Registration number: 03644097

Anglia Car Auctions Limited

Unaudited Filleted Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2022

Hodson Lewis Limited
Certified Accountants & Business Advisers
First Floor
Abbotsgate House
Hollow Road
Bury St Edmunds
Suffolk
IP32 7FA

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Company Information

Director L T George

Registered office First Floor

Abbotsgate House Hollow Road Bury St Edmunds Suffolk

Suffolk IP32 7FA

Accountants Hodson Lewis Limited

Certified Accountants & Business Advisers

First Floor Abbotsgate House Hollow Road Bury St Edmunds

Suffolk IP32 7FA

(Registration number: 03644097) Balance Sheet as at 30 September 2022

	Note	2022 £	2021 £
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	<u>4</u>	1	1
Tangible assets	<u>4</u> <u>5</u>	576,653	586,531
		576,654	586,532
Current assets			
Debtors	<u>6</u>	2,419,599	2,043,914
Cash at bank and in hand		460,042	1,211,398
		2,879,641	3,255,312
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>7</u>	(809,569)	(872,595)
Net current assets		2,070,072	2,382,717
Total assets less current liabilities		2,646,726	2,969,249
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	<u>7</u>	(34,566)	(710,480)
Provisions for liabilities		(4,464)	(13,762)
Net assets		2,607,696	2,245,007
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	8	100	100
Retained earnings		2,607,596	2,244,907
Shareholders' funds		2,607,696	2,245,007

For the financial year ending 30 September 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges her responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. As permitted by section 444 (5A) of the Companies Act 2006, the director has not delivered to the registrar a copy of the Profit and Loss Account.

Approved and authorised by the director on 29 September 2023

(Registration number: 03644097) Balance Sheet as at 30 September 2022

T George
Director

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2022

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England.

The address of its registered office is: First Floor Abbotsgate House Hollow Road Bury St Edmunds Suffolk IP32 7FA

The principal place of business is: The Cattlemarket Beveridge Way Kings Lynn Norfolk PE30 4NB

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A smaller entities - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006 (as applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime).

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Government grants

Government grants in relation to the CJRS and SBGF are included on an accruals model. These grants are presented within other operating income.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2022

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class	Depreciation method and rate
Motor vehicles	20% Straight line
Fixtures & fittings	20% Straight line
Equipment	20% Straight line
Property	No charge

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of an entity represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the company's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the entity recognised at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is held in the currency of the acquired entity and revalued to the closing rate at each reporting period date. Goodwill is amortised over its useful life, which shall not exceed ten years if a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made.

Amortisation

Amortisation is provided on intangible assets so as to write off the cost, less any estimated residual value, over their useful life as follows:

Asset class	Amortisation method and rate
Goodwill	10% Straight line

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2022

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the profit and loss account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Leases

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2022

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the year, was 18 (2021 - 17).

4 Intangible assets

	Goodwill £	Total £
Cost or valuation At 1 October 2021	7,000	7,000
At 30 September 2022	7,000	7,000
Amortisation At 1 October 2021 At 30 September 2022	6,999 6,999	6,999 6,999
Carrying amount		0,777
At 30 September 2022	1	1
At 30 September 2021	1	1

Anglia Car Auctions Limited

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2022

5 Tangible assets

	Land and buildings	Furniture, fittings and equipment	Motor vehicles	Other tangible assets	Total £
Cost or valuation					
At 1 October 2021	487,039	101,257	139,049	94,458	821,803
Additions	19,730	1,003	2,423	4,341	27,497
Disposals		1	(10,500)		(10,500)
At 30 September 2022	506,769	102,260	130,972	98,799	838,800
Depreciation					
At 1 October 2021	ı	88,968	57,810	88,494	235,272
Charge for the year	1	11,378	20,795	5,202	37,375
Fliminated on disposal	1	1	(10,500)	ı	(10,500)
At 30 September 2022	 	100,346	68,105	93,696	262,147
Carrying amount					
At 30 September 2022	506,769	1,914	62,867	5,103	576,653
At 30 September 2021	487,039	12,289	81,239	5,964	586,531

Included within the net book value of land and buildings above is £506,769 (2021 - £487,039) in respect of freehold land and buildings.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2022

6 Debtors

Current	2022 £	2021 £
Trade debtors	308,904	567,709
Prepayments	1,998	2,135
Other debtors	2,108,697	1,474,070
	2,419,599	2,043,914

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2022

7 Creditors				
Creditors: amounts falling due within on	e year			
			2022	2021
			£	£
Due within one year				
Trade creditors			363,578	354,356
Taxation and social security			438,177	511,471
Accruals and deferred income			4,295	3,891
Other creditors			3,519	2,877
			809,569	872,595
Creditors: amounts falling due after mor	e than one year			
_	•		2022	2021
		Note	£	£
Due after one year				
Loans and borrowings		9 ====	34,566	710,480
8 Share capital				
Allotted, called up and fully paid shares				
	2022		2021	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary of £1 each	100	100	100	100
9 Loans and borrowings				
			2022	2021
			£	£
Non-current loans and borrowings				# 10.405
Bank borrowings			34,566	710,480

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.