# **Financial Statements**

for the year ended

31 December 2020

for

The Salford Valve Company Ltd

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# The Salford Valve Company Ltd

# Company Information for the year ended 31 December 2020

**DIRECTORS:** T G Goldberg

Professor G G Ghavami Nasr

P A Martin P M Shaw R A Harris

**REGISTERED OFFICE:** Unit 11 Escrick Business Park

Escrick York

North Yorkshire YO19 6FD

**REGISTERED NUMBER:** 03371104 (England and Wales)

SENIOR STATUTORY AUDITOR: Robert Whitehead FCCA

AUDITORS: Clive Owen LLP

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditors

Oak Tree House, Harwood Road Northminster Business Park

Upper Poppleton

York

YO26 6QU

# Balance Sheet 31 December 2020

		2020		2019	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible assets	4		460,284		435,170
Tangible assets	5		82,570		26,998
S			542,854		462,168
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks		389		_	
Debtors	6	181,372		100,046	
Cash at bank		1,188,561		543,343	
		1,370,322	,	643,389	
CREDITORS		7 1-		,	
Amounts falling due within one year	7	147,199		132,268	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			1,223,123	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	511,121
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			1,765,977		973,289
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	9		1,936		1,578
Share premium			6,399,684		4,900,043
Retained earnings			(4,635,643)		(3,928,332)
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			1,765,977		973,289

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Profit and Loss Account has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 11 August 2021 and were signed on its behalf by:

P M Shaw - Director

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2020

## 1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

The Salford Valve Company Ltd is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

There were no material departures from that standard.

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are set out below and have remained unchanged from the previous year, and also have been consistently applied within the same accounts.

#### Going concern

The financial statements are prepared on the going concern basis which assumes that the company will continue to trade. The company has prepared forecasts for the twelve months following the date of the approval of these financial statements. The unexpected impact of Covid has delayed operations resulting in the forecasts showing the company's requirement to source additional funding. There can be no certainty in relation to these matters and this material uncertainty may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that would result from the failure to secure sufficient investment.

Positive discussions with investors indicate the company will be successful in raising the required finance and the directors are confident the necessary funds to meet the company's financial obligations into the foreseeable future will be secured.

#### Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

## Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially measured at cost. After initial recognition, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Patents are being amortised evenly over their estimated useful life of twenty years with patent renewals being amortised evenly over their estimated useful life of one year.

Trade marks are being amortised evenly over their estimated useful life of ten years.

Intellectual property is being amortised evenly over its estimated useful life of twenty years.

## Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its expected useful life. The rates applicable are:

Plant and machinery - 33% straight line Computer equipment - 33% straight line

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# Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31 December 2020

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

## Government grants

Capital based grants are credited to the profit and loss account in equal instalments, over the estimated useful life of the related asset.

Revenue based grants are credited to the profit and loss account on receipt.

#### Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items

### Financial instruments

Basic financial instruments are recognised at amortised cost with changes recognised in profit or loss.

#### **Taxation**

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

### Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

## Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

## 3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 7 (2019 - 6).

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# Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31 December 2020

# 4. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

			Other	
			intellectual	
		Patents &	property	
		trademarks	rights	Totals
		£	£	£
	COST			
	At 1 January 2020	426,811	173,309	600,120
	Additions	88,350	110	88,460
	Disposals	(4,659)		(4,659)
	At 31 December 2020	510,502	173,419	683,921
	AMORTISATION			
	At I January 2020	114,102	50,848	164,950
	Amortisation for year	54,675	8,671	63,346
	Eliminated on disposal	(4,659)		(4,659)
	At 31 December 2020	164,118	59,519	223,637
	NET BOOK VALUE			
	At 31 December 2020	346,384	113,900	460,284
	At 31 December 2019	312,709	122,461	435,170
5.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS			
		Plant and	Computer	
		machinery	equipment	Totals
		£	£	£
	COST			
	At 1 January 2020	82,636	13,425	96,061
	Additions	76,006	-	76,006
	Disposals	(6,402)	_	(6,402)
	At 31 December 2020	152,240	13,425	165,665
	DEPRECIATION			
	At 1 January 2020	61,082	7,981	69,063
	Charge for year	10,896	3,136	14,032
	At 31 December 2020	71,978	11,117	83,095
	NET BOOK VALUE			
	At 31 December 2020	80,262	2,308	82,570
	At 31 December 2019	21,554	5,444	<u>26,998</u>
	ACO COCCINOCI 2017			20,550

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# Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31 December 2020

6.	DEBTORS: AMOUNT	S FALLING DUE WI	ITHIN ONE YEAR		
				2020	2019
				£	£
	Trade debtors			17,777	12,210
	Other debtors			82,232	35,624
	VAT			16,022	31,676
	Prepayments and accrue	d income		65,341	20,536
				<u> 181,372</u>	100,046
7.	CREDITORS: AMOU	NTS FALLING DUE	WITHIN ONE VEAD		
1.	CREDITORS: AMOU	VISTALLING DEL	WITHIN ONE TEAK	2020	2019
				£	£
	Trade creditors			73,532	57,600
	Social security and other	taxes		8,993	8,624
	Other creditors			2,531	2,523
	Accrued expenses			62,143	63,521
	•			147,199	132,268
8.	LEASING AGREEME	NTS			
	Minimum lease payment	s under non-cancellable	e operating leases fall due as follows:		
				2020	2019
	***			£	£
	Within one year			13,772	18,668
	Between one and five ye	ars		<u>26,625</u>	42,896
				<u>40,397</u>	61,564
9.	CALLED UP SHARE	CAPITAL			
	Allotted, issued and fully	paid:			
	Number:	Class:	Nominal	2020	2019
			value:		
				£	£
	193,625	Ordinary	£0.01	1,936	1,578
		•		1,936	1,578
	There has been a share is	ssue during the year of .	35,856 £0.01 shares at a premium.		

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# Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31 December 2020

# 10. DISCLOSURE UNDER SECTION 444(5B) OF THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

The Report of the Auditors was unqualified.

# Material uncertainty in relation to going concern

We draw attention to the Going Concern section within note 2 to the financial statements (page 3) which indicates that the Company requires additional funding to continue its operations, however, additional funding is yet to be agreed. As stated in note 2, these events or conditions, along with the other matters as set forth in note 2 indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of our report.

Robert Whitehead FCCA (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Clive Owen LLP

# 11. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

	2020	2019
	${f \pounds}$	£
Contracted but not provided for in the		
financial statements	<u>39,750</u>	7,331

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.