

# Trinity Court Management York Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements  
for the Year Ended 31 May 2023

# TRINITY COURT MANAGEMENT YORK LIMITED

## Balance Sheet as at 31 May 2023

	Note	2023 £	2022 £
<b>Current assets</b>			
Debtors	<u>4</u>	3,769	3,041
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>32,276</u>	<u>31,636</u>
		36,045	34,677
<b>Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year</b>	<u>5</u>	<u>(3,634)</u>	<u>(8,620)</u>
<b>Net assets</b>		<u>32,411</u>	<u>26,057</u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>			
Retained earnings		<u>32,411</u>	<u>26,057</u>
Shareholders' funds		<u>32,411</u>	<u>26,057</u>

For the financial year ending 31 May 2023 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 10 November 2023 and signed on its behalf by:

Mr William George Swales - Director  
Trinity Court Management York Limited (Registered number: 03160485)

# **TRINITY COURT MANAGEMENT YORK LIMITED**

## **Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2023**

### **1 General information**

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England.

The address of its registered office is:  
Mudd & Co Block Management  
5 Peckitt Street  
York  
YO1 9SF  
England

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 10 November 2023.

### **2 Accounting policies**

#### **Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates**

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### **Statement of compliance**

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A smaller entities - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006 (as applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime).

#### **Basis of preparation**

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

#### **Revenue recognition**

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;  
it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;  
and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

#### **Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

# TRINITY COURT MANAGEMENT YORK LIMITED

## Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2023

### Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

### Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

### 3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year, was 0 (2022 - 0).

### 4 Debtors

	2023	2022
	£	£
Current		
Prepayments	3,769	2,662
Other debtors	-	379
	<u>3,769</u>	<u>3,041</u>

### 5 Creditors

#### Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	Note	2023	2022
		£	£
Due within one year			
Trade creditors		199	378
Other creditors		2,733	7,607
Accrued expenses		<u>702</u>	<u>635</u>
		<u>3,634</u>	<u>8,620</u>

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.