	£
Amount due from related party	3,006,134	2,446,410
Amount due to related party	39,725	50,923
•		

20. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

There are no post balance sheet events.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

21. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The controlling party is DR B Rees-Smith.