PROPRIUS LIMITED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016 PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR

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COMPANY INFORMATION

Director

Mr P.O. Emanuelsson

Secretary

Mr P.O. Emanuelsson

Company number

03033247

Registered office

Flat 3 The Gate House

1 Uxbridge Street

London W8 7TQ

Accountants

Hazlems Fenton LLP Chartered Accountants Palladium House 1-4 Argyll Street

London W1F 7LD

Business address

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1 Uxbridge Street

London W8 7TQ

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BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2016

	20			2015	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Current assets					
Debtors	. 2	3,602		2	
Cash at bank and in hand		30,104		32,533	
		33,706	,	32,535	
Creditors: amounts falling due within	3	33,700		32,000	
one year		(33,213)		(32,854)	
Net current assets/(liabilities)		·	493		(319)
			**	•	
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	4	•	2		2
Profit and loss reserves			491 մ		(321)
Total equity			493		(319)
•			· ·		

The director of the company has elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 December 2016 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on ...19.6.2017

Mr P.O. Emanuelsson

Director

Company Registration No. 03033247

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

	Share capital	Profit and loss reserves	Total
• .	£	£	£
Balance at 1 January 2015	. 2	(265)	(263)
Year ended 31 December 2015:	-		
Loss and total comprehensive income for the year		(56)	(56)
Balance at 31 December 2015	2	(321)	(319)
Year ended 31 December 2016:			
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year		812	812
Della con et 24 December 2040		404	400
Balance at 31 December 2016	2	491 ——	493 ———
			

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Proprius Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Flat 3 The Gate House, 1 Uxbridge Street, London, W8 7TQ.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

These financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016 are the first financial statements of Proprius Limited prepared in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland. The date of transition to FRS 102 was 1 January 2015. The reported financial position and financial performance for the previous period are not affected by the transition to FRS 102.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for services net of VAT.

1.3 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.4 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

Accounting policies

(Continued)

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.5 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

2	De	btors
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	Amounts falling due within one year:	2016 £	2015 £
	Trade debtors Other debtors	3,600 2	2
		3,602	2
3	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2016 £	2015 £
	Other taxation and social security Other creditors	314 32,899	6 [.] 32,848
		33,213	32,854
4	Called up share capital	2016	2015
	Ordinary share capital	£ .	£
	Issued and fully paid 2 Ordinary shares of £1 each	. 2	2
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