Registered number: 03400152

CAMBRIDGE NETWORK LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2018



COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors D D Cleevely

A C Harter H M Hauser A K Lynn

C D R Manktelow V Sanderson P J Taylor K Woodberry

I G Martin (resigned 21 September 2018)

C Rowland L Welham A Williams C E Ruskin A D Neely

Company secretary D Mardle

Registered number 03400152

Registered office Tennyson House

Cambridge Business Park

Cambridge CB4 0WZ

Independent auditors Price Bailey LLP

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditors

Tennyson House

Cambridge Business Park

Cambridge CB4 0WZ

Bankers Lloyds Bank PLC

95-97 Regents Street

Gonville Place Cambridge CB2 1BQ

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DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2018

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 October 2018.

Principal activity

The principal activity of the company during the year was the support and networking of organisations and individuals involved in economic activity in the greater Cambridge region. Income was generated from annual subscriptions, the provision of training courses, the provision of recruitment services and sponsorship for activities that help economic growth.

Directors

The directors who served during the year were:

D D Cleevely

A C Harter

H M Hauser

A K Lynn

C D R Manktelow

V Sanderson

P J Taylor

K Woodberry

I G Martin (resigned 21 September 2018)

C Rowland

L Welham

A Williams

C E Ruskin

A D Neely

Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the Company's financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2018

Qualifying third party indemnity provisions

The company paid £1,413 (2017 - £1,383) in respect of indemnity insurance for the directors in the year.

Disclosure of information to auditors

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' Report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information.

Auditors

Under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006, Price Bailey LLP will be deemed to have been reappointed as auditors 28 days after these financial statements were sent to members or 28 days after the latest date prescribed for filing the accounts with the registrar, whichever is earlier.

Small companies note

In preparing this report, the directors have taken advantage of the small companies exemptions provided by section 415A of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board on

47 March 2019

and signed on its behalf.

C D R Manktelow

Director

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF CAMBRIDGE NETWORK LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Cambridge Network Limited (the 'Company') for the year ended 31 October 2018, which comprise the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings, the Balance Sheet and the related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 October 2018 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the United Kingdom, including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the financial statements and our Auditors' Report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF CAMBRIDGE NETWORK LIMITED (CONTINUED)

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Directors' Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the Directors' Report and from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement on page 1, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF CAMBRIDGE NETWORK LIMITED (CONTINUED)

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditors' Report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Auditors' Report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditors' Report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Martin Clapson FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Price Bailey LLP
Chartered Accountants
Statutory Auditors
Tennyson House
Cambridge Business Park
Cambridge
CB4 0WZ

136h Mach 2019

Date:

STATEMENT OF INCOME AND RETAINED EARNINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2018

	2018 £	2017 £
Turnover	1,238,782	1,403,008
Cost of sales	(520,370)	(565,116)
Gross profit	718,412	837,892
Administrative expenses	(695,868)	(691,346)
Operating profit	22,544	146,546
Interest receivable and similar income	428	1,766
Profit before tax	22,972	148,312
Tax on profit	(4,530)	(26,250)
Profit after tax	18,442	122,062
Potained cornings at the heginning of the year	244,018	121,956
Retained earnings at the beginning of the year	,	
Profit for the year	18,442	122,062
Retained earnings at the end of the year	262,460	244,018

The notes on pages 8 to 14 form part of these financial statements.

CAMBRIDGE NETWORK LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 03400152

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 OCTOBER 2018

	Note		2018 £		2017 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	4		4,604		2,080
Investments	5		1		1
			4,605	•	2,081
Current assets		•			
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	6	284,700		380,315	
Cash at bank and in hand	. ⁷ 7	1,081,654		1,001,958	
·		1,366,354		1,382,273	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(1,108,493)		(1,140,330)	
Net current assets			257,861		241,943
Net assets		<u>.</u>	262,466	-	244,024
Capital and reserves		•		•	
Called up share capital	10		6		6
Profit and loss account			262,460		244,018
		=	262,466	=	244,024

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 8+1 M C O O

L Welham Director

The notes on pages 8 to 14 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2018

1. General information

Cambridge Network Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales, United Kingdom. The address of the registered office is Tennyson House, Cambridge Business Park, Cambridge, CB4 0WZ. The principal activity of the Company can be found in the Directors' Report on page 1.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies.

The financial statements are presented in sterling which is the functional currency of the Company and are rounded to the nearest pound.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Going concern

The Company is dependant on the continued provision of services to its members. The directors have prepared cash flow projections which cover a period in excess of twelve months of the date of approval of these financial statements. These projections indicate that the company will have adequate resources to continue in operation for the forseeable future. However the directors are aware that in the current economic climate members may reduce their expenditure on services.

The directors have considered the impact of potential future reduced sales on the business and, whilst a significant reduction in sales would require a reduction in the cost base of the Company, the directors consider it appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis.

2.3 Turnover

Turnover comprises revenue recognised by the company in respect of membership subscriptions together with amounts invoiced during the year for training and other services, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

Where subscriptions, training and other income have been invoiced for a period beyond the accounting date, the income relating to the period after each year end has been treated as deferred income and carried forward to the next accounting period.

Revenue from sponsorship and events is recognised when the services are delivered.

Revenue from recruitment fees is recognised as appointments are confirmed.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2018

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their residual value, over their estimated useful lives using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Fixtures & fittings

- 25-50% per annum

Computer equipment

- 50% per annum

2.5 Valuation of investments

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost less accumulated impairment.

2.6 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment.

2.7 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

2.8 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price.

2.9 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings.

2.10 Grants

Grants received are credited to turnover as the related expenditure is incurred.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2018

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.11 Foreign currency translation

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

2.12 Operating leases: the Company as lessee

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings on a straight line basis over the lease term.

2.13 Pensions

Defined contribution pension plan

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Balance Sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

2.14 Corporation and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises corporation and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current corporation tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Balance Sheet date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2018

3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 28 (2017 - 27).

4. Tangible fixed assets

	Fixtures & fittings £	Computer equipment £	Total £
Cost			
At 1 November 2017	13,542	70,779	84,321
Additions		8,493	8,493
At 31 October 2018	13,542	79,272	92,814
Depreciation			
At 1 November 2017	13,246	68,995	82,241
Charge for the year on owned assets	89	5,880	5,969
At 31 October 2018	13,335	74,875	88,210
Net book value			
At 31 October 2018	207	4,397	4,604
At 31 October 2017	296	1,784	2,080

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2018

5. Fixed asset investments

6.

					Investments in subsidiary companies
Cost At 1 November 2017					1
At 31 October 2018					1
Net book value					
At 31 October 2018					1
71. 01. 00.000. 2010					
At 31 October 2017					1
Subsidiary undertakings					
The following were subsidiary underta	akings of the Con	npany:			
Name	Country of incorporation	Class of	Holding	Principal activity	
The Learning Collaboration Limited	•		_	•	
The Learning Collaboration Elithica	UK	Ordinary	100 %	Dormant	
The aggregate of the share capital a was as follows:		-			ry undertaking
The aggregate of the share capital a		-			Aggregate of share capital and reserves
The aggregate of the share capital a		-			Aggregate of share capital
The aggregate of the share capital a was as follows:		-			Aggregate of share capital and reserves £
The aggregate of the share capital a was as follows: The Learning Collaboration Limited		-			Aggregate of share capital and reserves £
The aggregate of the share capital a was as follows: The Learning Collaboration Limited		-		the subsidia	Aggregate of share capital and reserves £ 1 2017
The aggregate of the share capital a was as follows: The Learning Collaboration Limited Debtors		-		the subsidia	Aggregate of share capital and reserves £ 1 2017 £
The aggregate of the share capital a was as follows: The Learning Collaboration Limited Debtors Trade debtors		-		2018 £ 244,348	Aggregate of share capital and reserves £ 1 ==================================

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2018

7.	Cash and cash equivalents		
		2018 £	2017 £
	Cash at bank and in hand	1,081,654	1,001,958 ———
8.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2018 £	2017 £
	Trade creditors	64,616	45,485
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	1	1
	Corporation tax	4,530	26,250
	Other taxation and social security	100,079	98,910
	Other creditors	4,859	5,951
	Accruals and deferred income	934,408	963,733
		1,108,493	1,140,330
9.	Financial instruments		
		2018 £	2017 £
	Financial assets	-	
	Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	1,081,654	1,001,958
	Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss comprise of ca	sh at hank and in	hand
	Tillancial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss comprise or ca	SII at balik alid ii	mand.
10.	Share capital		
		2018 £	2017 £
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		
	600 (2017 - 600) Ordinary shares of £0.01 each	6	6

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2018

11. Related party transactions

Directors of Cambridge Network Limited are drawn from shareholders and member organisations of Cambridge Network.

Some Cambridge Network directors are directors of other companies or shareholders who have paid both membership and Agri-Tech East membership fees during the year. Total membership income from any single member has not exceeded £30,000 for Cambridge Network and £5,000 for Agri-Tech East.

In addition, shareholders and companies whose directors are directors of Cambridge Network may have purchased training or recruitment services or sponsored events held by the Company during the year, with amounts ranging from £20 to £10,000.

12. Pension Commitments

Employees of the company are invited to participate in a stakeholder pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the company to the fund and amounted to £15,464 (2017 - £14,522). At the balance sheet date, £4,207 (2017 - £986) was due to the fund.

13. Controlling party

The company has no ultimate controlling party.