**COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 3569937** 

# Alan Bassett Motor Company Limited Filleted Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements 31 March 2023

# **Alan Bassett Motor Company Limited**

## **Abridged Statement of Financial Position**

#### 31 March 2023

		<b>2023</b> 20		
	Note	£	£	£
Fixed assets				
Tangible assets	6		635	747
Current assets				
Stocks		84,631		79,985
Debtors		1,781		_
Cash at bank and in hand		15,010		42,923
		101,422		122,908
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		5,054		9,299
Net current assets			96,368	113,609
Total assets less current liabilities			97,003	114,356
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than on	ie			
year			94,629	99,856
Provisions				
Taxation including deferred tax			127	127
Net assets			2,247	14,373
Capital and reserves				
Called up share capital			2	2
Profit and loss account			2,245	14,371
Shareholders funds			2,247	14,373

These abridged financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the abridged statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31 March 2023 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its abridged financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of abridged financial statements .

# **Alan Bassett Motor Company Limited**

# Abridged Statement of Financial Position (continued)

#### 31 March 2023

All of the members have consented to the preparation of the abridged statement of comprehensive income and the abridged statement of financial position for the year ending 31 March 2023 in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

These abridged financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 12 October 2023, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

A Bassett

Director

Company registration number: 3569937

# Alan Bassett Motor Company Limited

#### **Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements**

#### Year ended 31 March 2023

#### 1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Just Fiestas, 722 Southchurch Road, Southend on Sea, Essex, SS1 2PS.

#### 2. Statement of compliance

These abridged financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

#### 3. Accounting policies

#### **Basis of preparation**

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss. The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

#### Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods supplied, stated net of discounts and of Value Added Tax.

#### **Corporation tax**

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

#### **Amortisation**

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful life of that asset as follows:

Goodwill - 20% straight line

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in amortisation rate, useful life or residual value of an intangible asset, the amortisation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

#### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant & Machinery - 15% reducing balance

#### Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

#### **Stocks**

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stock to its present location and condition.

#### **Government grants**

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable. Grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the company will comply with the conditions attaching to them and the grants will be received. Government grants are recognised using the accrual model and the performance model. Under the accrual model, government grants relating to revenue are recognised on a systematic basis over the periods in which the company recognises the related costs for which the grant is intended to compensate. Grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the entity with no future related costs are recognised in income in the period in which it becomes receivable.

#### **Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the abridged statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense. Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period it arises.

#### Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

#### 4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 1 (2022: 1).

#### 5. Intangible assets

	£
Cost	
At 1 April 2022 and 31 March 2023	5,000
Amortisation	
At 1 April 2022 and 31 March 2023	5,000
Carrying amount	<del></del>
At 31 March 2023	_
At 31 March 2022	
ALST March 2022	
6. Tangible assets	
	£
Cost	
At 1 April 2022 and 31 March 2023	7,694
Depreciation	
At 1 April 2022	6,947
Charge for the year	112
At 31 March 2023	7,059
Carrying amount	<del></del>
At 31 March 2023	635
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At 31 March 2022	747

## 7. Director's advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the director entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

		2023				
		Advances/				
	Balance	(credits) to the	Balance			
	brought forward	director	outstanding			
	£	£	£			
A Bassett	( 99,856)	5,228	( 94,628)			
		2022				
		Advances/				
	Balance brought	(credits) to the	Balance			
	forward	director	outstanding			
	£	£	£			
A Bassett	( 102,338)	2,482	( 99,856)			

## 8. Related party transactions

The company was under the control of Mr and Mrs Bassett throughout the current and previous year.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.