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RAYMOND JAMES FINANCIAL INTERNATIONAL LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 3127076)

Directors' Report and Accounts Year Ended 28 September 2001



Raymond James I mancial International United

Directors' Report

Year Ended 28 September 2001

The Directors submit to the Shareholders their report and accounts for the year ended 28-September 2001.

Principal Activities and Business Review

The principal activity of the company is stockbroking generating commission income. The company also earns income arising from interest on its cash and investment balances.

Payment of creditors

The company pays its creditors in accordance with their agreed terms of business. This includes monthly payments of commission expense to the agents.

Directors

The Directors who served for the whole year, are:

P Steinhauser

R Shuck

T Franke

J Trocin

There are no disclosable directors' interests under Section 324 of the Companies Act 1985.

Directors' Responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- > make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent.
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 relating to small companies.

Raymond lames Financial Intermional Limited

Directors' Report

Year Ended 28 September 2001

Dividends

The directors do not propose a dividend.

Auditors

A resolution to reappoint PricewaterhouseCoopers as auditors to the company will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting.

By order of the Board

20 December 2001

14 Finsbury Square London EC 2A 1BR



Authors' report to the members of Raymond James Financial International Limited

We have audited the financial statements on pages 4 to 8 which have been prepared under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out on page 6.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report, including as described on page 1 the financial statements, in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards. Our responsibilities, as independent auditors, are established in the United Kingdom by statute, the Auditing Practices Board and our profession's ethical guidance.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions is not disclosed.

We read the other information contained in the Annual Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the financial statements.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs at 28 September 2001 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

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London

20 December 2001.

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Profit and Loss Account

Year Ended 28 September 2001

•		*			2001	2000:
e .				Note	USD	USD
				1 12 1		
Tumover		•		1	4,301,95 2	3,780,617
Cost of sales:				1:	(3,398,389)	(3,122,547)
Gross profit		*			903,563	658,070
			*.			
Administrative expen	nses				(713,299)	(338,235)
Operating profit					190,264	319,835
•	•				· .	
Interest receivable				-	35,824	25,487
Interest payable to	group undertakings				(24,784)	(26,321)
		•				
Profit on ordinary ac	ctivities before taxati	on		2.	201,304	319,001
Tax on profit on ordi	inany activities			6	(90,589)	(106,464)
Tax of profit of ord	mary activities			J	(30,503)	(100,404)
······································						به اداره ۱۹۰۱ بدین در سرده شد سده ساخه _{استا} ر و د
Profit after taxation	on ordinary activities	5		5, 7	110,715	212,537

The company has no recognised gains or losses other than the results for the year as set out above.

All of the activities of the company are classed as continuing.

The notes on pages 6 to 8 form part of these accounts.

Paymond James Financial International Limited

Balance Sheet for the Year Ended 28 September 2001

		20 01	2000
	Note	USD	USD
	•	·	
Current assets	· ·		
Cash at bank	•	503,733	503,733
Short term investment		913,009	722,185
Amounts owed by group undertakings		8,846	
Prepayments		337	7,945
		1,425,925	1,233,863
Creditors – Amounts falling due within one year			
Amounts owed to group undertakings		(296,340)	(6,988)
Accruals		(90,543)	(283,049)
UK Corporation Tax		(61,187)	(103,423)
		(448,070)	(393,460)
Net current assets		977,855	840,403
Creditors - Amounts falling due after more than one year			
Amounts owed to group undertakings	4	(317,295)	(290,558)
Net assets		660,560	549,845
Capital and reserves		-	
Called up share capital	5	78,843	78,843
Share premium account	5	249,917	249,917
Profit and loss account	5.	331,800	221,085
	*.		

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 20 December 2001 and signed on their behalf by

J. Troćin Director

The notes on pages 6 to 7 form part of these accounts.

Raymond James Financial International Limited

Notes to the Accounts
Year Ended 28 September 2004:

1. Principal Accounting Policies

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards. The company is exempt under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 8 from disclosing related party transactions with group entities.

Turnover

Turnover constitutes commission income generated from stockbroking activities, which is recognised at trade date.

Cost of sales

Cost of sales constitutes commission expense payable to the agents and clearing costs payable to Raymond James and Associates, Inc.

Interest income

Interest income is received from Heritage Cash Trust, a fund administered by a wholly owned subsidiary of Raymond James Financial, Inc.

Cash Flow statement

The directors have taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard 1(revised 1996) from including a cash flow statement in the financial statements on the grounds that the company is wholly owned and its parent publishes a consolidated cash flow statement.

Deferred Taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date, where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. A deferred tax asset is only recognised to the extent that it is regarded as recoverable. Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis. The directors do not believe that there are any such timing differences at the balance sheet date.

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Notes to the Accounts

Year Ended 28 September 2001

2. profit on ordinary activities before taxation

Y		2001	2000
		USD	USD
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation is after charging:			
Auditors' remuneration			
- Audit	•	24,630	24,630
- Non-audit services		-	7,370

3. Directors Remuneration and Staff Costs

The directors are employees of other member companies (Raymond James Financial, Inc. and Raymond James and Associates, Inc.) and are paid by those principal employers.

The directors receive no remuneration for performance of their duties as directors.

4. Subordinated loan

The subordinated loan of USD 250,000 was obtained from the immediate parent company, for the period of five years. The accrued interest is due on the loan repayment date. Both the loan and accrued interest are payable on demand on not less than five years notice.

5. Share Capital and Reserves

The authorised and issued share capital is 1,000 ordinary shares of GBP 50 each

	•	Called up Share Capital	Share Premium Account	Profit and loss Account
	~	USD	USD	USD
At 29 September 2000		78,843	249,917	221,085
Profit for the year				110,715
At 28 September 2001	e de la companya de l	78,843	249,917	331,800

Raymond James ancial International Latited

Notes to the Accounts
Year Ended 28 September 2001

Taxation on the Profit for the Year

The charge in the profit and loss account, based on Corporation Tax rate of 30% (2000: 35%) is represented by:

• .	•	. 2001	2000
		USD	USD
Current tax:		•	
UK Corporation tax on profits of the period		65,113	116,650
Adjustment in respect of previous periods.		25,476	(10,186)

7. Reconciliation of Movements in Shareholders' Funds

	2001	2000
	USD	USD
Opening shareholders' funds	549,845	337,308
Profit for the year	110,715	212,537
Issue of share capital		-
Closing shareholders' funds	660,560	549,845

8. Parent Companies

The immediate parent company is Raymond James International Holdings, Inc. The ultimate parent company is Raymond James Financial, Inc. registered in the United States (Florida). Group accounts in respect of these companies may be obtained from the Company Secretary 14 Finsbury Square, London EC2A 1BR.

