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THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

A PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

THE ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF:

COMPASS UNDERWRITING LIMITED

Incorporated on the 12th day of March, 1997

(as adopted by written resolution passed 15th May, 2020)

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CONTENTS

CLAUSE

1.	INTERPRETATION	3
2.	UNANIMOUS DECISIONS	5
3.	CALLING A DIRECTORS' MEETING	5
4.	QUORUM FOR DIRECTORS' MEETINGS	5
5.	CASTING VOTE	6
6.	TRANSACTIONS OR OTHER ARRANGEMENTS WITH THE COMPANY	6
7.	DIRECTORS' CONFLICTS OF INTEREST	7
8.	RECORDS OF DECISIONS TO BE KEPT	9
9.	NUMBER OF DIRECTORS	9
10.	APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTORS	9
11.	APPOINTMENT AND REMOVAL OF ALTERNATE DIRECTORS	9
12.	RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF ALTERNATE DIRECTORS	10
13.	TERMINATION OF ALTERNATE DIRECTORSHIP	11
14.	[SECRETARY]	11
15.	PURCHASE OF OWN SHARES	11
16.	POLL VOTES	13
17.	PROXIES	13
18.	MEANS OF COMMUNICATION TO BE USED	13
19.	INDEMNITY	14
20.	INSURANCE	15

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INTRODUCTION

1. INTERPRETATION

1.1 In these Articles, unless the context otherwise requires:

Act: means the Companies Act 2006;

appointor: has the meaning given in article 11.1;

Articles: means the company's articles of association for the time being in force;

business day: means any day (other than a Saturday, Sunday or public holiday in the United Kingdom) on which clearing banks in the City of London are generally open for business;

Conflict: has the meaning given in article 7.1;

eligible director: means a director who would be entitled to vote on the matter at a meeting of directors (but excluding any director whose vote is not to be counted in respect of the particular matter); and

Model Articles: means the model articles for private companies limited by shares contained in Schedule 1 of the Companies (Model Articles) Regulations 2008 (SI 2008/3229) as amended prior to the date of adoption of these Articles.

1.2 Save as otherwise specifically provided in these Articles, words and expressions which have particular meanings in the Model Articles shall have the same meanings in these Articles, subject to which and unless the context otherwise requires, words and expressions which have particular meanings in the Act shall have the same meanings in these Articles.

- 1.3 Headings in these Articles are used for convenience only and shall not affect the construction or interpretation of these Articles.
- 1.4 A reference in these Articles to an "article" is a reference to the relevant article of these Articles unless expressly provided otherwise.
- 1.5 Unless expressly provided otherwise, a reference to a statute, statutory provision or subordinate legislation is a reference to it as it is in force from time to time, taking account of:
- 1.5.1 any subordinate legislation from time to time made under it; and
 - 1.5.2 any amendment or re-enactment and includes any statute, statutory provision or subordinate legislation which it amends or re-enacts.
- 1.6 Any phrase introduced by the terms "**including**", "**include**", "**in particular**" or any similar expression shall be construed as illustrative and shall not limit the sense of the words preceding those terms.
- 1.7 The Model Articles shall apply to the Company, except in so far as they are modified or excluded by these Articles.
- 1.8 Articles 8, 9(1), 11(2) and (3), 13, 14(1), (2), (3) and (4), 17(2), 44(2), 52 and 53 of the Model Articles shall not apply to the company.
- 1.9 Article 7 of the Model Articles shall be amended by:
- 1.9.1 the insertion of the words "for the time being" at the end of article 7(2)(a); and
 - 1.9.2 the insertion in article 7(2) of the words "(for so long as he remains the sole director)" after the words "and the director may".
- 1.10 Article 20 of the Model Articles shall be amended by the insertion of the words "(including alternate directors) and the secretary" before the words "properly incur".
- 1.11 In article 25(2)(c) of the Model Articles, the words "evidence, indemnity and the payment of a reasonable fee" shall be deleted and replaced with the words "evidence and indemnity".
- 1.12 Article 27(3) of the Model Articles shall be amended by the insertion of the words ", subject to article 10," after the word "But".
- 1.13 Article 29 of the Model Articles shall be amended by the insertion of the words ", or the name of any person(s) named as the transferee(s) in an instrument of transfer executed under article 28(2)," after the words "the transmittee's name".

- 1.14 Articles 31(a) to (d) (inclusive) of the Model Articles shall be amended by the deletion, in each case, of the words "either" and "or as the directors may otherwise decide".
- 1.15 The definition of "Subsidiary" in the Model Articles shall be amended by the addition of the following words "and a company shall be treated, for the purpose only of the membership requirement contained in subsections 1159(1)(b) and (c), as a member of another company even if its shares in that other company are registered in the name of (a) another person (or its nominee), whether by way of security or in connection with the taking of security, or (b) its nominee."

DIRECTORS

2. UNANIMOUS DECISIONS

- 2.1 A decision of the directors is taken in accordance with this article when all eligible directors indicate to each other by any means that they share a common view on a matter.
- 2.2 Such a decision may take the form of a resolution in writing, where each eligible director has signed one or more copies of it, or to which each eligible director has otherwise indicated agreement in writing.
- 2.3 A decision may not be taken in accordance with this article if the eligible directors would not have formed a quorum at such a meeting.

3. CALLING A DIRECTORS' MEETING

Any director may call a directors' meeting by giving not less than two business days' notice of the meeting (or such lesser notice as all the directors may agree) to the directors or by authorising the company secretary (if any) to give such notice.

4. QUORUM FOR DIRECTORS' MEETINGS

- 4.1 Subject to articles 4.2 and 4.4, the quorum for the transaction of business at a meeting of directors is any two eligible directors.
- 4.2 For the purposes of any meeting (or part of a meeting) held pursuant to article 7 to authorise a director's conflict, if there is only one eligible director in office other than the conflicted director(s), the quorum for such meeting (or part of a meeting) shall be one eligible director.
- 4.3 If and so long as there shall be only one director, article 7(2) of the Model Articles shall apply and he shall be entitled to exercise all the powers and shall carry out all the duties assigned to directors. In such instance, the quorum for the transaction of business shall be one director.

4.4 If the total number of directors in office for the time being is less than the quorum required, the directors must not take any decision other than a decision:

4.4.1 to appoint further directors; or

4.4.2 to call a general meeting so as to enable the shareholders to appoint further directors.

5. CASTING VOTE

5.1 If the numbers of votes for and against a proposal at a meeting of directors are equal, the chairman or other director chairing the meeting has a casting vote.

5.2 Article 5.1 shall not apply in respect of a particular meeting (or part of a meeting) if, in accordance with the Articles, the chairman or other director is not an eligible director for the purposes of that meeting (or part of a meeting).

6. TRANSACTIONS OR OTHER ARRANGEMENTS WITH THE COMPANY

Subject to sections 177(5) and 177(6) and sections 182(5) and 182(6) of the Act and provided he has declared the nature and extent of his interest in accordance with the requirements of the Act, a director who is in any way, whether directly or indirectly, interested in an existing or proposed transaction or arrangement with the company:

6.1.1 may be a party to, or otherwise interested in, any transaction or arrangement with the company or in which the company is otherwise (directly or indirectly) interested;

6.1.2 shall be an eligible director for the purposes of any proposed decision of the directors (or committee of directors) in respect of such contract or proposed contract in which he is interested;

6.1.3 shall be entitled to vote at a meeting of directors (or of a committee of the directors) or participate in any unanimous decision, in respect of such contract or proposed contract in which he is interested;

6.1.4 may act by himself or his firm in a professional capacity for the company (otherwise than as auditor) and he or his firm shall be entitled to remuneration for professional services as if he were not a director;

6.1.5 may be a director or other officer of, or employed by, or a party to a transaction or arrangement with, or otherwise interested in, any body corporate in which the company is otherwise (directly or indirectly) interested; and

- 6.1.6 shall not, save as he may otherwise agree, be accountable to the company for any benefit which he (or a person connected with him (as defined in section 252 of the Act)) derives from any such contract, transaction or arrangement or from any such office or employment or from any interest in any such body corporate and no such contract, transaction or arrangement shall be liable to be avoided on the grounds of any such interest or benefit nor shall the receipt of any such remuneration or other benefit constitute a breach of his duty under section 176 of the Act.

7. DIRECTORS' CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

- 7.1 The directors may, in accordance with the requirements set out in this article, authorise any matter or situation proposed to them by any director which would, if not authorised, involve a director breaching his duty under section 175 of the Act to avoid conflicts of interest (**Conflict**).
- 7.2 Any authorisation under this article will be effective only if:
- 7.2.1 the matter in question shall have been proposed by any director for consideration at a meeting of directors in the same way that any other matter may be proposed to the directors under the provisions of these Articles or in such other manner as the directors may determine;
 - 7.2.2 any requirement as to the quorum at the meeting of the directors at which the matter is considered is met without counting the director in question; and
 - 7.2.3 the matter was agreed to without his voting or would have been agreed to if his vote had not been counted.
- 7.3 Any authorisation of a Conflict under this article may (whether at the time of giving the authorisation or subsequently):
- 7.3.1 extend to any actual or potential conflict of interest which may reasonably be expected to arise out of the matter so authorised;
 - 7.3.2 be subject to such terms and for such duration, or impose such limits or conditions as the directors may determine; and
 - 7.3.3 be terminated or varied by the directors at any time.

This will not affect anything done by the director prior to such termination or variation in accordance with the terms of the authorisation.

7.4 In authorising a Conflict the directors may decide (whether at the time of giving the authorisation or subsequently) that if a director has obtained any information through his involvement in the Conflict otherwise than as a director of the Company and in respect of which he owes a duty of confidentiality to another person, the director is under no obligation to:

7.4.1 disclose such information to the directors or to any director or other officer or employee of the company; or

7.4.2 use or apply any such information in performing his duties as a director, where to do so would amount to a breach of that confidence.

7.5 Where the directors authorise a Conflict they may (whether at the time of giving the authorisation or subsequently) provide, without limitation, that the director:

7.5.1 is excluded from discussions (whether at meetings of directors or otherwise) related to the Conflict;

7.5.2 is not given any documents or other information relating to the Conflict; and

7.5.3 may or may not vote (or may or may not be counted in the quorum) at any future meeting of directors in relation to any resolution relating to the Conflict.

7.6 Where the directors authorise a Conflict:

7.6.1 the director will be obliged to conduct himself in accordance with any terms imposed by the directors in relation to the Conflict; and

7.6.2 the director will not infringe any duty he owes to the company by virtue of sections 171 to 177 of the Act provided he acts in accordance with such terms, limits and conditions (if any) as the directors impose in respect of its authorisation.

7.7 A director is not required, by reason of being a director (or because of the fiduciary relationship established by reason of being a director), to account to the Company for any remuneration, profit or other benefit which he derives from or in connection with a relationship involving a Conflict which has been authorised by the directors or by the Company in general meeting (subject in each case to any terms, limits or conditions attaching to that authorisation) and no contract shall be liable to be avoided on such grounds.

8. RECORDS OF DECISIONS TO BE KEPT

Where decisions of the directors are taken by electronic means, such decisions shall be recorded by the directors in permanent form, so that they may be read with the naked eye.

9. NUMBER OF DIRECTORS

Unless otherwise determined by ordinary resolution, the number of directors (other than alternate directors) shall not be subject to any maximum but shall not be less than one (who, if a sole director, must be a natural person in accordance with section 155 of the Act).

10. APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTORS

10.1 A member or members holding a majority in nominal value of the issued ordinary shares for the time being in the Company shall together have power from time to time and at any time to appoint any person or persons as a director or directors either as an additional director or directors or to fill any vacancy and to remove from office any director howsoever appointed. Any such appointment or removal shall be effected by an instrument in writing signed by the member or members making the same or, in the case of a member being a corporation, signed by one of its directors on its behalf, and shall take effect upon receipt (including by facsimile) at the registered office of the Company.

10.2 In any case where, as a result of death or bankruptcy, the company has no shareholders and no directors, the transmittee(s) of the last shareholder to have died or to have a bankruptcy order made against him (as the case may be) have the right, by notice in writing, to appoint a natural person (including a transmittee who is a natural person), who is willing to act and is permitted to do so, to be a director.

11. APPOINTMENT AND REMOVAL OF ALTERNATE DIRECTORS

11.1 Any director (**appointor**) may appoint as an alternate any other director, or any other person approved by resolution of the directors, to:

11.1.1 exercise that director's powers; and

11.1.2 carry out that director's responsibilities,

in relation to the taking of decisions by the directors, in the absence of the alternate's appointor.

11.2 Any appointment or removal of an alternate must be effected by notice in writing to the company signed by the appointor, or in any other manner approved by the directors.

11.3 The notice must:

- 11.3.1 identify the proposed alternate; and
- 11.3.2 in the case of a notice of appointment, contain a statement signed by the proposed alternate that the proposed alternate is willing to act as the alternate of the director giving the notice.

12. RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF ALTERNATE DIRECTORS

12.1 An alternate director may act as alternate director to more than one director and has the same rights in relation to any decision of the directors as the alternate's appointor.

12.2 Except as the Articles specify otherwise, alternate directors:

- 12.2.1 are deemed for all purposes to be directors;
- 12.2.2 are liable for their own acts and omissions;
- 12.2.3 are subject to the same restrictions as their appointors; and
- 12.2.4 are not deemed to be agents of or for their appointors

and, in particular (without limitation), each alternate director shall be entitled to receive notice of all meetings of directors and of all meetings of committees of directors of which his appointor is a member.

12.3 A person who is an alternate director but not a director:

- 12.3.1 may be counted as participating for the purposes of determining whether a quorum is present (but only if that person's appointor is not participating);
- 12.3.2 may participate in a decision of the directors (but only if his appointor is an eligible director in relation to that decision, but does not participate); and

12.4 A director who is also an alternate director is entitled, in the absence of his appointor, to a separate vote on behalf of his appointor, in addition to his own vote on any decision of the directors (provided that his appointor is an eligible director in relation to that decision), but shall not count as more than one director for the purposes of determining whether a quorum is present.

12.5 An alternate director may be paid expenses and may be indemnified by the company to the same extent as his appointor but shall not be entitled to receive any remuneration from the company for serving as an alternate director except such part

of the alternate's appointor's remuneration as the appointor may direct by notice in writing made to the company.

13. **TERMINATION OF ALTERNATE DIRECTORSHIP**

An alternate director's appointment as an alternate terminates:

- 13.1.1 when the alternate's appointor revokes the appointment by notice to the company in writing specifying when it is to terminate;
- 13.1.2 on the occurrence, in relation to the alternate, of any event which, if it occurred in relation to the alternate's appointor, would result in the termination of the appointor's appointment as a director;
- 13.1.3 on the death of the alternate's appointor; or
- 13.1.4 when the alternate's appointor's appointment as a director terminates.

14. **SECRETARY**

The directors may appoint any person who is willing to act as the secretary for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as they may think fit and from time to time remove such person and, if the directors so decide, appoint a replacement, in each case by a decision of the directors.

SHARES

15. **PURCHASE OF OWN SHARES**

Subject to the Act but without prejudice to any other provision of these Articles, the Company may purchase its own shares with cash provided that that the amount to be paid, together with all other amounts paid to purchase shares in the Company in that financial year (excluding payments out of capital, distributable profits or the proceeds of a fresh issue of shares in accordance with the Act) does not exceed the lower of:

- (a) £15,000; and
- (b) the value of 5% of the Company's share capital.

15A. **SHARE CAPITAL AND RIGHTS ATTACHING TO SHARES**

- 15A.1 The share capital of the Company is £5,000,000 divided into (i) 4,324,910 ordinary shares of £1 each ("**Ordinary Shares**") and (ii) 675,090 B ordinary shares of £1 each ("**B Shares**"), of which (i) 3,224,910 Ordinary Shares and (ii) 675,090 B Shares are in issue at the time of adoption of these Articles. Save as provided by

this Article 15A, the Ordinary Shares and the B Shares shall rank equally in all respects.

- 15A.2 The rights and restrictions attaching to the Ordinary Shares and the B Shares shall be as follows:

Income

- 15A.2.1 The Ordinary Shares shall have full rights to any dividends or other distributions of income. For the avoidance of doubt, as regards income the Ordinary Shares shall rank equally amongst themselves.
- 15A.2.2 The B Shares shall have no rights to dividends or other distributions of income.

Capital

- 15A.2.3 On any return of capital (including on winding up or a sale of the share capital of the Company), any such return shall be distributed in the following order of priorities:
- 15A.2.3.1 pro rata per share among the Ordinary Shares and the B Shares up to a return per share of the nominal value of such share;
- 15A.2.3.2 in the event of any surplus following the application of Article 15A.2.3.1, the Ordinary Shares shall have the entitlement to the entirety of any such surplus on a return of capital (including on winding up or a sale of the share capital of the Company) (pro rata amongst themselves in respect of any such distribution).
- 15A.2.4 Save as provided in Article 15A.2.3.1, the B Shares shall have no entitlement to any return of capital (including on winding up or a sale of the share capital of the Company).

Voting

15A.2.5 The Ordinary Shares shall all have the right to receive notice of all general meetings of the Company and to attend, speak at and vote at such meetings either in person or by proxy, and all rights to vote on any members' resolution proposed in written form. On a poll, every member holding an Ordinary Share shall have one vote in respect of every such Ordinary Share.

15A.2.6 The B Shares shall have no rights to receive notice of, attend or speak at any general meetings of the Company or to attend or to vote at such meetings, or to vote on any members' resolution proposed in written form.

DECISION MAKING BY SHAREHOLDERS

16. POLL VOTES

16.1 A poll may be demanded at any general meeting by any qualifying person (as defined in section 318 of the Act) present and entitled to vote at the meeting.

16.2 Article 44(3) of the Model Articles shall be amended by the insertion of the words "A demand so withdrawn shall not invalidate the result of a show of hands declared before the demand was made" as a new paragraph at the end of that article.

17. PROXIES

17.1 Article 45(1)(d) of the Model Articles shall be deleted and replaced with the words "is delivered to the company in accordance with the Articles not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the right to vote is to be exercised and in accordance with any instructions contained in the notice of the general meeting (or adjourned meeting) to which they relate".

17.2 Article 45(1) of the Model Articles shall be amended by the insertion of the words "and a proxy notice which is not delivered in such manner shall be invalid, unless the directors, in their discretion, accept the notice at any time before the meeting" as a new paragraph at the end of that article.

ADMINISTRATIVE ARRANGEMENTS

18. MEANS OF COMMUNICATION TO BE USED

18.1 Any notice, document or other information shall be deemed served on or delivered to the intended recipient:

- 18.1.1 if properly addressed and sent by prepaid United Kingdom first class post to an address in the United Kingdom, 48 hours after it was posted (or five business days after posting either to an address outside the United Kingdom or from outside the United Kingdom to an address within the United Kingdom, if (in each case) sent by reputable international overnight courier addressed to the intended recipient, provided that delivery in at least five business days was guaranteed at the time of sending);
- 18.1.2 if properly addressed and delivered by hand, when it was given or left at the appropriate address;
- 18.1.3 if properly addressed and sent or supplied by electronic means, one hour after the document or information was sent or supplied; and
- 18.1.4 if sent or supplied by means of a website, when the material is first made available on the website or (if later) when the recipient receives (or is deemed to have received) notice of the fact that the material is available on the website.

For the purposes of this article, no account shall be taken of any part of a day that is not a working day.

- 18.2 In proving that any notice, document or other information was properly addressed, it shall be sufficient to show that the notice, document or other information was delivered to an address permitted for the purpose by the Act.

19. **INDEMNITY**

- 19.1 Subject to article 19.2, but without prejudice to any indemnity to which a relevant officer is otherwise entitled:

- 19.1.1 each relevant officer shall be indemnified out of the company's assets against all costs, charges, losses, expenses and liabilities incurred by him as a relevant officer:

- 19.1.1.1 in the actual or purported execution and/or discharge of his duties, or in relation to them; and

- 19.1.1.2 in relation to the company's (or any associated company's) activities as trustee of an occupational pension scheme (as defined in section 235(6) of the Act),

including (in each case) any liability incurred by him in defending any civil or criminal proceedings, in which judgment is given in his favour or

in which he is acquitted or the proceedings are otherwise disposed of without any finding or admission of any material breach of duty on his part or in connection with any application in which the court grants him, in his capacity as a relevant officer, relief from liability for negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust in relation to the company's (or any associated company's) affairs; and

19.1.2 the Company may provide any relevant officer with funds to meet expenditure incurred or to be incurred by him in connection with any proceedings or application referred to in article 19.1.1 and otherwise may take any action to enable any such relevant officer to avoid incurring such expenditure.

19.2 This article does not authorise any indemnity which would be prohibited or rendered void by any provision of the Companies Acts or by any other provision of law.

19.3 In this article:

19.3.1 companies are associated if one is a subsidiary of the other or both are subsidiaries of the same body corporate; and

19.3.2 a "relevant officer" means any director or other officer or former director or other officer of the company or an associated company (including any company which is a trustee of an occupational pension scheme (as defined by section 235(6) of the Act), but excluding in each case any person engaged by the company (or associated company) as auditor (whether or not he is also a director or other officer), to the extent he acts in his capacity as auditor).

20. **INSURANCE**

20.1 The directors may decide to purchase and maintain insurance, at the expense of the company, for the benefit of any relevant officer in respect of any relevant loss.

20.2 In this article:

20.2.1 a "relevant officer" means any director or other officer or former director or other officer of the company or an associated company (including any company which is a trustee of an occupational pension scheme (as defined by section 235(6) of the Act), but excluding in each case any person engaged by the company (or associated company) as auditor (whether or not he is also a director or other officer), to the extent he acts in his capacity as auditor);

- 20.2.2 a "relevant loss" means any loss or liability which has been or may be incurred by a relevant officer in connection with that relevant officer's duties or powers in relation to the company, any associated company or any pension fund or employees' share scheme of the company or associated company; and
- 20.2.3 companies are associated if one is a subsidiary of the other or both are subsidiaries of the same body corporate.