Company No: 03426366

THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

RESOLUTION

of

INTERNET WATCH FOUNDATION

("Company")

Passed the 26th day of November 2013

By a resolution agreed to at the annual general meeting on $26 \text{ NOV} \approx 2013$ by or on behalf of the required number of the members of the Company who, at that date were entitled to vote on the resolution, the following resolution of the Company was duly passed:

SPECIAL RESOLUTION

THAT

- i. the Articles of Association of the Company are amended by deleting all the provisions of the Company's Memorandum of Association which, by virtue of section 28 Companies Act 2006, are to be treated as provisions of the Company's Articles of Association; and
- ii. the Articles of Association attached to this resolution be and are hereby approved and adopted as the Articles of Association of the Company in substitution for, and to the exclusion of, all existing Articles of Association of the Company

Signed

Director/Secretary

Dated 26/11/13.

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10/12/2013 COMPANIES HOUSE

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ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

INTERNET WATCH FOUNDATION





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Company number: 3426366

THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

Company Limited by Guarantee and not having a Share Capital

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF INTERNET WATCH FOUNDATION¹

INTRODUCTION

1 Preliminary

The regulations contained in Table A and Table C in the Schedule to the Companies (Tables A to F) Regulations 1985 as amended by The Companies (Tables A to F) (Amendment) Regulations 2007 (SI 2007/2541) and The Companies (Tables A to F) (Amendment) (No 2) Regulations 2007 (SI 2007/2826) and the model articles of association for private companies limited by guarantee contained in Schedule 2 to The Companies (Model Articles) Regulations 2008) in force at the time of adoption of these Articles shall not apply to the Company and these Articles shall be the regulations of the Company.

2 Name of Company

2 1 The name of the Company is Internet Watch Foundation, called in this document "the Company"

3 Meaning of Words

In these Articles the words in the first column of the table below will have the meanings shown opposite them in the second column, as long as this meaning is consistent with the subject or context:-

Words

Meanings

¹ As updated further to the special resolutions adopted by the members of the Company on [DATE]



Articles These Articles of Association

Board The Board of Trustees of the Company, who are

both directors of the Company and charity

trustees

Business Day Any day (other than a Saturday or Sunday or a

bank or public holiday in England)

Business Hours Means the hours of 9.00am to 5.00pm on a

Business Day

Chair The independent Chair of the Board of Trustees

who in the opinion of the Board is neither an Industry nor an Independent Trustee and who is

appointed in accordance with Article 35 5

Charity Commission The Charity Commission of England and Wales

Clear Day 24 hours from midnight following the relevant

event

Company Internet Watch Foundation

Companies Act 2006 The Companies Act 2006 (as amended from time

to time)

Electronic Address Any address or number used for the purposes of

sending or receiving documents or information

by electronic means

Electronic Form and

Electronic Means

Have the meaning given in section 1168 of the

Companies Act 2006

Funding Council A body of Members and any other person

admitted by the Funding Council to membership of the Funding Council Such meeting and membership to be governed by the rules of the

Funding Council

Indemnity Insurance Insurance against personal liability incurred by

any Trustee for an act or omission which is or is



alleged to be a breach of trust or breach of duty, unless the Trustee concerned knew that, or was reckless whether, the act or omission was a breach of trust or breach of duty

Independent Trustee

A trustee who is appointed to the Board in

accordance with Article 35 2

Industry Trustee

A trustee who is appointed to the Board by the

Funding Council in accordance with Article 35.3

Member

A member of the Company for the purposes of

the Statutes appointed under Article 14

Month

Calendar month

Office

The registered office of the Company

Ordinary Resolution

Has the meaning given in section 282 of the

Companies Act 2006

Poll

A procedure used at a general meeting of the

Company under which every Member in person

or proxy has one vote

Regulations

Any rules, standing orders or regulation made in

accordance with these Articles

Seal

The common seal of the Company

Signed

Shall include signatures in Writing

Special Resolution

Has the meaning given in section 283 of the

Companies Act 2006

Statutes

The Companies Act as defined in section 2 of the Companies Act 2006 and every other Statute, order, regulation, instrument or other subordinate legislation for the time being in force relating to Companies and affecting the

Company



Taxable Trading Carrying on a trade or business for the principal

purpose of raising funds and not for the purpose of actually carrying out the Objects, the profit of

which are subject to corporation tax

Trustees The directors of the Company namely the

Industry and Independent Trustees and the

independent Chair

United Kingdom Great Britain and Northern Ireland

Vice-Chairs Both the Industry and Independent Vice-Chairs

as appointed in accordance with Article 43 1

In Writing or Written Written, printed or lithographed or partly one

and partly another, and other ways of showing and reproducing words in a visible form including

by e-mail, fax or website

- 3 2 Words in the singular form include the plural and vice versa
- 3 3 The words "person" or "people" include corporations
- Apart from the words defined above, any words or expression defined in the Act or any change to the Act in force when these Articles become binding on the Company will have the same meanings in these Articles, provided they are consistent with the subject or context
- 3 5 Headings are not part of the Articles
- Where the word "address" appears in these Articles it is deemed to include postal address and electronic address and "registered address" shall be construed accordingly
- 3.7 References to any Statute or statutory provision in these Articles include, unless the context otherwise requires, a reference to that Statute or statutory provision as modified, replaced, re-enacted or consolidated and in force from time to time any subordinate legislation made under the relevant Statute or statutory provision



4 Objects of the Company

- 4 1 The objects of the Company (the "Objects") are:-
 - 4 1 1 The promotion of the care and protection of the health and welfare of the public in particular children and young people by working to minimise the availability of potentially illegal or otherwise harmful content on the Internet.
 - 4.1.2 The prevention of crimes relating to offences involving exposure to illegal content on the Internet in particular by
 - 4 1 2 1 operating a hotline enabling the public to report such instances,
 - 4 1 2 2 operating a notice and takedown service to alert hosting service providers of such criminal content found on their servers, and
 - 4 1 2 3 alerting relevant law enforcement agencies to the content
 - 4 1.3 To further such purposes as are recognised as exclusively charitable under the law of England and Wales

5 Powers

- The Company has the following powers which may be used only to promote the Objects
 - 5 1 1 subject to any consent required by law, to buy, take on lease, sell, lease, share or otherwise dispose of, hire, charge or mortgage or acquire any land or property of any sort,
 - 5 1 2 to construct, alter, provide, manage, maintain, furnish and fit with all the necessary furniture and other equipment the buildings and any other premises or structure or land,
 - 5 1 3 to employ and pay any employees, officers, servants and professional or other advisers,



- 5 1 4 to raise funds and borrow money, invite and receive contributions or grants, enter into contracts, seek subscriptions or raise money in any way,
- 5 1 5 to give or receive any guarantee or indemnity,
- 5 1.6 to promote or undertake study or research and disseminate the results of such,
- 5 1 7 to produce, print and publish anything in any media,
- 5 1.8 to provide or procure the provision of services, training, consultancy, advice, support, counselling or guidance,
- 5.19 to promote and advertise the Company's activities,
- 5 1 10 to invest any money that the Company does not immediately need in any investments, securities or properties, and to set aside funds for special purposes or as reserves,
- 5 1 11 to undertake any charitable trust,
- 5 1 12 to make provision for the payment of pensions and other benefits to or on behalf of employees and their dependants;
- 5 1 13 to raise funds and carry on trade but not by means of Taxable Trading;
- to establish, promote and otherwise assist any limited company or companies or other body for the purpose of acquiring any property or of furthering in any way the Objects or to undertake trading and to establish such limited company or companies or other body either as wholly owned subsidiaries of the Company or jointly with other persons, companies, government departments or local authorities and to finance such limited company or companies or other body by way of loan or share subscription on commercial terms provided that the Company shall seek professional legal advice before financing such companies,
- 5.1.15 to establish, support or join with any charitable companies, institutions, societies or associations whose objects are the same as or similar to its own,



- to transfer to or to purchase or otherwise acquire from any of the charities, institutions, societies or associations with which the Company is authorised to join any property, assets or liabilities, and to perform any of their engagements;
- 5 1 17 to open and operate banking accounts and other banking facilities,
- 5 1 18 to enter into any arrangements with any governments, authorities or any person, company or association,
- 5 1 19 to insure any risks arising from the Company's activities,
- 5 1 20 to provide Indemnity Insurance to cover liability of the Trustees
 - 5.1.20 1 which by virtue of any rule of law would otherwise attach to them in respect of any negligence, default, breach of trust, or breach of duty of which they may be guilty in relation to the Company,
 - 5.1.20 2 to make contributions to the assets of the Company in accordance with the provisions of section 214 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Any such insurance in the case of Article 5 1 20 1 shall not extend to

- any liability resulting from conduct which the Trustees knew, or must be assumed to have known was not in the best interests of the Company, or which the Trustees did not care whether it was in the best interests of the Company or not;
- 5 1 20 4 any liability to pay the costs of unsuccessfully defending criminal prosecutions for offences arising out of the fraud or dishonesty or wilful or reckless misconduct of the Trustees,
- 5 1 20 5 any liability to pay a fine

Any insurance in the case of Article 5.1 20 2 shall not extend to any liability to make such a contribution where the basis of the



Trustee's liability is his knowledge prior to the insolvent liquidation of the Company (or reckless failure to acquire that knowledge) that there was no reasonable prospect that the Company would avoid going into the insolvent liquidation;

- 5 1 21 to make such ex gratia payments as are considered reasonable and fair with the consent of the Charity Commission;
- 5 1 22 to pay all the expenses and costs of establishing the Company,
- 5.1 23 to delegate upon such terms and at such reasonable remuneration as the Company may think fit to professional investment managers ("the Managers") the exercise of all or any of its powers of investment (an "investment" is an asset which is capable of producing income and may also increase in capital value);

Provided always that -

- 5 1 23 1 the Managers are properly authorised to carry on investment business,
- the delegated powers shall be exercisable only within clear policy guidelines drawn up in advance by the Company,
- the Managers are under a duty to report promptly to the Company any exercise of the delegated powers and in particular to report every transaction carried out by the Managers and report regularly on the performance of investments managed by them;
- 5 1 23 4 the Company is entitled at any time to review, alter or terminate the delegation or the terms thereof,
- 5 1 23 5 the Company is bound to review the arrangements for delegation at intervals but so that any failure by the Company to undertake such reviews shall not invalidate the delegation,
- 5 1 24 to permit any investments belonging to the Company to be held in the name of any clearing bank, trust corporation or stockbroking



company which is a member of the Stock Exchange (or any subsidiary of any such stockbroking company) as nominee for the Company and to pay any such nominee reasonable and proper remuneration for acting as such;

- to apply for, register, purchase, or by other means acquire and protect, prolong and renew, whether in the United Kingdom or elsewhere, any trade marks, patents, copyrights, trade secrets, or other intellectual property rights, licences, secret processes, designs, protections and concessions and to disclaim, alter, modify, use and turn to account and to manufacture under or grant licences or privileges in respect of the same, and to expend money in experimenting upon, testing and improving any patents, inventions or rights which the Company may acquire or propose to acquire,
- 5.1 26 to apply for, promote, and obtain any Act of Parliament, order, or licence of the Department of Trade or other authority for enabling the Company to carry any of its Objects into effect, or for effecting any modification of the Company's constitution, or for any other purpose which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to promote the Company's interests, and to oppose any proceedings or applications which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to prejudice the Company's interests;
- 5 1 27 to enter into any arrangements with any government or authority (supreme, municipal, local, or otherwise) that may seem conducive to the attainment of the Objects or any of them, and to obtain from any such government or authority any charters, decrees, rights, privileges or concessions which the Company may think desirable and to carry out, exercise, and comply with any such charters, decrees, rights, privileges, and concessions,
- 5 1 28 to do anything else within the law which helps promote the Objects

6 Application of Income and Property

The income and property of the Company shall be applied solely towards the promotion of the Objects and no part of it shall be paid or transferred



directly or indirectly by way of dividend bonus or otherwise by way of profit to Members or Trustees, and no Trustee may be appointed to any office of the Company paid by salary or fees or receive any remuneration or other benefit in money or money's worth from the Company except as shown below under 'Allowed Payments'

7 Allowed Payments

- 7.1 The Company may pay -
 - 7 1 1 Reasonable and proper payment to any officer or servant of the Company who is not a Trustee for any services to the Company
 - Reasonable and proper remuneration to (1) a Trustee for services actually rendered to the Company including the usual professional charges for services provided or business done by a Trustee who is a solicitor, accountant or other person engaged in a profession, or by any partner of his or her firm instructed by the Company to act in a professional capacity on its behalf, and (2) the Chair for his services to the Company, PROVIDED THAT -
 - 7 1 2 1 the number of Trustees so remunerated shall not exceed a minority of the quorum of the Board of Trustees,
 - 7 1 2.2 such Trustee shall be absent from all meetings at which the terms and conditions of his or her engagement by the Company are discussed,
 - 7.1 2 3 such Trustee shall not vote on any resolution relating to his or her engagement,
 - 7 1 2 4 the other Trustees are satisfied that his engagement, or that of his or her firm, is both necessary and expedient in the interests of the Company
 - 7 1 3 Interest on the money lent by any Member or any Trustee The annual rate of interest must not be more than 2% below the base rate of one of the clearing banks or a rate of 3% whichever is the greater



- 7 1 4 Reasonable out-of-pocket expenses to any Trustee and in addition the payment of an attendance allowance for not more than three Trustees for attending formal meetings of the Board and any Committee on which such Trustees sit. Such payments shall be subject to the conditions contained in Article 7 1 2.2 to 7.1 2 4 inclusive
- 7 1 5 Reasonable and proper payment to a company of which a Trustee holds not more than a hundredth of the capital
- 7.1.6 Reasonable and proper rent of premises demised or let by any Member or Trustee
- Reasonable and proper premiums in respect of any Indemnity Insurance to cover the liability of the Trustees which, by virtue of any rule of law would otherwise attach to them in respect of any negligence, default, breach of trust or breach of duty of which they may be guilty in relation to the Company, Provided that any such insurance shall not extend to any claim arising from the liability resulting from conduct which the Trustees knew, or must be assumed to have known, was not in the best interests of the Company, or which the Trustees did not care whether it was in the best interests of the Company or not and provided also that any such insurance shall not extend to any claim arising from liability for the costs of unsuccessfully defending criminal prosecutions for offences arising out of the fraud or dishonesty of wilful or reckless misconduct of the Trustees.
- 7 1 8 In exceptional cases other payments or benefits but only with the prior Written approval of the Charity Commission

PROVIDED THAT no Member or Trustee shall be present during the discussion of or voting on any decision to borrow money from or pay rent or make a payment or give a benefit to that Member or Trustee

8 Alterations to these Articles

8.1 Alterations may only be made to the Objects or to any clause of these Articles which directs or restricts the way money or the property of the Company may be used or which gives Trustees any benefit with the Charity Commission's prior Written consent



- 8.2 The Company may alter these Articles only by a special resolution that is passed at a general meeting of the Company
- 8 3 No alterations to these Articles may be made which would cause the Company to cease to be a charity in law
- 9 Limited Liability
- 9.1 The liability of the Members is limited
- 10 Guarantee by Members of the Company
- 10.1 Every Member agrees to contribute to the Company £1 or any smaller amount required if -
 - 10 1 1 the Company is wound-up while he or she is a Member or within a year afterwards, and
 - 10 1 2 the Company has debts and liabilities which it cannot meet out of its assets

11 Winding-up of the Company

- 11 1 If the Company is wound-up or dissolved, and there remains any property after all debts and liabilities have been met, the property must be given or transferred to some other charitable institution or institutions. This other institution must have objects which are similar or ancillary to those of the Company and must prohibit the distribution of its income and property among its members to an extent at least as great as that required by these Articles.
- The institution or institutions will be chosen by the Trustees of the Company at or before the time when the Company is wound-up or dissolved

12 Rights of Inspection by Members

12.1 A copy of the Articles and any Regulations must be available for inspection at the Office Any Member must be given a copy of these on payment of a reasonable fee fixed by the Board



MEMBERSHIP

13 Members

- 13.1 The minimum number of Members is two and there is no maximum.
- 13.2 The Company must keep at the Office a register of Members showing their name, address and date of membership
- 13.3 The register is available for inspection.

14. Membership

- 14.1 The initial Members are the subscribers who signed the Memorandum of Association of the Company
- 14 2 Membership is open to
 - 14.2.1 any individuals aged 18 or over whom the Board decides to admit to membership, and
 - 14.2.2 any organisations which the Board decides to admit to membership
- A Member which is an organisation or a body corporate must, if asked, give a copy of its constitution to the Company
- Each Member which is an organisation or a body corporate must appoint one representative who has the right to attend and to vote at general meetings of the Company. At any time by giving notice in Writing to the Company, that Member can cancel the appointment of its representative and appoint another instead, however, if that cancellation and new appointment is to be effective for a general meeting, the notification must be received by the Company prior to the end of Business Hours on the Business Day prior to the general meeting. The Member must confirm the name of its representative at the Company's request.
- Members which are organisations stop being Members in the same way as individual Members stop being Members
- The Board may delegate the power to admit Members through passing Regulations in accordance with Article 62



15 Categories of Membership

- The Board may establish categories of membership with different rights and obligations and shall record the rights and obligations in the register of Members
- All Members must pay the subscriptions (if any) that the Board decides from time to time. The Board may fix differing rates for subscriptions, which may or may not be dependent upon the class of membership

16 No transfer of Membership

16.1 None of the rights of any Member may be transferred or transmitted to any other person

17 Ending of Membership

- 17.1 So long as the number of Members remaining does not fall below the minimum specified in Article 13.1 a Member stops being a Member if
 - 17 1 1 the Member resigns from membership by giving at least 28 days notice in Writing to the Company, or
 - 17 1 2 membership is ended under this Article,
 - 17.1.3 the Member fails to respond in Writing within 60 days of being sent a notice in Writing requesting confirmation that they wish to remain a Member and the Board resolves to end membership. The notice must contain a warning that membership may be ended, or
 - 17 1 4 The Board of the Company resolve that it is in the best interests of the Company to terminate such membership

17.2 The Board may:

17 2 1 suspend the rights of any Member by giving reasons and by giving the Member notice in Writing of the suspension - during such suspension the Member may not exercise any rights of membership; and



terminate a Member's membership if that Member's subscription (if any) remains unpaid three months after it is due.

The Board may delegate the powers contained in this Article 17 2 through the making of Regulations in accordance with Article 62

17 3 Within 28 days of receiving that notice the Member can appeal in Writing to the Company against the suspension. If no appeal is received within the time limit, the Member automatically stops being a Member. If an appeal is received within the time limit, the suspension must be considered by the Board within 42 days. The Member has the right to be heard at the meeting or may make Written representations. The meeting must either confirm the suspension, in which case membership ends, or lift the suspension.

18 General Meetings

18 1 Each year, the Company may hold an annual general meeting in addition to any other general meeting in that year. The annual general meeting must be specified as such in the notices calling it. The first annual general meeting must be held within 18 months of the incorporation of the Company and not more than 15 months must pass between one annual general meeting and the next. All meetings other than annual general meetings shall be called general meetings.

19 Calling of General Meetings

The Board may call a general meeting whenever they wish Such a meeting must also be called if not less than ten percent of the Members of the Company request it in Writing

20 Notice of General Meetings

20.1 An annual general meeting must be called by giving at least 14 Clear Days' notice in Writing Other general meetings of the Company other than an annual general meeting (including a meeting called for the passing of a Special Resolution) must be called by giving at least 14 Clear Days' notice in Writing. These notices must specify the place, date and time of the meeting Notice of the meeting must be given to everyone entitled by these Articles to receive it.



- 20 2 However, even if shorter notice is given than that is required above, the meeting will be treated as having been correctly called if it is so agreed -
 - 20 2 1 In the case of an annual general meeting, by all the Members entitled to attend and vote at it; or
 - 20.2 2 In the case of any other meeting, by a majority of the Members who have a right to attend and vote. But this majority must represent at least 90% of the total membership of the Company Members who have voting rights
- The accidental omission to give notice of a meeting to, or the non-receipt of notice of a meeting by, any person entitled to receive notice shall not invalidate the proceedings at that meeting.
- 20.4 Every notice convening a general meeting shall be given in hard copy form or Electronic Form

21. Quorum

21.1 Business may be done at a general meeting only if a quorum of Members is present when the meeting begins to deal with its business. A quorum is twelve Members or ten per cent of Members whichever is the larger, unless shown differently below

22 Adjournment of a General Meeting

- If the meeting is called by the demand of Members, it must be dissolved if, within half an hour after the appointed starting time, a quorum is not present. If called in any other way, the meeting must be adjourned to another day, time and place as the Board may decide.
- 22.2 If at the adjourned meeting a quorum is not present within half an hour after the appointed starting time, the Members present will be a quorum
- 22.3 The Chair may, with the consent of any meeting at which a quorum is present (and must if so directed by the meeting), adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place. But no business may be done at any adjourned meeting except business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place.



When a meeting is adjourned for 30 days or more, notice of the adjourned meeting must be given as for the original meeting. Apart from that, it is not necessary to give any notice of an adjourned meeting nor of the business to be done at it.

23. Chair

The Chair (if any) of the Board should normally preside as chair at every general meeting of the Company. If there is no Chair, or if he/she will not be present within 15 minutes after the appointed starting time or is unwilling to take the chair, the Trustees present shall select a chair of the meeting and in default the Members at the meeting shall select a chair.

24 Voting on Resolutions

- At any general meeting a resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided on a show of hands unless a poll is demanded (before or after the result of the show of hands is declared). A poll can be demanded by the Chair or a Member or Members' representative who is present. Members may vote by a proxy
- On a show of hands every Member (being an individual) present in person or by proxy (not being himself a Member entitled to vote) or (being a body corporate) present by a duly authorised representative or proxy (not being himself a Member entitled to vote) has one vote and on a poll every Member present in person or by proxy or by a duly authorised representative (as the case may be) has one vote
- No Member shall be entitled to vote at any general meeting unless all monies presently payable by him or her to the Company pursuant to Article 15.2 or pursuant to any rules or bye-laws made by the Trustees in accordance with Article 62 or otherwise have been paid.

25. Proxies

- 25.1 A person holding a proxy may vote on any resolution
- An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in Writing executed by or on behalf of the appointor and shall be in any usual or common form or in such other form as the Trustees may approve and shall be deemed to confer authority to vote on any amendment of a resolution put to the meeting for



and any

which it is given as the proxy thinks fit. The instrument of proxy shall, unless the contrary is stated in such instrument of proxy, be valid for any adjournment of the meeting as well as for the meeting to which it relates The instrument appointing a proxy and any authority under which it is executed shall be deposited at the Office 48 hours prior to the general meeting, with the Secretary or the Chair of that meeting No instrument appointing a proxy shall be valid after the expiration of 12 months from the date of its execution.

- A vote given or poll demanded by proxy or by the duly authorised 25 3 representative of a body corporate shall be valid notwithstanding the previous termination of the authority of the person voting or demanding a poll unless notice of the termination was received by the Company at the office or at such other place at which the instrument or proxy was duly deposited by the end of Business Hours on the Business Day prior to the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote is given or the poll demanded or (in the case of a poll taken otherwise than on the same day as the meeting or adjourned meeting) the time appointed for taking the poll.
- 25 4 Where the Board does not fix the form of a proxy any instrument appointing a proxy in the following form, or as near to it as the circumstances admit, will be acceptable

ľ" Ωf a member of Internet Watch Foundation hereby appoint [the Chair of the meeting] of and failing him or her of as my proxy to vote for me on my behalf at the [Annual] General Meeting of the Company to be held on the day of

Signed on the

adjournment thereof

day of

The instrument appointing a proxy shall be deemed to confer authority to demand or join in demanding a poll.



26 Declaration of Chair is Final

- Unless a poll is demanded, the Chair's declaration that a resolution has been carried by a particular majority or lost on a show of hands and an entry saying so in the minute book is conclusive evidence of the result. The number or proportion of the votes need not be entered in the minute book.
- The demand for a poll may be withdrawn before the poll is taken but only with the consent of the Chair and a demand so withdrawn shall not be taken to have invalidated the result of a show of hands declared before the demand was made

27 When a poll is taken

- A poll must be taken immediately, if it is correctly demanded to elect a Chair or to decide upon an adjournment. Polls about other things will be taken at a time convened by the Chair (acting reasonably). Business which is not the subject of a poll may be dealt with before or during the poll.
- 27.2 The Chair will decide how a poll will be taken. The result of a poll will be treated as a resolution of the meeting

28. Voting and Speaking

- 28 1 Every Member has one vote For the avoidance of doubt, the Chair is not entitled to vote at a general meeting and does not have a casting vote
- 28 2 The auditor or reporting accountant has the right to attend and speak but not vote
- A Trustee in their capacity as Trustee shall have the same rights to attend and speak but not vote, although this shall not impact upon the right to vote of a Trustee who is also the representative of a Member

29 Written Resolution

29 1 A written resolution, proposed in accordance with section 288(3) of the Companies Act 2006, will lapse if it is not passed before the end of the period of 28 days beginning with the circulation date.



29.2 For the purposes of this Article 29 "circulation date" is the day on which copies of the written resolution are sent or submitted to Members or, if copies are sent or submitted on different days, to the first of those days

TRUSTEES

30 Management by the Board

30 1 Subject to the provisions of the Statutes and these Articles and to any directions given by Special Resolution, the business of the Company shall be managed by the Board. They may pay all the expenses of promoting and registering the Company They may use all powers of the Company which are not, by the Statutes or by these Articles, required to be used by a general meeting of the Company

31 Cheques and Bills etc

31 1 All cheques, promissory notes, drafts, bills of exchange and other negotiable instruments and all receipts for money paid to the Company shall indicate the name of the Company in full and must be signed, drawn, accepted, endorsed, or otherwise made in the way that the Board decides from time to time and cheques shall be signed in accordance with the decision of the Board

32. Indemnity of Trustees

- Subject to the provisions of, and so far as may be permitted by, the Statutes and the Charities Act 1993 but without prejudice to any indemnity to which the person concerned may be otherwise entitled, every Trustee of the Company shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all costs, charges, losses, expenses and liabilities incurred by him or her in the execution and discharge of his or her duties or the exercise of his or her powers or otherwise in relation to or in connection with his or her duties, powers or office, including any liability which may attach to him or her in respect of any negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust in relation to anything done by him or her as a Trustee, auditor or other officer of the Company
- 32 2 Subject to the provisions of, and so far as may be permitted by the Statutes and the Charities Act 1993, the Company shall be entitled to fund the



expenditure of every Trustee, alternate director or other officer of the Company incurred or to be incurred.

- 32 2 1 In defending any criminal or civil proceedings; or
- 32 2 2 in connection with any application under sections 661(3), 661(4) or 1157 of the Companies Act 2006.

Payment of reasonable expenses to Trustees of the Board and payment of directors of subsidiary companies

- The Trustees may be paid reasonable out-of-pocket expenses that they have properly incurred in connection with the business of the Company but shall not be paid any other remuneration except as permitted by these Articles
- 33 2 Subject to the provisions of, and so far as may be permitted by, the Statutes, charity law and Charity Commission guidelines, the Company may pay reasonable and proper remuneration to any director of a wholly or jointly owned subsidiary company of the Company

34. The Keeping of Minutes

- 34 1 The Board must have minutes entered in the minute books:
 - 34 1 1 of all appointments of officers by the Board;
 - 34 1 2 of the names of the Trustees present at each of its meetings and of any Committee of the Board,
 - 34 1 3 of all resolutions and proceedings at all meetings of
 - 34 1 3 1 The Company,
 - 34.1 3.2 The Board, and
 - 34 1 3 3 Committees of the Board

35. The Make-up of the Board

The Board consists of not less than six and no more than ten persons so long as 1/3 (or in the case of a fraction a number either rounded up or down from that fraction) are Industry Trustees or their representatives, and



2/3 (or in the case of a fraction a number either rounded up or down from that fraction) are Independent Trustees and an independent Chair, who shall not be included when calculating the 2/3 proportion. If the number of Industry Trustees or Independent Trustees shall fall below the specified fractions the Board may continue to act if it has put into effect the necessary steps to appoint the additional Independent Trustee(s) or Industry Trustee(s) or their representative as the case may be

- The Independent Trustees will be chosen by an open selection procedure arranged by a Committee of the Board comprising the Chair, representation from both Independent and Industry Trustees, and an independent person from outside the Board agreed by the Board Nobody who has in the opinion of the Board a significant financial interest or other direct involvement in a company providing online services will be considered for appointment as an Independent Trustee. If subsequent to appointment to the Board, an Independent Trustee acquires such an interest or involvement, the Trustee must declare the relevant interest and will thereupon automatically cease to be an Independent Trustee.
- 35 3 Subject to the approval by the Board of the proposed Industry Trustees, the Industry Trustees will be nominated by the Funding Council and the Funding Council will determine what arrangements should apply in the event that an Industry Trustee resigns or is no longer the representative of his original organisation or the industry Subject to Article 37 2, the period of office of Industry Trustees and any arrangements for their retirement and removal shall be determined by the Funding Council
- 35.4 Each Industry Trustee shall be a representative of a Member of the Company
- The Chair will be chosen by an open selection procedure managed by a Committee of the Board comprising representation from both Independent and Industry Trustees and an independent person from outside the Board agreed by the other Trustees on the Committee The Chair may serve for a period of three years including the period of office prior to the adoption of these Articles and shall then retire but is eligible for re-appointment for a further period of three years. The decision on whether to offer the independent Chair a further term of office will be taken by the Board of Trustees, excluding the Chair



36 Board authorisation of situations in which a Trustee has an interest

- 36.1 Subject to the provisions of the Statutes and these Articles, and provided that the Trustee has disclosed to the Board the nature and extent of any interest of his and the Board has agreed, a Trustee notwithstanding his office
 - 36.1 1 may be a party to or otherwise interested in any transaction or arrangement with the Company or in which the Company is in any way interested,
 - may be a Trustee or other officer of or employed by or be a party to any transaction or arrangement with or otherwise interested in any body corporate promoted by the Company or in which the Company is in any way interested,
 - may, or any firm or company of which he is a member or director may, act in a professional capacity for the Company or any body corporate in which the Company is in any way interested,
 - 36 1 4 shall not by reason of his office be accountable to the Company for any benefit which he derives from such office, service or employment or from any such transaction or arrangement or from any interest in any such body corporate and no such transaction or arrangement shall be liable to be avoided on the ground of any such interest or benefit;
- 36 2 For the purposes of Article 36 1 the decision of the Board may be that the Trustee may
 - 36 2 1 be counted in the quorum and entitled to speak on any matter referred to in Article 36 1 1 to 36.1 4 (inclusive) and to vote on any resolution or on any resolution which in any way concerns or relates to a matter in which he has, directly or indirectly, any kind of interest whatsoever and his/her vote shall be counted, or
 - be entitled to attend the meeting and to speak at such a meeting but shall not count in the quorum and not vote on any matter referred to in Article 36 1 1 to 36 1.4 (inclusive) or on any resolution which in any way concerns or relates to a matter which



he/she has, directly or indirectly, any kind of interest whatsoever, or

- 36 2 3 be entitled to attend the meeting but not speak at such a meeting and shall not be entitled to count in the quorum or vote on any matter referred to in Article 36 1.1 to 36 1 4 (inclusive) or on any resolution which in any way concerns or relates to a matter which he/she has, directly or indirectly, any kind of interest whatsoever, or
- 36.2.4 be excluded from the meeting on any matter referred to in Article 36 1 1 to 36.1.4 (inclusive) and shall not count in the quorum for that part of the meeting and shall not be entitled to vote

36 3 For the purposes of Article 36.1.1

- 36 3 1 a general notice to the Board that a Trustee is to be regarded as having an interest of the nature and extent specified in the notice in any transaction or arrangement in which a specified person or class of persons is interested shall be deemed to be a disclosure that the Trustee has an interest in any such transaction of the nature and extent so specified,
- 36 3 2 an interest of which a Trustee has no knowledge and of which it is unreasonable to expect him to have knowledge shall not be treated as an interest of his, and
- an interest of a person who is for any purpose of the Statutes (excluding any statutory modification not in force when these Articles were adopted) connected with a Trustee shall be treated as an interest of the Trustee and in relation to an alternate director an interest of his appointor shall be treated as an interest of the alternate director without prejudice to any interest which the alternate director has otherwise.

37 Retirement of Trustees

37 1 Independent Trustees may serve for a period of three years including the period of office prior to the adoption of these Articles and shall then retire but all are eligible for re-appointment for a further period of three years. The decision on whether to offer an Independent Trustee a further term of



office will be taken by the Chair and the two Vice-Chairs, unless the Trustee is a Vice-Chair, in which case the re-appointment will be decided by the Board.

- 37 2 No Trustee may serve for a cumulative period of more than six years (including the period of office prior to the adoption of these Articles)
- 38 Notification of Change of Trustees to the Registrar of Companies
- 38.1 All appointments, retirements or removals of Trustees and the Company Secretary must be notified to the Registrar of Companies
- 39 Co-option
- 39 1 The Board may co-opt one additional person onto the Board, through a special vote in accordance with Article 42 3 at any one time who shall hold office until the next annual General Meeting
- 39 2 Such a co-optee will be eligible for re-co-option and may vote at meetings of the Board

40. Ending of Trusteeship

- 40 1 A Trustee ceases to hold office if he or she:
 - 40 1 1 becomes bankrupt or makes any arrangement or composition with his or her creditors generally, or
 - 40 1 2 becomes barred from membership of the Board because of any order made under the Statutes or by virtue of Section 72 of the Charities Act 1993, or
 - 40.1 3 becomes incapable whether mentally or physically of managing his or her affairs, or
 - 40 1 4 resigns the office by notice in writing to the Company; or
 - 40 1 5 is absent without notice from two consecutive meetings of the Trustees and is asked by a majority of the other Trustees to resign, or



- 40 1 6 is directly or indirectly involved in any contract with the Company and fails to declare the nature of his or her interest in the proper way. The proper way is by giving notice at the first meeting of the Board at which the contract is discussed and which the relevant Trustee attends or by giving written notice to the Board if he is aware that the Board will discuss the contract but he is unable to attend the Board meeting or the first Board meeting after the Trustee became interested in the contract, or
- 40 1 7 is removed from office in accordance with the provisions of Article 41, or
- 40 1 8 is the representative of an Member and that Member ceases to be a Member, or
- 40 1 9 is considered by at least 75% of the total number of Trustees that the Trustee is unfit to continue as a Trustee of the Company, or
- 40 1 10 in the case of an Industry Trustee they may be removed from office by the Funding Council in accordance with arrangements that Funding Council determine from time to time

41 Removal of a Trustee by a General Meeting

- 41 1 A general meeting of the Company may by ordinary resolution remove any Trustee before the end of his or her period of office
- If the Members wish to remove a Trustee, the Members must give a notice to the Company of the intention to remove a Trustee and/or appoint a replacement. At least 28 Clear Days' notice must be given to the Company and subsequently at least 14 Clear Days' notice to the membership by the Company Once the Company receives such notice it must immediately send a copy to the Trustee concerned. He or she has a right to be heard at the general meeting. He or she also has the right to make a Written statement of reasonable length. If the statement is received in time it must be circulated with the notice of the meeting. If it is not sent out, the Trustee may require it to be read to the meeting.



42 Meetings of the Board

- The Board may meet, adjourn and runs its meetings as it wishes, subject to the rest of these Articles and any Regulations that may be passed in accordance with Article 62
- Subject to Article 42 3 questions arising at any meeting must be decided by a majority of votes. Every Trustee has one vote including the Chair. If the votes are equal, the Chair has a second or casting vote. If the Chair is not present, the casting vote shall be cast by the two Vice-Chairs acting together, if they are unable to agree, the question shall be decided so as to preserve the position prior to the vote.
- Votes on the following matters shall be considered "special votes": setting or modifying the annual budget, co-opting a Trustee, changes to the constitution or any major change of policy which shall include any change to any remit documents or code of practice which has been adopted (if it is disputed whether a matter is "major", the Chair shall rule). A special vote shall only succeed if at least 75% of the votes cast are in favour and at least one vote in favour is cast by an Industry Trustee There is no casting vote at a special vote.
- A Trustee may, and the Secretary if requested by a Trustee must, summon a meeting of the Board.
- Any Trustee may participate in a meeting of the Trustees or a Committee constituted pursuant to Article 48 of which he or she is on by means of a conference telephone or similar communications equipment whereby all persons participating in the meeting can hear each other and participation in a meeting in this manner shall be deemed to constitute presence in person at such meeting and, subject to these Articles and the Statutes, shall be entitled to vote and be counted in a quorum accordingly. Such a meeting shall be deemed to take place where the largest group of those participating is assembled or, if there is no such group, where the Chair is
- Any Trustee that is unable to participate in a meeting of the Trustees may nominate another Trustee as a proxy for a single Board meeting, but not for two Board meetings in a row—Such a proxy shall be a directed proxy for each vote—In order for such an appointment of a proxy to be valid, the Trustee must ensure that the Chair and/or the Company Secretary receive



written notice of the proxy prior to the end of Business Hours on the Business Day prior to the Board meeting. If the Trustee wishes to withdraw the proxy, it must given written notice of this to the Chair and/or the Company Secretary prior to the end of Business Hours on the Business Day prior to the Board meeting.

43 Officers of the Board

- The Board will have two Vice-Chairs, one of whom shall be appointed from the Industry Trustees and one of whom shall be appointed from amongst the Independent Trustees. The Industry Vice-Chair will be selected for a period of two years by the Industry Trustees. The Independent Vice-Chair will be elected for a period of two years by the Independent Trustees. Both Vice-Chairs are eligible for re-election for a maximum of two further periods of two years and whilst a Trustee holds the office of Vice-Chair, such Trustee will not be required to retire in accordance with Article 37.1 (although for the avoidance of doubt, Article 37.2 shall apply to Vice-Chairs and this shall be taken into account when considering the term of appointment for a Vice-Chair).
- The Company will have a Chief Executive who will be chosen by an open selection procedure managed by a Committee of the Board comprising the Chair, representation from both Industry and Independent Trustees, and an independent person from outside the Board agreed by the other Trustees on the Committee
- 43 3 The Board may elect or remove any officers that it wishes from among the Trustees
- The Chief Executive will be a salaried employee of the Company and will attend Board meetings except where his own conduct and/or terms of service are being discussed, but he has no vote and is not counted in the quorum

44 Quorum of the Board

The quorum necessary for business to be done at a Board meeting is 50% of the current Trustees which shall include at least one Industry Trustee and at least one Independent Trustee



45 Vacancies on the Board

45.1 The Board may act despite any vacancy on the Board, but if the number of Trustees falls below the quorum, it may act only to summon a general meeting of the Company or for the purpose of filling vacancies on the Board

46 A Resolution may be Approved by Signature Without a Meeting

A resolution in writing Signed by all the Trustees or any Committee is as valid as if it had been passed at a properly held meeting of the Board or Committee. The resolution may consist of several documents in the same form Signed by one or more Trustees of the Board or Committee

47 Validity of Acts Done at Meetings

47 1 If it is discovered that there was some defect in the procedure at a meeting or the appointment of a Trustee or that he or she was disqualified, anything done before the discovery at any meeting of the Board is as valid as if there were no defect or disqualification

48. Delegation by the Board to Committees

- The Board may delegate any of its powers to committees (a "**Committee**") consisting of one or more Trustees and a Committee must conform to any rules that the Board imposes on it
- 48 2 The Board may co-opt any person or people to serve on the Committee
- 48 3 All acts and proceedings of the Committee must be reported to the Board as soon as possible

49 Chair of Committees

- The Board may elect a chair of the Committee meetings, otherwise the Committee can nominate one
- 49.2 If at any meeting the Committee's chair is not present within 10 minutes after the appointed starting time, the Trustees present may choose one of their number to be chair of the meeting.



50 Meetings of Committees

- 50 1 A Committee may meet and adjourn whenever it chooses
- Questions at the meeting must be decided by a majority of votes of the Trustees present
- 50 3 A Committee must have minutes entered in minute books Copies of these minutes must be given to all Trustees

51. Appointment and Removal of the Company Secretary

The Board appoint and remove the Company Secretary and may decide his or her period of office, pay (if not a Trustee) and conditions of service.

52 Actions of Trustees and Company Secretary

The Act says that some actions must be taken both by a Trustee and by the Company Secretary If one person is both a Trustee and a Company Secretary, it is not enough for him or her to do the action first as a Trustee and then as Company Secretary or vice versa.

COMPANY REQUIREMENTS

53 The Seal

- If the Company shall decide to use a company seal the Board must provide safe custody of the Seal.
- 53.2 The Seal may only be used as the authority of the Board or of a sub-Committee authorised by the Board to use it
- 53 3 Everything to which the Seal is affixed must be.-
- (a) signed by a Trustee; and
- (b) countersigned by the Company Secretary or by a second Trustee or by some other person appointed by the Board for that purpose

54 Proper Accounts must be Kept

54 1 Accounts shall be prepared in accordance with the Statutes



55. Books must be Kept at the Office

55.1 The books of account must be kept at the Office or at other places decided by the Board The books of account must always be open to inspection by Trustees

56. Inspection of Books

The Trustees must decide whether, how far, when, where and under what rules the books of account may be inspected by Members who are not Trustees. A Member who is not a Trustee may only inspect a book of account or document of the Company if the right is given by law or authorised by the Trustees or a general meeting.

57 Copies for Members

- 57 1 Certain documents must be sent to Members at least 14 days before the date of the general meeting. These documents are:-
 - 57 1 1 a copy of every balance sheet (including every document required by law to be attached to it) which is to be laid before the Company at the general meeting,
 - 57 1 2 a copy of any report from reporting accountants or auditors, and
 - 57.1.3 a copy of the report of the Trustees.
- 57.2 This Article does not require a copy of these documents to be sent to anyone whose address the Company does not know

58 Appointment of Reporting Accountants or Auditors

The Company must appoint properly qualified reporting accountants or properly qualified auditors if the level of the Company's income or assets from time to time makes this a legal requirement

59. Service of Notices

The Company may give notice to any Member either personally or by delivering it or sending it by ordinary post, by fax or by email to the Member's registered address. If the Member lacks a registered address within the United Kingdom or elsewhere, notice may be sent to any address.



within the United Kingdom or elsewhere which he or she has given the Company for that purpose.

- If a notice is sent by post, it will be treated as having been served by properly addressing, pre-paying and posting a sealed envelope containing the notice. If sent by fax or email it will be treated as properly sent if the Company received no indication that it has not been properly sent
- The notice will be treated as having been received 48 hours after the envelope containing it was posted if posted by first class post and 72 hours after posting if posted by second class post. If sent by fax or email, the notice will be treated as having been received immediately if sent within Business Hours (and if sent outside Business Hours shall be deemed to have delivered at the start of the next Business Day)

60 Accidental Omission of Notice

60 1 Sometimes a person entitled to receive a notice of a meeting does not receive it because of accidental omission or some other reason. This does not invalidate the proceedings of that meeting.

61. Who is Entitled to Notice of General Meetings

- 61 1 Notice of every general meeting must be given to -
 - 61.1 1 every Member (except those Members who lack a registered address within the United Kingdom and have not given the Company an address for notices within the United Kingdom),
 - 61 1 2 the reporting accountants or auditor of the Company;
 - 61 1 3 all Trustees; and
 - 61 1 4 all those with rights of nomination to the Board (if any).
- 61.2 No one else is entitled to receive notice of general meetings

62 Regulations

The Board may make such regulations, bye-laws or standing orders as it sees fit. These must not be inconsistent with the Articles or such that they would otherwise need to be made by a special resolution. No regulation



may be made which invalidates any prior act of the Board which would otherwise have been valid.

The Company shall have the power to alter or repeal the rules or bye-laws referred to in Article 62 1 and to make any additions thereto. The Trustees shall adopt such means as they deem sufficient to bring to the notice of Members all such rules or bye-laws made pursuant to Article 62 1 which, so long as they shall be in force, shall be binding on all Members.

Documents sent in Electronic Form or by means of a Website

- Where the Statutes permit the Company to send documents or notices to its Members in Electronic Form, the documents will be validly sent provided the Company complies with the requirements of the Statutes.
- Subject to any requirement of the Statutes documents and notices may be sent to the Company in electronic form to the address specified by the Company for that purpose and such documents or notices sent to the Company are sufficiently authenticated if the identity of the sender is confirmed in the way the Company has specified.

64 Registered Office

64 1 The registered office of the Company will be in England and Wales