Kington Process Systems Limited

Registered number: 03492846

Balance Sheet

as at 31 December 2018

No	otes		2018 £		2017 £
Fixed assets			£		£
Tangible assets	2		266,391		136,813
Current assets					
Stocks		9,555		10,500	
Debtors	3	831,225		778,778	
Cash at bank and in hand		595,572		88,680	
		1,436,352		877,958	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year	4	(762,958)		(278,293)	
Net current assets			673,394		599,665
Total assets less current		_	020 705	_	726 479
nabilities			939,785		736,478
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	5		(75,600)		-
Net assets		-	864,185	- -	736,478
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			2		2
Profit and loss account			864,183		736,476
Shareholders' funds		_	864,185	_	736,478

The director is satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

K Kington

Director

Approved by the board on 26 September 2019

Kington Process Systems Limited Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 31 December 2018

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and machinery

15% reducing balance

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

2 Tangible fixed assets

		Plant and machinery etc £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
	Cost			
	At 1 January 2018	333,323	-	333,323
	Additions	-	150,100	150,100
	At 31 December 2018	333,323	150,100	483,423
	Depreciation			
	At 1 January 2018	196,510	-	196,510
	Charge for the year	20,522	-	20,522
	At 31 December 2018	217,032		217,032
	Net book value			
	At 31 December 2018	116,291	150,100	266,391
	At 31 December 2017	136,813		136,813
3	Trade debtors Amounts owed by group undertakings and undertakings in which the company has a participating interest Other debtors		2018 £ 668,551 75,628 87,046 831,225	2017 £ 704,777 74,001 - 778,778
4	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2018	2017	
			£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts		14,095	9,797
	Trade creditors	703,055	189,463	
	Other taxes and social security costs	12,906	15,298	
	Other creditors		32,902	63,735
			762,958	278,293
5	Creditors: amounts falling due after one year		2018 £	2017 £
	Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts		75,600	-

6 Other information

Kington Process Systems Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is: 1 Franchise Street, Kidderminster, Worcs DY11 6RE

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.