Company No: 3426787

Oxford Broadcasting Limited trading as $Six\ TV$

Report and Financial Statements

Year Ended

30 September 2007

TUESDAY



A30 21/04/2009 COMPANIES HOUSE

24



BDO Stoy Hayward Chartered Accountants

Annual report and financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2007

Contents

Director

Page:

- 1 Report of the director
- 3 Report of the independent auditors
- 5 Profit and loss account
- 6 Balance sheet
- 7 Notes forming part of the financial statements

Director

J Sanderson

Secretary and registered office

G Urquhart, 1st Floor, 2 Royal Exchange Steps, The Royal Exchange, London, EC3V 3DG

Company number

3426787

Auditors

BDO Stoy Hayward LLP, Kings Wharf, 20-30 Kings Road, Reading, Berkshire, RG1 3EX

Report of the director for the year ended 30 September 2007

The director presents his report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2007.

Results and dividends

The profit and loss account is set out on page 5 and shows the result for the year.

The director does not recommend the payment of a dividend.

Principal activities, trading review and future developments

The company's principal activity continued to be the operation of two "SIX TV" branded local television services (one in Oxfordshire and one in Southampton). The free-to-air local television licences operated by the company have now been extended by the UK Office of Communications ("Ofcom") until around 2011, providing an enhanced opportunity for the company to review its development strategy and options for rolling out new local channels on digital platforms. Thereafter the director expects to be required to compete with third parties for ongoing access to suitable multiplex capacity for broadcasting on the basis of a cash auction. The director is currently reviewing the likely impact of this on the long-term business prospects for the company. Separately, the company is reviewing the opportunity to offer its production facilities to third parties including associated companies of Milestone Group PLC.

Review of the Business and post balance sheet events

The business has been scaled-back as the company reviews its long term prospects. The profit and loss account is set out on page 5 and shows the result for the year. Turnover has decreased in the year to 44% of the previous year. Cost of Sales has also fallen but has increased slightly as a percentage of sales so that gross margin has fallen from 20% to 17%. However administration costs have been reduced by £65,000 (65%) and the overall operating loss is £58,000 less than the previous year.

The director does not recommend the payment of a dividend.

Subsequent to the balance sheet date, the company took the decision to cease analogue transmissions in both Oxford and Southampton and, in April 2009, to not renew its lease on its Oxford studio premises. The director is reviewing the opportunity to develop the company's broadcasting services and production facilities business and other potential expansion opportunities..

The company's ultimate parent company, Milestone Group PLC, has expressed its commitment to continue to support the company's development. The ability to supply that support depends on the cash flow projections of the parent company and the rest of the group being achieved.

Principal risks and uncertainties

Ofcom has offered the company the opportunity to move to digital transmissions for the duration of its licence term. The provision of services over digital platforms requires further investment and in that respect depends on the willingness of shareholders or other funding partners to support the required investment. The opportunity for the development of the business on new platforms is currently being evaluated, together with an immediate focus on seeking to develop production services income

Key Performance Indicators

In this stage of transition there are no relevant KPI's to monitor the business except for cash flow.

Report of the director for the year ended 30 September 2007 (Continued)

Directors

The directors of the company during the year and until the date of approval of the financial statements were:

B R Chester (resigned 6 March 2008) J Sanderson (appointed 4 April 2008)

Director's responsibilities

The director is responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice.

Company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that year. In preparing those financial statements, the director is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The director is responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable him to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. He is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Auditors

The current director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken to make himself aware of any information needed by the company's auditors for the purposes of their audit and to establish that the auditors are aware of the information. The director is not aware of any relevant audit information of which the auditors are unaware.

BDO Stoy Hayward LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office and a resolution to reappoint them as auditors will be proposed at the next annual general meeting.

By order of the Board

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 relating to small companies

J Sanderson Director

Date: 14th April 2009

Report of the independent auditors

To the shareholders of Oxford Broadcasting Limited trading as Six TV

We have audited the financial statements of Oxford Broadcasting Limited trading as Six TV for the year ended 30 September 2007 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet and the related notes. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

Respective responsibilities of director and auditors

The director's responsibilities for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the Statement of Director's Responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards of Auditing (UK and Ireland).

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985 and whether the information given in the Director's Report is consistent with those financial statements. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding director's remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed.

We read the Director's Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Our report has been prepared pursuant to the requirements of the Companies Act 1985 and for no other purpose. No person is entitled to rely on this report unless such a person is a person entitled to rely upon this report by virtue of and for the purpose of the Companies Act 1985 or has been expressly authorised to do so by our prior written consent. Save as above, we do not accept responsibility for this report to any other person or for any other purpose and we hereby expressly disclaim any and all such liability.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the director in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Report of the independent auditors (Continued)

Opinion

In our opinion:

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 September 2007 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, and
- the information given in the Director's Report is consistent with the financial statements.

Emphasis of matter - going concern

In forming our opinion on the financial statements, which is not qualified, we have considered the adequacy of the disclosures made in note 19 to the financial statements concerning the company's ability to continue as a going concern. The company made a loss for the year of £109,301, had net liabilities of £805,868 as at 30 September 2007 and is reliant on the continuing support of its parent company to enable it to meet its commitments as they fall due. The financial position of the parent company indicates that a material uncertainty exists over the ability of the parent company to provide the company with the continuing support that it requires. These circumstances may cast significant doubt over the company's ability to continue as a going concern. The financial statements do not include the adjustments that would result if the company were unable to continue as a going concern.

BDO STOY HAYWARD LLP

day Agan Les

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

Reading

Date: 17 April 2009

Profit and loss account for the year ended 30 September 2007

	Note	2007 £	2006 £
Turnover	2	50,528	137,718
Cost of sales		50,059	110,156
Gross profit		469	27,562
Administrative expenses	3,4	134,853	189,354
		(134,384)	(161,792)
Other operating income	5	25,312	15,360
Operating loss	6	(109,072)	(146,432)
Interest payable and similar charges	7	(229)	(4,267)
Loss on ordinary activities before and after taxation and accumulated for the year	8,14	(109,301)	(150,699)

All amounts relate to continuing activities

All recognised gains and losses are included in the profit and loss account

There were no movements in shareholders' apart from the result for the year

The notes on pages 7 to 13 form part of these financial statements

Balance sheet at 30 September 2007

	Note	2007 £	2007 £	2006 £	2006 £
Fixed assets		L		T.	*
Tangible assets	9		513		3,377
Current assets					
Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	10	42,724 -		45,456 12	
		42,724		45,468	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	11	849,105		742,352	
Net current liabilities			(806,381)		(696,884)
Total assets less current liabilities			(805,868)		(693,507)
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	12		-		3,060
			(805,868)		(696,567)
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	13		1,343,298		1,343,298
Share premium account	14		1,174,599		1,174,599
Capital contribution	14		606,453		606,453
Profit and loss account	14		(3,930,218)		(3,820,917)
Shareholders' deficit			(805,868)		(696,567)

The financial statements were approved by the Board and authorised for issue on 14th April 2009

J Sanderson

Director

The notes on pages 7 to 13 form part of these financial statements

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2007

1 Accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and are in accordance with applicable accounting standards. The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

Going concern

These financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis as it is the director's opinion that the company will have sufficient resources to meet its liabilities as these fall due for the foreseeable future. The company's ultimate parent company, Milestone Group PLC has given an undertaking that it will continue to support the company to the extent necessary to enable liabilities to be met as they fall due (see note 19).

Turnover

Turnover represents sales to outside customers at invoiced amounts less value added tax.

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost less estimated residual values, of all fixed assets, evenly over their expected useful lives. It is calculated at the following rates:

Leasehold buildings

straight line - over the period of the Independent Television Commission licence

Production, office and computer equipment

- straight line - over the period of the Independent Television Commission licence

Leased assets

Where assets are financed by leasing agreements that give rights approximating to ownership (finance leases), the assets are treated as if they had been purchased outright. The amount capitalised is the present value of the minimum lease payments payable during the lease term. The corresponding leasing commitments are shown as amounts payable to the lessor. Depreciation on the relevant assets is charged to the profit and loss account.

Lease payments are analysed between capital and interest components so that the interest element of the payment is charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the lease and represents a constant proportion of the balance of capital repayments outstanding. The capital part reduces the amounts payable to the lessor.

All other leases are treated as operating leases. Their annual rentals are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2007 (Continued)

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the profit for the year and takes into account taxation deferred.

Current tax is measured at amounts expected to be paid using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date except that the recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that the company anticipates making sufficient taxable profits in the future to absorb the reversal of the underlying timing differences. Deferred tax balances are not discounted.

2 Turnover

Turnover is wholly attributable to the principal activity of the company and arises solely within the United Kingdom.

3 Employees	2007	2006
Staff costs consist of:	2007 £	2006 £
Wages and salaries Social security costs	16,250 1,424	31,163 2,420
	17,674	33,583

The average number of employees, including directors, during the year was 1 (2006 - 2).

4 Director

There was no director remuneration in either the current or preceding year.

5 Other operating income

5 Other operating income	2007 £	2006 £
Rental income	25,312	15,360
6 Operating loss		
	2007	2006
This has been arrived at after charging:	£	£
Depreciation	2,864	5,960
Hire of other assets - operating leases	•	625
Land and buildings - operating leases	28,567	22,000
Auditors' remuneration - audit services	8,000	6,870
- non audit services	3,950	3,000

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2007 (Continued)

7	Interest payable and similar charges		
	• •	2007	2006
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	229	4,267
			
8	Taxation on loss from ordinary activities		
		2007	2006
		£	£
	Current tax charge	_	_
	Current tux charge		
	e tax assessed for the year is different from the standard rate of corporation tax explained below:	in the UK.	The differences
alc	explained below.	2007	2006
		£	£
	Loss on ordinary activities before tax	(109,301)	(150,699)
	Loss on ordinary activities at the standard rate		
	of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2006 - 19%)	(20,767)	(28,632)
	Effects of:		
	Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	-	(45,210)
	Depreciation in excess of capital allowances for year	544	1,788
	Unutilised tax losses carried forward	20,223	43,422
	Current tax charge for the year	-	-

Factors that may affect future tax charges

A deferred tax asset of approximately £1,048,169 (2006 - £1,090,248) has not been recognised in the financial statements as there is currently insufficient evidence that any deferred tax asset would be recoverable.

The company has unutilised tax losses of approximately £3,580,244 (2006 - £3,473,806) available for relief against future profits, subject to agreement by HM Revenue & Customs, together with unutilised reliefs of approximately £163,217 (2006 - £160,353) in respect of capital allowances.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2007 (Continued)

9 Tangible fixed assets

_	Land and buildings	Production equipment £	Office equipment £	Computer equipment £	Total £
Cost At 1 October 2006 and 30 September 2007	65,197	293,395	30,472	7,718	396,782
Depreciation At 1 October 2006 Provided for the year	65,197	291,581 1,755	29,220 811	7,407 298	393,405 2,864
At 30 September 2007	65,197	293,336	30,031	7,705	396,269
Net book value At 30 September 2007	-	59	441	13	513
At 30 September 2006	•	1,814	1,252	311	3,377

The net book value of tangible fixed assets includes £Nil (2006 - £854) in respect of assets held under finance leases or hire purchase contracts. The depreciation charge in respect of such assets amounted to £Nil (2006 - £466) for the year.

10 Debtors

	2007 £	2006 £
Trade debtors Prepayments and accrued income	24,128 18,596	32,029 13,427
•		
	42,724	45,456

All amounts shown under debtors fall due for payment within one year.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2007 (Continued)

11 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
· ·	2007	2006
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts (see note 12)	-	8,558
Trade creditors	17,836	28,484
Amounts owed to group undertakings	796,322	642,355
Taxation and social security	2,404	1,158
Other creditors	-	9,876
Accruals	32,543	51,921
	849,105	742,352
12 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	2007	2006
	£	£
Bank loans		3,060
		oans and ordrafts
·	2007	2006
Maturity of debt:	£	£
In one year or less, or on demand	•	8,558
In more than one year, but not		
more than two years	•	3,060

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2007 (Continued)

13 Share capital			Authorised	
and the same of th	2007	200		2006
	£	Numb	er £	Number
Ordinary shares of 5p each	2,000,000	40,000,00	2,000,000	40,000,000
			alled up and fully	-
	2007	200		2006
	£	Numb	er £	Number
Ordinary shares of 5p each	1,343,298	26,865,96	1,343,298	26,865,963
14 Reserves		Capital	Share premium	Profit and
	co	ntributions	account	loss account
		£	£	£
At 1 October 2006		606,453	1,174,599	(3,820,917)
Loss for the year		-	-	(109,301)
At 30 September 2007		606,453	1,174,599	(3,930,218)
-				

The capital contribution arose from the write off of financing loans owed to the company's ultimate parent, Milestone Group PLC.

15 Commitments under operating leases

As at 30 September 2007, the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below:

	nd and uildings 2007 £	Land and buildings 2006 £
Within two to five years	29,750	27,750
-		

16 Related party disclosures

The company has taken advantage of the exemption conferred by Financial Reporting Standard 8 "Related party disclosures" not to disclose transactions with members of the group headed by Milestone Group PLC on the grounds that at least 90% of the voting rights in the company are controlled within that group and the company is included in those consolidated financial statements.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2007 (Continued)

16 Related party disclosures (continued)

Transactions and balances with entities not connected to Milestone Group PLC were as follows:

During the year, the company made no purchases from MGH Investments Limited a company controlled by A T Craig (2006 - £7,050).

17 Ultimate parent company

At 30 September 2007 the company's ultimate parent company and controlling party was Milestone Group PLC which is the parent of both the smallest and largest groups of which the company is a member.

Copies of the consolidated financial statements of Milestone Group PLC are available from Companies House.

18 Cash flow statement

The company has used the exemption under Financial Reporting Standard 1, "Cash flow statements", not to prepare a cash flow statement as it is consolidated in the financial statements of its ultimate parent company.

19 Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which assumes the continued support of the company's parent company, Milestone Group PLC. The financial position of the Milestone Group PLC, as reported in their financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2008, indicates that a material uncertainty exists over the ability of the parent to provide the company with the continuing support that it requires. These circumstances may cast significant doubt over the company's ability to continue as a going concern and therefore that it may be unable to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.