

The Insolvency Act 1986
Liquidator's Statement of Receipts and
Payments
Pursuant to Section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

S.192

To the Registrar of Companies

For official use

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Company Number

03635482

Name of Company

(a) Insert full name of
company

(a) Site Remediation Services

Limited

(b) Insert full name(s) and
address(es)

I/We (b)

Robert Preston James Allen
20/24 Kirby Street
London
EC1N 8TS

the liquidator(s) of the company attach a copy of my/our statement of receipts and payments
under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Signed

Date 4 March 2004

Presenter's name, address
and reference (if any)

Vantage
20/24 Kirby Street
London
EC1N 8TS

Ref: SRS/192/0204

For Official Use

Liquidation Section

Post Room



A27
COMPANIES HOUSE

A1JDZT9P

0680
09/03/04

Statement of Receipts and Payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of company	Site Remediation Services Limited
Company's registered number	03635482
State whether members' or creditors' voluntary winding up	Creditors
Date of commencement of winding up	6 February 2003
Date to which this statement is brought down	5 February 2004
Name and address of liquidator	

Robert Preston James Allen
Vantage, 20/24 Kirby Street
London, EC1N 2JT

NOTES

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms. The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies.

Form and Contents of Statement

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding-up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold, etc., and the account of disbursements should contain all payments for costs, charges and expenses or to creditors or contributories. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such; nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively.

Trading Account

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the totals of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement.

Dividends

(3) When dividends, instalments of compositions, etc are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum; and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor and the amount of dividend, etc payable to each creditor, or contributory.

(4) When unclaimed dividends, etc are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.

(5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules.

(6) This statement of receipts and payments is required in duplicate.

Note: No balance should be shown on this account, but only the total Realisations and

[illegible]

disbursements which should be carried forward to the next account

Analysis of balance

Total realisations	£	3,706.25
Total disbursements		0.00
	Balance £	3,706.25
The Balance is made up as follows:—		0.00
1. Cash in hands of liquidator		3,706.25
2. Balance at bank		0.00
3. Amount in Insolvency Services Account		
4.* Amounts invested by liquidator	£	0.00
Less: the cost of investments realised		0.00
Balance		0.00
Total balance as shown above	£	3,706.25

[NOTE—Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement]

* The investment or deposit of money by the liquidator does not withdraw it from the operation of the Insolvency Regulations 1986, and any such investments representing money held for six months or upwards must be realised and paid into the Insolvency Services Account, except in the case of investments in Government securities, the transfer of which to the control of the Secretary of State will be accepted as a sufficient compliance with the terms of the Regulations.

The liquidator should also state:—

(1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up—

	£
Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured creditors—including the holders of floating charges)	0.00
Liabilities—Fixed charge creditors	180,723.00
Floating charge holders	0.00
Unsecured creditors	1,306,046.00

(2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the commencement of the winding up—

Paid up in cash	51,000.00
Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash	0.00

(3) The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet)

Book debts from one debtor - value estimated at £14,500
Computer equipment - £1,500

(4) Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded

Conclusion of Asset Realisation and Administration

(5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed

6 Months