Registration number: 03606919

Box UK Limited

Filleted Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2022

HSJ Accountants Ltd Severn House Hazell Drive Newport South Wales NP10 8FY



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Company Information

Director

B Wasserstein

Company secretary B Wasserstein

Registered office

Capital Tower Greyfriars Road

Cardiff CF10 3AG

Solicitors

Hugh James Solicitors Two Central Square Central Square

Cardiff CF10 1FS

Bankers

HSBC Bank 90 Baker Street

London W1U 6AX

Accountants

HSJ Accountants Ltd

Severn House Hazell Drive Newport South Wales NP10 8FY

(Registration number: 03606919) Balance Sheet as at 30 June 2022

| | Note | 2022 £ | 2021 £ |
|--|------|-----------|-----------|
| Fixed assets | | | |
| Tangible assets | 5 . | 67,496 | 86,565 |
| Investments | 6 | 48,917 | 48,917 |
| | | 116,413 | 135,482 |
| Current assets | | | |
| Debtors | 7 | 1,483,196 | 1,337,320 |
| Cash at bank and in hand | | 2,345,189 | 2,595,234 |
| | | 3,828,385 | 3,932,554 |
| Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year | 8 | (734,698) | (929,828) |
| Net current assets | | 3,093,687 | 3,002,726 |
| Total assets less current liabilities | | 3,210,100 | 3,138,208 |
| Provisions for liabilities | | (96,000) | (72,000) |
| Net assets | | 3,114,100 | 3,066,208 |
| Capital and reserves | | | |
| Called up share capital | 10 | 200 | 200 |
| Profit and loss account | | 3,113,900 | 3,066,008 |
| Total equity | | 3,114,100 | 3,066,208 |

(Registration number: 03606919) Balance Sheet as at 30 June 2022

For the financial year ending 30 June 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. As permitted by section 444 (5A) of the Companies Act 2006, the director has not delivered to the registrar a copy of the Profit and Loss Account.

Approved and authorised by the director on 17(03/23

B Wasserstein

Company secretary and director

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2022

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: Capital Tower Greyfriars Road Cardiff CF10 3AG

The company registration number is: 03606919

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the director on 17/03/23

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A smaller entities - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006 (as applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime).

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Goina concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

This is because the director has considered the period of 12 months from the approval of the financial statements and, given the current and forecast performance of the company, expects it to be in a strong position in terms of both profits and cashflow, and therefore to be able to meet its liabilities as they fall due.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when: The amount of revenue can be reliably measured; it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity; and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities. 6

Box UK Limited

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2022

Foreign currency transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded at the functional currency rate prevailing at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated into the respective functional currency of the entity at the rates prevailing on the reporting period date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rate on the date when the fair value is re-measured.

Non-monetary items measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Leasehold improvements
Furniture, fixtures and equipment

Depreciation method and rate

Straight line between 5 and 10 years 33% straight line

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2022

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the company has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that the company will be required to settle that obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the year, was 58 (2021 - 51).

Box UK Limited

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2022

| 4 Profit before tax | | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------|--|------------|
| Arrived at after charging | | | |
| | | 2022 | 2021 £ |
| Depreciation expense | = | <u>£</u> 55,538 | 55,796 |
| 5 Tangible assets | | | |
| | Leasehold improvements £ | Furniture, fittings and equipment £ | Total £ |
| Cost or valuation | | | |
| At 1 July 2021 | 200,907 | 411,234 | 612,141 |
| Additions | - | 37,494 | 37,494 |
| Disposals | <u>-</u> | (14,833) | (14,833) |
| At 30 June 2022 | 200,907 | 433,895 | 634,802 |
| Depreciation | | | |
| At 1 July 2021 | 162,636 | 362,940 | 525,576 |
| Charge for the year | 12,843 | 42,696 | 55,539 |
| Eliminated on disposal | | (13,809) | (13,809) |
| At 30 June 2022 | 175,479 | 391,827 | 567,306 |
| Carrying amount | | | - |
| At 30 June 2022 | 25,428 | 42,068 | 67,496 |
| At 30 June 2021 | 38,271 | 48,294 | 86,565 |

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2022

6 Investments

| | | Unlisted investments £ |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|------------------------|
| Non-current financial assets | | |
| Cost or valuation At 1 July 2021 | | 48,917 |
| At 30 June 2022 | | 48,917 |
| Carrying amount | | |
| At 30 June 2022 | | 48,917 |
| 7 Debtors | | |
| | 2022 £ | 2021 £ |
| Trade debtors | 894,754 | 706,689 |
| Amounts owed by group undertakings | 432,054 | 432,054 |
| Prepayments and accrued income | 149,953 | 197,294 |
| Other debtors | 6,435 | 1,283 |
| | 1,483,196 | 1,337,320 |

Amounts owed by group undertakings relate to amounts due from parent company Ottalex Limited, which have no fixed repayment date and no interest is applied.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2022

8 Creditors

Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

| Cleutors, amounts faming due within one year | 2022 £ | 2021 £ |
|--|-----------|-----------|
| Due within one year | | |
| Trade creditors | 174,431 | 236,792 |
| Taxation and social security | 264,920 | 375,413 |
| Accruals and deferred income | 260,379 | 214,633 |
| Other creditors | 19,312 | 15,307 |
| Corporation tax | 15,656 | 87,683 |
| | 734,698 | 929,828 |

9 Parent and ultimate parent undertaking

The ultimate parent is Ottalex Limited, incorporated in England and Wales. Consolidated financial statements are not prepared as the Companies Act (Part 15) exemption for groups falling within the small company regime has been taken.

The ultimate controlling party is Mr B Wasserstein by virtue of his majority interest in the share capital of Ottalex Limited.

10 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

| | 2022 | | 2021 | |
|----------------------------|------|-----|------|-----|
| | No. | £ | No. | £ |
| Ordinary shares of £1 each | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 |

The ordinary shares have voting rights and full participation in income and capital distribution.