Registered number: 02961334 England and Wales

## HOME DEPOT (U.K.) LIMITED

## DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

\*L8X0IDQQ\*
LD4 29/01/2020 #19
COMPANIES HOUSE



#### **COMPANY INFORMATION**

**Directors** 

I Janci (appointed 14 December 2018) D Steele (appointed 15 April 2019) R McPhail (appointed 31 August 2019)

Company secretary D Steele

Registered number. 02961334

**England and Wales** 

Registered office **BDO LLP** 

**Thames Tower** Station Road Reading Berkshire RG1 1LX

Independent auditors Wilkins Kennedy Audit Services

2nd Floor Regis House

45 King William Street

London United Kingdom EC4R 9AN

#### CONTENTS .

	Page
Directors' Report	, <b>1 - 2</b> →
Independent Auditors' Report	3 - 5
Profit and Loss Account	<b>6</b> .
Balance Sheet	· 7
Statement of Changes in Equity	∃ <b>8</b> °
Notes to the Financial Statements	9 - 15

### DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements of Home Depot (U.K.) Limited (the "Company") for the year ended 31 December 2018.

#### **Principal activity**

The principal activity of the Company during the year was that of procurement services to Home Depot Services LLC and other entities in the group of companies controlled by The Home Depot ("The Home Depot Group").

#### **Directors**

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signing the financial statements were as follows:

C L B Tome (resigned 31 August 2019) J J Hunter (resigned 15 April 2019) S Bomar (resigned 14 December 2018) I Janci (appointed 14 December 2018) D Steele (appointed 15 April 2019) R McPhail (appointed 31 August 2019)

#### Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the audited financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare audited financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the audited financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period.

In preparing these audited financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the Company's financial statements and then apply them
  consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the audited financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the audited financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

### DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

#### Disclosure of information to auditors

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' Report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information.

#### **Auditors**

During the year, Moore Stephens LLP resigned as auditor and Wilkins Kennedy Audit Services was appointed as auditor. Wilkins Kennedy has indicated their willingness to continue in office, and will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

This report was approved by the board and signed on its behalf.

Isabel C. Janci Director

Date: January 28, 2020



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF HOME DEPOT (U.K.) LIMITED

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Home Depot (U.K.) Limited (the 'company') for the year ended 31 December 2018 which comprise the profit and loss account, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2018 and of its profit for the year then ended
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may
  cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of
  accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are
  authorised for issue.

#### Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the Directors' report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF HOME DEPOT (U.K.) LIMITED (CONTINUED)

#### Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are
  prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors are not entitled to take advantage of the small companies exemption from the requirements
  to prepare a strategic report.

#### Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement set out on pages 1 to 2, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF HOME DEPOT (U.K.) LIMITED (CONTINUED)

#### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Anil Kapoor (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of Wilkins Kennedy Audit Services,

Williams Kennedy Aucht Services

Statutory Auditor

2nd Floor

Regis House

45 King William Street

London

United Kingdom

EC4R 9AN

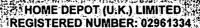
28 January 2020

#### PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

	Note	2018 €	201.7 €
Turnover	4	644,536	601,326
Gross profit		644,536	601,326
Administrative expenses		(590,490)	(549,374)
Operating profit	-5	54,046	51,952
Interest receivable and similar income		2	163
Profit before taxation		54,048	52,115
Taxation on profit	8	(11,570)	(9,467)
Profit for the financial year		42,478	42,648

There was no other comprehensive income for 2018 (2017:€NIL).

The notes on pages 9 to 15 form part of these financial statements.



#### BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2018

	Note		2018 €		2017 €
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	9	945		456	
Cash at bank and in hand	10	469,560		426,892	
	•	470,505	. <del>-</del>	427,348	:
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	11	(321,722)		(321,043)	
Net current assets	•	·	148,783		106,305
Total assets less current liabilities			148,783	_	106,305
Total Net assets		-	148,783	-	106,305
Capital and reserves		_	-	. –	
Called up share capital	12,13		1,636		1,636
Profit and loss account	13		147,147		104,669
Total shareholders' funds		-	148,783	-	106,305

The Company's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

Isabel C. Janci Director

Date: January 28, 2020

The notes on pages 9 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

	Called up share capital	Profit and loss account	Total shareholders' funds
	€	€	€
At 1 January 2018	1,636	104,669	106,305
Comprehensive income for the year			
Profit for the year	<del>.</del>	42,478	42,478
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	42,478	42,478
At 31 December 2018	1,636	147,147	148,783

The notes on pages 9 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

	Called up share capital	Profit and loss account	Total shareholders' funds
	€	. •	·€
At 1 January 2017	1,636	62,021	63,657
Comprehensive income for the year			
Profit for the year	•	42,648	42,648
Total comprehensive Income for the year		42,648	42,648
At 31 December 2017	-	-	<del>-</del>
At 31 December 2017	1,636	104,669	106,305

The notes on pages 9 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

#### 1. General information

Home Depot (UK) Limited ("the Company"), is a private Company, limited by shares, incorporated in England and Wales (registration number 02961334). The address of it's registered office is Thames Tower, Station Road, Reading, Berkshire RG1 1LX.

#### 2. Accounting policies

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102. The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland, ("FRS 102") and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of the financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the Company's accounting policies (see note 3).

#### 2.2 Financial reporting standard 102 - reduced disclosure exemption

The Company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions in preparing these financial statements, as permitted by FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland":

- the requirements of Section 4 Statement of Financial Position paragraph 4.12(a)(iv) and note to prepare a reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding at the beginning and end of the year;
- the requirements of Section 3 Financial Statement Presentation paragraph 3:17(d) and the requirements of Section 7 Statement of Cash Flows, not to prepare a statement of cash flows;
- the requirements of Section 26 Share-based Payment paragraphs 26.18(b), 26.19 to 26.21 and 26.23, not to disclose the weighted average number of shares and exercise price;
- the requirements of Section 11 Basic Financial Instruments paragraphs 11.41(b) and 11.41(e) not to disclose financial assets and financial liabilities at amortised cost.
- the requirements of Section 33 Related Party Disclosures paragraph 33.7, not to disclose key management personnel compensation in total.

This information is included in the consolidated financial statements of Home Depot Inc. Limited as at 31 December 2018 and these financial statements may be obtained from 2455 Paces Ferry Road, Atlanta, Georgia 20339-4024, USA.

#### 2.3 Going concern

After reviewing the Company's forecasts and projections, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. The Company therefore continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing its financial statements.

#### 2.4 Revenue

Turnover represents amounts receivable for services from other entities in The Home Depot Group and relates to services provided in Europe. Revenue is calculated based on a 10% mark up of costs incurred by Home Depot (U.K.) Limited.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.5 Foreign currency translation

#### Functional and presentation currency

The Company's functional and presentational currency is Euros.

#### Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

Exchange rate differences are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

#### 2.6 Restricted stock

The Company is part of a group share based payment scheme involving the issue of restricted stock units to employees. When restricted stock units are granted to employees the fair value of those units is charged to the profit or loss evenly over the period from the grant date to the date on which the units vest.

#### 2.7 Pensions

#### Defined contribution pension plan

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Profit or Loss Account when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Balance Sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

#### 2.8 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in the profit or loss using the effective interest method.

#### 2.9 Taxation

Tax is recognised in the profit or loss, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.10 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like cash at bank, trade creditors, amounts owed to group undertakings and accruals.

Financial assets and liabilities are measured at cost and amortised cost and are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the profit or loss.

#### 3. Judgements in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amount reported for assets and liabilities as at the balance sheet date and the amounts reported for revenue and expenses during the year. The nature of estimation means that actual outcomes could differ from those estimates:

There are no judgements which are deemed to have had a significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

#### 4. Turnover

Turnover is attributable to the one principal activity of the company.

Analysis of turnover by country of destination:

		2018 €	2017
	United States of America	644,536	601,326
		644,536	601,326
5.	Operating profit		
	The operating profit is stated after charging:		
		2018	2017
		€	€
	Fees payable to the Company's auditor for the audit of the Company's		
	annual financial statements	9,327	9,549
	Exchange differences	4,547	2,552

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

	Employee costs		
	Staff costs were as follows		
		2018	2017
	Wages and salaries	€ 289,765	283,414
	Social security costs	62,325	57,543
		352,090	340,957
	The average monthly number of employees, including the directors, during the	year was as fo	llows:
		2018	2017
		No.	No.
	Average number of employees	2	2
	During the year, no director received any emoluments (2017 - €Nil).		
۲.	During the year, no director received any emoluments (2017 - €Nil).  Restricted stock		
7.		a four year v The charge in t	esting perio
	Restricted stock  Restricted stock units in the parent company Home Depot Inc (which is a list United States) are awarded to employees of the company. The awards have with 50% vesting after two years and are amortised over the vesting period.	a four year v The charge in t	esting perio
7. 8.	Restricted stock  Restricted stock units in the parent company Home Depot Inc (which is a list United States) are awarded to employees of the company. The awards have with 50% vesting after two years and are amortised over the vesting period. The loss account for the year ended 31 December 2018 was €32,581 (2017 - €37,8)	a four year v The charge in ( 78).	esting perio the profit an 2017
	Restricted stock  Restricted stock units in the parent company Home Depot Inc (which is a list United States) are awarded to employees of the company. The awards have with 50% vesting after two years and are amortised over the vesting period. The loss account for the year ended 31 December 2018 was €32,581 (2017 - €37,8)	a four year v The charge in f 78).	esting perio
	Restricted stock units in the parent company Home Depot Inc (which is a list United States) are awarded to employees of the company. The awards have with 50% vesting after two years and are amortised over the vesting period. I loss account for the year ended 31 December 2018 was €32,581 (2017 - €37,8).  Taxation on profit	a four year v The charge in ( 78).	esting perio the profit an 2017
	Restricted stock  Restricted stock units in the parent company Home Depot Inc (which is a list United States) are awarded to employees of the company. The awards have with 50% vesting after two years and are amortised over the vesting period. It loss account for the year ended 31 December 2018 was €32,581 (2017 - €37,8)  Taxation on profit  Corporation tax	e a four year v The charge in ( 78). 2018 €	esting period the profit an 2017

Taxation on profit on ordinary activities

9,467

11,570



#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

#### 8. Taxation on profit (continued)

#### Factors affecting tax charge for the year

The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2017: lower than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2017: 19.25%). The differences are explained below.

There were no other factors that affect future tax charges.

	2018 €	2017 €
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	54,048	52,115
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2017 - 19.25%)  Effects of:	10,269	10,030
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	773	_
Income not deductible for tax purposes	-	(216)
Prior period exchange rate difference between opening and closing spot rates	·564	(215)
Current tax (prior period) exchange difference arising on movement between opening and closing spot rates	123	
Current exchange rate difference between opening and closing spot rates	(159)	(132)
Total tax charge for the year	11,570	9,467

#### Factors that may affect future tax charges

The UK corporation tax rate decreased from 20% to 19% from 1 April 2017.

The effect of the changes to the corporation tax rates substantively enacted as part of the Finance Bill 2016 (on 7 September 2016) included reductions to the main rate to reduce the rate to 17% from April 2020.

There were no other factors that may be affect future tax charges.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

9.	Debtors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2018 <sup>⁻</sup> €	2017 €
	Prepayments and accrued income	945	456
		945	456
10.	Cash and cash equivalents		
		2018 €	2017 €
	Cash at bank and in hand	469,560	426,892
		469,560	426,892
11.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	•	'20 <u>18</u> €	2017 €
	Trade creditors	13,809	12,386
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	263,311	279,781
	Corporation tax	10,887	9,187
	Other taxation and social security	14,171	10,885
	Accruals and deferred income	19,544	8,804
		321,722	321,043
12.	Share capital		
		2018. €	2017 €
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		

The Company has one class of ordinary shares which carries no right to fixed income.