Report and Financial Statements

Year Ended

31 December 2015

Company Number 03721601

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# Report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015

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#### **Directors**

J Eikenberry

J Rossen

#### Registered office

Ground and 1st Floor Mezzanine, The Battleship Building, 179 Harrow Road, London, W2 6NB

#### Company number

03721601

### Auditors

BDO LLP, 55 Baker Street, London, W1U 7EU

# Report of the directors for the year ended 31 December 2015

The directors present their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015.

#### Results and dividends

The statement of comprehensive income is set out on page 5 and shows the profit for the year.

The directors do not recommend the payment of a final ordinary dividend, making a total dividend for the year including interim payments of £6,475,000 (2014 - £nil).

A dividend was received within the period of £1,200,000 from a subsidiary. At the time the dividend was received this company's directors were unaware that there were insufficient distributable reserves available. Once identified, the directors have initiated a remediation process. This commenced after the period end and as such is not reflected in these financial statements. See note 16.

#### Principal activities and review of business

The principal activity of the company is the provision of services to fellow group companies.

#### **Future developments**

No change is anticipated in the nature of the company's activities for the foreseeable future.

#### **Directors**

The directors of the company during the year and after the year end were as follows:

J Eikenberry (appointed 20 July 2016)
C Busst (resigned 20 July 2016)
J Van Der Weijden (resigned 12 January 2016)

Z Maul (appointed 15 January 2015, resigned 24 November 2015)

J Adelman (resigned 10 January 2016)
J Rossen (appointed 24 November 2015)

#### Directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that year.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

# Report of the directors for the year ended 31 December 2015 (continued)

#### **Auditors**

All of the current directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any information needed by the company's auditors for the purposes of their audit and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information. The directors are not aware of any relevant audit information of which the auditors are unaware.

BDO LLP, who were appointed auditors of the company by the directors, have expressed their willingness to continue in office and a resolution to re-appoint them will be proposed at the annual general meeting.

The report of the directors has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime.

On behalf of the Board

Rossen

Director

Date 30 SOPTAMBOR 2016

#### Independent auditor's report

#### TO THE MEMBERS OF J2 GLOBAL UK LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of J2 Global UK Limited for the year ended 31 December 2015 which comprise the statement of comprehensive income, the balance sheet, the statement of changes in equity and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the statement of directors' responsibilities, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Financial Reporting Council's (FRC's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

#### Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the FRC's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate.

#### Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2015 and of its profit for the
  year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
   and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements and the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Based on our knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained during the course of the audit we have identified no material misstatements in the directors' report.

#### Independent auditor's report (continued)

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements and the directors' report in accordance with the small companies regime and from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

lain Henderson (senior statutory auditor)

For and on behalf of BDO LLP, statutory auditor

London

United Kingdom

Date 30th September 2016

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127).

# Statement of comprehensive income for the year ended 31 December 2015

Note	2015 £	2014 £
3	1,247,682	1,051,706
•	(415,934)	(464,517)
	831,748	587,189
	(640,560)	(357,396)
11	11,481,928	1,020,099
6	11,673,116	1,249,892
8 9	4,700 (42,105)	5,367 (36,714)
	11,635,711	1,218,545
10	(121,471)	(97;177)
	11,514,240	1,121,368
	3 11 6 8 9	£ 3 1,247,682 (415,934)  831,748 (640,560) 11 11,481,928  6 11,673,116 8 4,700 9 (42,105)  11,635,711 10 (121,471)

All amounts relate to continuing activities.
All gains and losses are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

# Balance sheet at 31 December 2015

Company number 03721601	Note	2015 £	2015 £	2014 £	2014 £
Fixed assets		~	-	-	~
Intangible assets	12		392,539		644,282
Tangible assets	13 -		181,926		270,311
Investments	14		44,807,352		40,614,275
			45,381,817		41,528,868
Current assets			,		,000,000
Debtors	15	5,179,587		3,900,694	
Cash at bank and in hand		13,274,365		4,285,827	
		18,453,952		8,186,521	
Creditors: amounts falling due				, .	
within one year	16	(9,032,816)		(10,556,929)	
Net current assets/(liabilities)			9,421,136	·	(2,370,408)
Total assets less current liabilities			54,802,953		39,158,460
Creditors: amounts falling due					
after more than one year	17		(7,021,193)		(275,000)
Provisions for liabilities	18		(5,512)		(14,529)
Net assets			47,776,248		38,868,931
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	19		1,002		1,002
Share premium account			4,679,458		4,679,458
Capital contribution reserve			37,072,517		33,204,440
Retained earnings			6,023,271		984,031
Shareholders' funds			47,776,248		38,868,931
			**************************************		

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 30 Scottmare 2016

J/Rossen Director

The notes on pages 8 to 18 form part of these financial statements.

# Statement of changes in equity at 31 December 2015

	Called up share capital £	Share premium account £	Capital contribution reserve £	Retained earnings £	Total equity £
At 1 January 2015	1,002	4,679,458	33,204,440	984,031	38,868,931
Comprehensive income for the year Profit for the year	-	-	-	11,514,240	11,514,240
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	•	11,514,240	11,514,240
Contributions by and distributions to owners Dividends Capital contribution	-	-	3,868,077	(6,475,000)	(6,475,000) 3,868,077
Total contributions by and distributions to owners	-	-	3,868,077	(6,475,000)	(2,606,923)
31 December 2015	1,002	4,679,458	37,072,517	6,023,271	47,776,248
	Called up share capital £	Capital redemption reserve	Capital contribution reserve £	Retained earnings £	Total equity £
At 1 January 2014	1,002	4,679,458	-	(137,337)	4,543,123
Comprehensive income for the year Profit for the year	-		_	1,121,368	1,121,368
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	1,121,368	1,121,368
Contributions by and distributions to owners Capital contribution	-	_	33,204,440		33,204,440
Total contributions by and distributions to owners	-	-	33,204,440	-	33,204,440
31 December 2014	1,002	4,679,458	33,204,440	984,031	38,868,931

The notes on pages 8 to 18 form part of these financial statements.

# Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015

#### 1 Accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities.

Information on the impact of first-time adoption of section 1A Small Entities in FRS 102 is given in note 24.

#### Basis of measurement

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the accounting policies.

The financial statements contain information about j2 Global UK Limited as an individual company and do not contain consolidated financial information. The Company is exempt from the requirement to prepare consolidated financial statements by virtue of the fact that j2 Global, Inc, the company's ultimate parent prepares consolidated accounts which are publicly available.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

#### Going concern

The directors have prepared detailed financial projections and reviewed the company's financial position to ensure that it has adequate resources to continue in operational existence-in the foreseeable future. Having considered these factors together with the fact that the ultimate parent undertaking has provided a letter confirming it will provide the necessary financial assistance as required for a period of at least 12 months from the date of signing of these financial statements, the directors believe that it is appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis. These financial statements do not include any adjustments that would be required if this basis was not appropriate.

#### Turnover

Turnover represents amounts earned and earnable during the year on the sale of services to fellow group companies.

Intangible assets and amortisation

Intangible assets arising on an acquisition are capitalised, classified as an asset and amortised on a straight line basis over their useful economic life.

Intangible asset are reviewed for impairment at the end of the first financial year following acquisition and in other periods if events of changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Trade marks - 10% straight line

Purchased goodwill - 20% straight line

# Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015 (continued)

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation.

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Computer equipment, fixtures and fittings - 24 to 60 months on a straight line basis

Investments

Fixed asset investments are stated at cost less provision for diminution in value.

Operating leases

Rental applicable to operating leases where substantially all the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the profit for the year and taken into account taxation deferred.

Current tax is measured at amounts expected to be paid using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date except that:

- deferred tax is not recognised on timing differences arising on revalued properties unless the company
  has entered into a binding sale agreement and is not proposing to take advantage of rollover relief; and
- the recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that the company anticipates making sufficient taxable profits in the future to absorb the reversal of the underlying timing differences.

Deferred tax balances arising from underlying timing differences in respect of tax allowances on industrial buildings are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining those allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not discounted.

#### Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result.

#### Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015 (continued)

#### 2 Judgements in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In preparing these financial statements, the directors have had to make the following judgements:

- Determine whether there are indicators of impairment of the company's tangible and intangible assets.
   Factors taken into consideration in reaching such a decision include the economic viability and expected future financial performance of the asset and where it is a component of a larger cash-generating unit, the viability and expected future performance of that unit.
- Determine whether there are indicators of impairment of the company's investments. Factors taken into
  consideration in reaching such a decision include the financial performance of the investment and the
  expected future performance.

Other key sources of estimation uncertainty

Tangible fixed assets (note 13)

Tangible fixed assets are depreciated over their useful lives taking into account residual values, where appropriate. The actual lives of the assets and residual values are assessed annually and may vary depending on a number of factors. In re-assessing asset lives, factors such as technological innovation, product life cycles and maintenance programmes are taken into account. Residual value assessments consider issues such as future market conditions, the remaining life of the asset and projected disposal values.

Intangible fixed assets (note 12)

Intangible fixed assets are amortised on a straight line basis over their useful economic lives taking into account residual values, where appropriate. Further intangible assets are reviewed for impairment at the end of the first financial year following acquisition and in other periods if events of changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable

#### 3 Turnover

Turnover is wholly attributable to the principal activity of the company and arises primarily within the United Kingdom.

#### 4 Employees

There were no direct employees, excluding directors during 2015 (2014 - Nil) and consequently staff costs for 2015 were £Nil (2014 - £Nil).

#### 5 Directors remuneration

There were 2 directors in office during the year. Directors remuneration is borne by a fellow group company.

# Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015 (continued)

6	Operating profit		
	This has been arrived at after charging:	2015 £	2014 £
	Depreciation Amortisation Auditors' remuneration - audit services	75,936 251,743 61,680	63,641 251,743 11,056
	In the current year J2 Global UK have incurred the cost of audit services for years cost incurred directly by subsidiary companies).	or subsidiary c	ompanies (prior
7	Dividends	2015 £	2014 £
	Ordinary interim paid (at £6,462 per ordinary share)	6,475,000	-
8	Interest receivable and similar income	2015 £	2014 £
	Interest receivable	4,700	5,367
9	Interest payable and similar charges	2015 £	2014 £
	Interest payable	42,105	36,714

# Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015 (continued)

10	Taxation	2015	2014
		£	£
	Current tax		
	UK corporation tax for the year	95,197	77,331
	Adjustments for prior periods	35,291	40.940
	Deferred tax (note 18)	(9,017)	19,846
	Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	121,471	97,177
		-	
	The tax assessed for the year is higher than the standard rate of co are explained below:	orporation tax in the UK.	The differences
		2015	2014
		2015 £	2014 £
	Profit on ordinary activities before tax		
	•	£	£
	Profit on ordinary activities before tax  Profit on ordinary activities at the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20.25% (2014 - 21.49%)	£	£
	Profit on ordinary activities at the standard rate	£ 11,635,711	1,218,545
	Profit on ordinary activities at the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20.25% (2014 - 21.49%)	£ 11,635,711	1,218,545
	Profit on ordinary activities at the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20.25% (2014 - 21.49%)  Effects of: Capital allowances for year in excess of depreciation Dividend income not taxable	£ 11,635,711 2,355,833 51,197 (2,324,697)	£ 1,218,545 261,865 56,013 (219,219)
	Profit on ordinary activities at the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20.25% (2014 - 21.49%)  Effects of: Capital allowances for year in excess of depreciation	£ 11,635,711	£ 1,218,545 261,865 56,013

Factors that may affect future tax charges

The standard rate of corporation tax was reduced to 21% from 1 April 2014. From 1 April 2015 the standard rate is unified with the small company rate at 20%.

# Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015 (continued)

11	Other operating income		
	, ,	2015	2014
		£	£
	Dividend received - Livedrive Internet Limited	7,975,000	1,020,099
	Dividend received - KeepItSafe Backup Limited	300,000	•
	Dividend received - FuseMail UK Limited	750,000	-
	Dividend received - City Numbers Limited	1,400,000	-
	Distribution from subsidiary - Livedrive Internet Limited	1,056,928	-
		11,481,928	1,020,099

The distribution from subsidiary relates to fair value adjustment to the loan payable to Livedrive Internet Limited (see note 17) as necessary under FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities.

### 12 Intangible assets

Trade marks £	Purchased goodwill £	Total £
130,194	917,503	1,047,697
75,559 13,020	327,856 238,723	403,415 251,743
88,579	566,579	655,158
41,615	350,924	392,539
54,635	589,647	644,282
	75,559 13,020 88,579	Trade marks goodwill £  130,194 917,503  75,559 327,856 13,020 238,723  88,579 566,579  41,615 350,924

# Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015 (continued)

13	Tangible assets			Computer equipment, furniture and fixtures £
	Cost At 1 January 2015 Disposals			442,339 (12,449)
	At 31 December 2015			429,890
	Depreciation At 1 January 2015 Charge for the year			172,028 75,936
	At 31 December 2015			247,964
	Net book value At 31 December 2015			181,926
	At 31 December 2014			270,311
14	Investments			Subsidiary undertakings
	Cost and net book value At 1 January 2015 Additions			£ 40,614,275 4,193,077
	At 31 December 2015			44,807,352
	Subsidiary undertakings			
	As at 31 December 2015, the company h	had the following subsidiary undert	akings:	
	Company	Country of registration or incorporation	Shares held Class	%
	Fusemail UK Limited City Numbers Limited Critical Software Limited Keepitsafe Backup Limited Livedrive Internet Limited * Livedrive Holdings Limited	England and Wales England and Wales England and Wales England and Wales England and Wales British Virgin Islands	Ordinary Ordinary Ordinary Ordinary Ordinary Ordinary	100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00

\* Held indirectly

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015 (continued)

#### 14 Investments (continued)

There have been a number of additions to the investment held by j2 Global UK Limited. The largest increase (£3,868,077) is in relation to an increase in the Livedrive Internet Limited investment, which has occurred through a capital contribution from j2 Global UK in relation to its investment in Livevault Limited. Additionally there has been an increase to the Livedrive Internet Limited investment (£250,000) due to final working capital adjustments which has increased the purchase price.

Further to this there has been an increase to the Keepitsafe Backup Limited investment (£75,000) due to a further capital contribution in relation to its acquisition of the trade and assets of Ondemand Recovery Limited.

The capital and reserves and profit or loss for the year ended 31 December 2015 of those subsidiaries were as follows:

		Capital and reserves £	Profit for the year £
	Fusemail UK Limited	92,693	493,261
	City Numbers Limited	493,261	839,975
	KeepltSafe Backup Limited	986,322	518,962
	Livedrive Internet Limited	5,542,363	5,028,680
	Critical Software Limited	(789,676)	994,951
	Livedrive Holdings Limited	-	•
15	Debtors	2015 £	2014 £
	Other debtors and prepayments Amounts due from group undertakings	93,650 5,085,937	71,333 3,829,361
		5,179,587	3,900,694
		****	

All amounts shown under debtors fall due for payment within one year.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015 (continued)

16	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
		2015	2014	
		£	£	
	Trade creditors	117,527	172,880	
	Taxation and social security	122,881	103,939	
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	8,333,160	10,205,623	
	Other creditors	277,391	23,498	
	Accruals and deferred revenue	62,910	59	
	Corporation tax	118,947	50,930	
			<del></del>	
		9,032,816	10,556,929	

Included within 'Amounts owed to group undertakings' is a dividend received from a subsidiary. At the time the dividend was received this company's directors were unaware that there were insufficient distributable reserves available. Once identified, the subsidiary company's directors have initiated a remediation process. This commenced after the period end and as such is not reflected in these financial statements..

#### 17 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2015 £	2014 £
Promissory note and accrued interest Deferred consideration	7,021,193	275,000
	7,021,193	275,000
	•	

The promissory note relates to a loan of £8 million, bearing 0.52% interest per annum, made to j2 Global UK Limited by Livedrive Internet Limited on 19 February 2014 and due for payment on or before 19 February 2015 which has since been extended with payment due on or before 19 February 2020. Under FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities, financing transactions must be measured at the fair value. This loan was discounted at a rate of 4.23%, resulting in fair value adjustment of £1.1 million for the year ended 31 December 2015. This adjustment has been presented as a distribution from Livedrive Internet Limited for the year ended 31 December 2015 (see note 11).

The deferred consideration relates to the acquisition of Critical Software and fell due for payment on 31 March 2016.

# Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015 (continued)

18	Provisions for liabilities				Deferred taxation £
	At 1 January 2015 Charged to statement of comprehens	ive income (note 10	)		14,529 (9,017)
	At 31 December 2015				5,512
	Deferred taxetion			2015 £	2014 £
	Accelerated capital allowances			5,512	14,529
19	Share capital	•			
		2015 Number	Aliotted, called up a 2014 Number	and fully paid 2015 £	2014 £
	Ordinary shares of £1 each Ordinary 'A' shares of £1 each	902 100	902	902 100	902 100
		1,002	1,002	1,002	1,002

Both the Ordinary shares and ordinary 'A' shares rank pari passu, with both shares allowing the right to vote at the general meetings of the shareholders.

#### 20 Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption under FRS 102 Chapter 33 'Related Party Disclosures' paragraph 33.1A not to disclose transactions with certain group companies on the grounds that 100% of the voting rights in the company are controlled by the group.

#### 21 Cash flow statement

The company has taken advantage of the exemption conferred by FRS 102, "Cash Flow Statements", not to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds that the cash flows of the company are included in the consolidated group cash flow statement of j2 Global, Inc. and the financial statements of j2 Global, Inc. are publicly available.

# Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015 (continued)

#### 22 Immediate and ultimate holding company

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of j2 Global Ireland Limited. The company's ultimate holding company is j2 Global, Inc.

#### 23 Post balance sheet events

On 3 March 2016 j2 Global UK Limited purchased the entire issued share capital of Callstream Group Limited for £13 million.

#### 24 First time adoption of FRS 102

The directors have considered the impact of converting to FRS 102 and identified no material adjustments to prior year financial statements.