Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 December 2016

for

LMR Drilling UK Limited

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LMR Drilling UK Limited

Company Information for the Year Ended 31 December 2016

DIRECTORS:

Mr E Fengler Mr H F Janz

Mr J Seamans

SECRETARY:

Mr J Seamans

REGISTERED OFFICE:

Egerton House 2 Tower Rd Birkenhead Merseyside CH41 1FN

REGISTERED NUMBER:

03765177 (England and Wales)

AUDITORS:

Wilson Henry LLP Registered Auditor 145 Edge Lane Liverpool Merseyside L7 2PF

Balance Sheet 31 December 2016

		2016		2015	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets	4		33,106		44,250
CURRENT ASSETS Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	5 .	4,547,954 1,829,677		167,734 2,057,016	
CREDITORS		6,377,631		2,224,750	
Amounts falling due within one year	6 .	2,502,372		304,862	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			3,875,259		1,919,888
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			3,908,365		1,964,138
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			1,106		2,408
NET ASSETS			3,907,259		1,961,730
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up share capital		·	15,000		15,000
Retained earnings			3,892,259		1,946,730
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			3,907,259		1,961,730

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

Mr J Seamans - Director

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2016

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

LMR Drilling UK Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" of Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Related party exemption

The company has taken advantage of exemption, under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland', not to disclose related party transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries within the group.

Turnover

Turnover represents the measure of work done, excluding value added tax. Turnover from services is recognised when the company has performed its obligations and in exchange obtained the right to consideration.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Site equipment - 20% on cost
Plant and machinery - 20% on cost
Fixtures and fittings - 20% on cost
Motor vehicles - 20% on cost
Office equipment - 20% on cost

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2016

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

Long term contracts

Revenue is recognised in accordance with the stage of contractual obligations to the customer. The stage of completion is ascertained by assessing the fair value of the services provided to the balance sheet date as a proportion of the total fair value of the contract. Losses on contracts are recognised in the period in which the loss first becomes foreseeable. Contract losses are determined as the amount by which estimated direct and indirect costs of the contract exceeded the estimated total revenues that will be generated by the contract.

The attributable profit on a long-term contract is recognised once the contract's outcome can be assessed with reasonable certainty. The profit recognised reflects the proportion of work completed to date on the contract determined by reference to the proportion of the value of the work completed to total contract value. Costs associated with long term contracts are included in accrued income to the extent that they do not relate to contract work accounted for as turnover.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 7.

4. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Plant and machinery etc £
COST At 1 January 2016	
and 31 December 2016	208,364
DEPRECIATION	
At 1 January 2016	164,114
Charge for year	11,144
At 31 December 2016	175,258
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31 December 2016	33,106
At 31 December 2015	44.250
At 31 December 2013	44,250

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2016

2016

9,881

4,105

13,986

2015

550

9,331

9,881

5.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ON	E YEAR
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		2016 £	2015 £
	Trade debtors	4,538,127	157,900
	Other debtors	500	500
	Prepayments	9,327	9,334
	•	4,547,954	167,734
6.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
•		2016	2015
		£	£
	Trade creditors	649,372	59,042
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	209,845	16,211
	Tax	668,031	109,031
	Social security and other taxes	418,735	20,894
	Other creditors	2,590	988
	Accrued expenses	553,799	98,696
		2,502,372	304,862
7.	LEASING AGREEMENTS		
	Minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases fall	due as follows: 2016	2015
		£	£
		-	_

8. DISCLOSURE UNDER SECTION 444(5B) OF THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

The Report of the Auditors was unqualified.

Peter A Alcock (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Wilson Henry LLP

9. APB ETHICAL STANDARD - PROVISIONS AVAILABLE FOR SMALL ENTITIES

In common with many other businesses of our size and nature we use our auditors to prepare and submit returns to the tax authorities and assist with the preparation of the financial statements.

10. ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING AND CONTROLLING PARTY

The directors consider that the ultimate parent undertaking of this company is DGL Beteiligungsgesellschaft mit beschränkter Haftung Oldenburg, a company incorporated in Germany. The immediate parent undertaking is LMR Drilling GmbH, a company incorporated in Germany.

11. FIRST YEAR ADOPTION

Within one year

Between one and five years

First year adoption of FRS 102 has resulted in no material restatement of the comparative figures.