Directors' report and financial statements For the year ended 31 December 2002 Registered Number: 3689771





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Directors' report and financial statements

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Directors' report

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2002.

Principal activities

The company acts as a provider of finance to subsidiary undertakings of General Electric.

Results and dividends

The company made a profit before tax for the year of £11,702,000 (2001: £11,238,000).

The company proposes a final dividend of £15,000,000 (2001: £nil).

Directors and directors' interests

The directors who held office during the year end up to the date of the directors' report were as follows:

Mrs PA Green JM Crowther M Risinger RG Clark

Since the company meets the definition in s736 (2)(3) of the Companies Act 1985 of a wholly owned subsidiary of a body corporate incorporated outside Great Britain, the company has taken advantage of regulation 3(1)(a) of Statutory Instrument 1985/802 exempting the company from the requirement to disclose directors' share interests and options in group companies.

Auditors

Pursuant to a shareholder's resolution dated 27 May 1999, the company is not obliged to re-appoint auditors of the company annually and KPMG Audit Plc will continue in office.

On behalf of the board

ARMEL A. Green

Mrs PA Green
Director

3rd Floor 1 Trevelyan Square Boar Lane Leeds LS1 6HP

30th October 2003

Statement of directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

Independent report of the auditor, KPMG Audit Plc, to the member of IGE Treasury Services Limited

We have audited the financial statements on pages 4 to 9.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and, as described on page 2, the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards. Our responsibilities, as independent auditors, are established in the United Kingdom by statute, the Auditing Practices Board and by our profession's ethical guidance.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for out audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2002 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

KPMG Andit Pic

KPMG Audit Plc Chartered Accountants Registered Auditor

> 1 The Embankment Neville Street Leeds LS1 4DW

30th October

2003

Profit and loss account

for the year ended 31 December 2002

	Note	2002 £000	2001 £000
Administrative expenses		(2)	(3)
Operating loss Interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar charges	<i>4 5</i>	(2) 34,320 (22,616)	(3) 32,942 (21,701)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation Tax on profit on ordinary activities	2 6	11,702 (3,511)	11,238 (3,371)
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation Dividend proposed		8,191 (15,000)	7,867
Retained (loss)/profit for the year Retained profit brought forward	11	(6,809) 22,026	7,867 14,159
Retained profit carried forward	11	15,217	22,026

The notes on pages 6 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

The results in the above profit and loss account relate entirely to continuing operations.

The company has no recognised gains and losses other than those included in the profit and loss account above, and therefore no separate statement of total recognised gains and losses has been presented.

Balance sheet

at 31 December 2002

	Note	2002 £000	2001 £000
Current assets Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	7	542,444 -	791,839 10,654
		542,444	802,493
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(369,227)	(622,467)
Net assets		173,217	180,026
Capital and reserves Called up share capital Share premium account Profit and loss account	10 11 11	158 157,842 15,217	158 157,842 22,026
Equity shareholder's funds	11	173,217	180,026

The notes on pages 6 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on and were signed as its best of the statements. and were signed on its behalf by:

nex A. Gnon Mrs PA Green Director

Notes

(forming part of the financial statements)

1. Principal accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable Accounting Standards in the United Kingdom. A summary of the more important accounting policies, which have been applied consistently, except for the adoption of FRS 19, is set out below.

Changes in accounting policies

The company has adopted FRS 19, 'Deferred Tax' in the financial statements. The adoption of this new standard represents a change in the accounting policy. There was no impact of the change in accounting policy to adopt FRS19 on the tax on loss on ordinary activities for the year 2002.

(a) Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards in the United Kingdom, under the historical cost convention and on a going concern basis.

(b) Cash flow statement

Under Financial Reporting Standard 1 (Revised 1996) the company is exempt from the requirement to prepare a cash flow statement. Exemption is on the grounds that it is a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking and its cash flows appear in a consolidated cash flow statement in the financial statements of the ultimate parent company which are available to the public.

(c) Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the profit for the year. Deferred tax is recognised, without discounting, in respect of all timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes which have arisen but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except as otherwise required by FRS 19.

(d) Transactions with related parties

The company, as a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking of General Electric Company, has taken advantage of an exemption contained in FRS 8, "Related Party Disclosures", in preparing its accounts. This exemption allows the company not to disclose details of transactions with other group companies or investees of the group qualifying as related parties, as the consolidated accounts of General Electric Company in which the company is included are available to the public and can be obtained from the address mentioned in note 12.

(e) Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded using the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date and the gains or losses on translation are included in the profit and loss account.

2. Profit on ordinary activities before taxation

Administrative expenses include audit fees of £1,400 (2001: £2,000).

3. Directors' emoluments and employee information

The directors of the company received no remuneration in their capacity as directors of IGE Treasury Services Limited (2001: £nil).

No staff are employed by the company (2001: nil).

Notes

(continued)

4.	Interest receivable and similar income		
		2002	2001
		£000	£000
	On amounts owed by group undertakings	34,320	32,372
	Bank interest receivable	-	570
			<u>-</u>
		34,320	32,942
5.	Interest payable and similar charges	2002	2001
		2002 £000	£000
		22 (25	21.065
	On amounts owed to group undertakings	22,605	21,065
	On bank loans and overdrafts	1 10	132 504
	Exchange loss		
		22,616	21,701
		====	
6.	Tax on profit on ordinary activities		
	a) Analysis of charge in the year		
	, .	2002	2001
		£000	£000
	UK corporation tax at 30% (2001: 30%)	3,511	3,371
	Double tax relief	-	(11)
	Withholding tax on overseas interest	-	11
			
	Total current tax	3,511	3,371
	Deferred taxation	-	-
	Tax on profit on ordinary activities	3,511	3,371

Notes

(continued)

6. Tax on profit on ordinary activities (continued)

b) Factors affecting current tax charge in year	2002 £000	2001 £000
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	11,702	11,238
Tax on profit on ordinary activities at UK standard rate of 30% (2001 30%)	3,511	3,371
Effects of: Other	-	-
Total current tax charge for the year	3,511	3,371
7. Debtors	2002	2001
	£000	£000
Amounts owed by group undertakings due within one year	542,444	791,839
8. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	2002 £000	2001 £000
Bank overdraft Amounts owed to group undertakings	3 367,235	620,671
Corporation tax Accruals and deferred income	1,987 2	1,794 2
	369,227	622,467
9. Deferred taxation		
The company has no unprovided or potential deferred taxation	n liability (2001: £nil).	
10. Called up share capital		
	2002 £000	2001 £000
Authorised: 200,000,000 ordinary shares of £1	200,000	200,000
Allotted, called up and fully paid: 158,002 ordinary shares of £1	158	158

Notes (continued)

11. Reconciliation of movements in shareholder's funds

	Share capital £000	Share premium account £000	Profit and loss account £000	Share- holders' funds 2002 £000	Share- holders' funds 2001 £000
At beginning of year Retained (loss)/profit for the year	158	157,842	22,026	180,026	172,159
	-	-	(6,809)	(6,809)	7,867
					
At end of year	158	157,842	15,217	173,217	180,026
					

12. Parent undertakings

The company's immediate parent undertaking is International General Electric (USA), a company registered in England and Wales. The smallest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by IGE USA Investments, a company registered in England and Wales. The consolidated financial statements of this company are available to the public and may be obtained from 3rd Floor, 1 Trevelyan Square, Boar Lane, Leeds LS1 6HP.

The largest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by its ultimate parent undertaking, General Electric Company, a company incorporated in the United States of America. The consolidated financial statements of this company are available to the public and may be obtained from 3135 Easton Turnpike, Fairfield, Connecticut, 06431, USA or at www.ge.com.

13. Cross guarantees

The company is party to pooling arrangements with other General Electric Company group companies with full set-off via a series of cross guarantees. The company's maximum liability under these arrangements at 31 December 2002 was £134.6 million (2001: £65.9 million).