The insolvency Act 1986

Liquidator's Statement of Receipts and Payments Pursuant to Section 192 of The Insolvency Act 1986 S.192

To the Registrar of Companies

For Official Use

Company Number

03224413

Name of Company

UK Highways Services Limited

I / We Peter John Forsey AMP House Dingwall Road Croydon Surrey CR0 2LX

the liquidator(s) of the company attach a copy of my/our statement of receipts and payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Signed ___

awo

Date 10 03 2011

RSM Tenon Recovery AMP House Dingwall Road Croydon Surrey CR0 2LX

Ref 4050571/PJF/TEB/KAW

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11/03/2011 COMPANIES HOUSE

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Statement of Receipts and Payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of Company

UK Highways Services Limited

Company Registered Number

03224413

State whether members' or creditors' voluntary winding up

Members

Date of commencement of winding up

03 March 2008

Date to which this statement is

brought down

02 March 2011

Name and Address of Liquidator

Peter John Forsey AMP House Dingwall Road Croydon Surrey

NOTES

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms. The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies

Form and Contents of Statement

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold etc., and the account of disbursements should contain all payments of costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on page 5 of the form. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such, nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively.

Trading Account

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the total of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement

Dividends

- (3) When dividends, instalments of compositions, etc. are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc. actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum, and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor, and the amount of dividend, etc payable to each creditor or contributory.
- (4) When unclaimed dividends, etc. are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.
- (5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules

Liquidator's statement of account

under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Real	sations
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Date	Of whom received	Nature of assets realised	Amount
		Brought Forward	1,263,484 48
06/09/2010 05/11/2010 08/11/2010	Bank Interest - Gross Bank Interest - Gross Bank Interest Gross	Bank Interest Bank Interest Bank Interest	348 91 337 67 316 34
27/01/2011 14/02/2011	N Power HM Revenue & Customs	Trade Creditors Vat Control Account	130 71 2,587 61
			:
		Carried Forward	1,267,205 72

To whom naid	Nature of dishursements	Amoun
To whom paid		458,671 0
Spansa I td		270 6
		1,068 5
		186 9
		1,098 5
		192 2
		3,080 5
		539 (
		2,148 8
		6,799 (
Bank of Ireland	Bank Charges	23 (
	Spensa Ltd RSM Tenon RSM Tenon RSM Tenon RSM Tenon RSM Tenon RSM Tenon HMRC Shabol & Co Bank of Ireland	Spensa Ltd RSM Tenon RSM T

Analysis of balance

Total realisations Total disbursements		£ 1,267,205 72 474,078 40
	Balance £	793,127 32
This balance is made up as follows		
1 Cash in hands of liquidator		0 00
2 Balance at bank		793,127 32
3 Amount in Insolvency Services Account		0 00
	£	
4 Amounts invested by liquidator	0 00	
Less The cost of investments realised	0 00	
Balance		0 00
5 Accrued Items		0 00
Total Balance as shown above	,	793,127 32

NOTE - Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement

The Liquidator should also state -

(1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up

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Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured creditors	
including the holders of floating charges)	1,233,000 00
Liabilities - Fixed charge creditors	0 00
Floating charge holders	0 00
Preferential creditors	0 00
Unsecured creditors	709,000 00

(2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the commencement of the winding up -

Paid up in cash
Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash
0 00

(3) The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet)

None

(4) Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded

Negotiations with final unsecured creditor with respect to their claim

(5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed

6-12 months