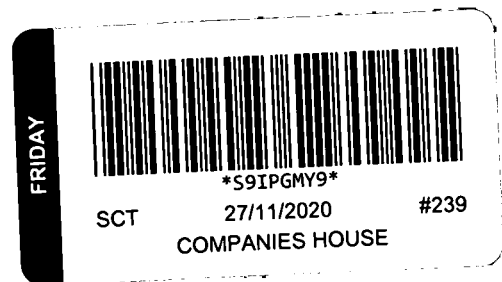


**CYRIL JOHN LIMITED**

**UNAUDITED FINANCIAL  
STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020**

**PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR**



# **CYRIL JOHN LIMITED**

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# CYRIL JOHN LIMITED

## BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MARCH 2020

	Notes	2020 £	£	2019 £	£
<b>Current assets</b>					
Debtors	3	1,249,126		1,249,126	
<b>Net current assets</b>			<u>1,249,126</u>		<u>1,249,126</u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>					
Called up share capital	4		100		100
Profit and loss reserves			<u>1,249,026</u>		<u>1,249,026</u>
<b>Total equity</b>			<u>1,249,126</u>		<u>1,249,126</u>

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

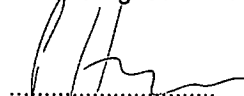
For the financial year ended 31 March 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 480 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to dormant companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 29 October 2020 and are signed on its behalf by:



P Howieson  
Director

Company Registration No. 03109127

# CYRIL JOHN LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

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### 1 Accounting policies

#### Company information

Cyril John Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Unit 9, Mercury Orion Way, Orion Business Park, TYNE AND WEAR, NE29 7SN.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

#### 1.2 Going concern

The accounts have not been prepared on a going concern basis. The company has made all adjustments necessary to ensure that assets are recorded at an appropriate recoverable amount which is amortised cost. Accordingly, the directors are satisfied that there are no adjustments required to the carrying value of assets necessary to reflect the fact that the company is not continuing as a going concern.

#### 1.3 Profit and loss account

The company has not traded during the year or the preceding financial period. During this time the company received no income and incurred no expenditure and therefore no Profit and loss account is presented in these financial statements.

#### 1.4 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include certain debtors, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

# CYRIL JOHN LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

##### **Impairment of financial assets**

Financial assets are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting end date.

Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows have been affected. If an asset is impaired, the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in the profit and loss account.

If there is a decrease in the impairment loss arising from an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the impairment is reversed. The reversal is such that the current carrying amount does not exceed what the carrying amount would have been, had the impairment not previously been recognised. The impairment reversal is recognised in the profit and loss account.

##### **Classification of financial liabilities**

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

#### 1.5 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

#### 2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons employed by the company during the year was 0 (2019 - 0).

#### 3 Debtors

	2020	2019
	£	£
<b>Amounts falling due within one year:</b>		
Amounts owed by group undertakings	1,249,126	1,249,126

#### 4 Called up share capital

	2020	2019
	£	£
<b>Ordinary share capital</b>		
<b>Issued and fully paid</b>		
71 Ordinary A shares of £1 each	71	71
24 Ordinary B shares of £1 each	24	24
5 Ordinary C shares of £1 each	5	5
	100	100

# **CYRIL JOHN LIMITED**

## **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020**

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### **5 Financial commitments, guarantees and contingent liabilities**

The company has provided cross guarantees to its bankers in respect of amounts due from other related companies amounting to £1,084,282 (2019: £2,655,279).

### **6 Related party transactions**

#### **Transactions with related parties**

The company has taken advantage of the exemption available in FRS 102 1A whereby it has not disclosed transactions with the immediate parent or any wholly owned subsidiary undertaking of the group.

### **7 Parent company**

The parent company of Cyril John Limited is Bell Group UK Limited, a company registered in Scotland; whose registered address is Bell Business Park, Rochsolloch Road, Airdrie, ML6 9BG.

Bell Group UK Limited is the largest and smallest company which prepares consolidated financial statements.