Report and Financial Statements

31 December 2004

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REPORT AND FINANICAL STATEMENTS 2004

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OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

DIRECTORS

V Danks

A McKay

N Hopkins

SECRETARY

A McKay

REGISTERED OFFICE

Gaverigan St Dennis

St Austell

Cornwall

PL26 8BY

BANKERS

Barclays Bank plc Barclays Capital Service Centre PO Box 46116 London EC4N 8WB

SOLICITORS

Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom 1 Canada Square Canary Wharf London E14 5DS

AUDITORS

Deloitte & Touche LLP Bristol

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2004.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

AES Indian Queens Power Limited (the "Company") was formed on 6 May 1994 to design, construct, finance, own and operate a power generation facility in Cornwall. Its principal trading activities are the supply of electricity to the National Grid and the provision of grid imbalance regulation.

REVIEW OF DEVELOPMENTS AND FUTURE PROSPECTS

The directors intend to continue to supply electricity to the National Grid in the future.

Details of significant events since the balance sheet date are contained in note 21 to the financial statements.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The result for the year is set out in the profit and loss account on page 5. The directors have decided not to propose a dividend for the year ended 31 December 2004 (2003: nil).

DIRECTORS AND THEIR INTERESTS

The current directors are shown on page 1. The following directors served throughout the year and to date:

V Danks

W Luraschi (resigned 27 October 2005)

A McKay

B Sharp (resigned 27 October 2005)

N Hopkins (appointed 27 October 2005)

None of the directors had any interests in the shares of the company as defined in the Companies Act 1985, or any other group company at 31 December 2004 or at any time during the year.

AUDITORS

Deloitte & Touche LLP have expressed their willingness to remain in office as auditors of the company. A resolution to reappoint Deloitte & Touche LLP will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board

A McKay Secretary

;

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

United Kingdom company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed; and
- prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for the system of internal control, safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF

AES INDIAN QUEENS POWER LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of AES Indian Queens Power Limited for the year ended 31 December 2004 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet and the related notes 1 to 23. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the statement of directors' responsibilities, the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant United Kingdom legal and regulatory requirements and auditing standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the directors' report for the above year and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom auditing standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion, we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2004 and of its loss for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Deloite & Touche LLP

DELOITTE & TOUCHE LLP

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors Bristol, United Kingdom

15 June 2006

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT Year ended 31 December 2004

	Note	2004 £'000	2003 £'000
TURNOVER	1	4,841	7,559
Cost of sales		(2,761)	(3,490)
GROSS PROFIT		2,080	4,069
Administrative expenses Other operating income - insurance proceeds		(2,055) 484	(2,004)
OPERATING PROFIT	2	509	2,065
Exceptional profit/(loss) on disposal of fixed assets	4	400	(254)
Interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar charges	5 6	1,112 (2,835)	891 (2,951)
LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		(814)	(249)
Tax credit on loss on ordinary activities	7	297	89
RETAINED LOSS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	19	(517)	(160)

All amounts derive from continuing operations.

There are no recognised gains or losses in either the current or previous financial year other than the gains and losses disclosed in the profit and loss account. Accordingly, no seperate statement of total recognised gains and losses is required.

BALANCE SHEET At 31 December 2004

	Note	2004 £'000	2003 £'000
FIXED ASSETS		2 000	£ 000
Tangible fixed assets	8	25,129	27,026
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stocks	9	833	1,018
Debtors	10	2,317	1,203
Cash at bank and in hand	11	26,718	25,706
		29,868	27,927
CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE			
WITHIN ONE YEAR	12	(5,359)	(5,005)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		24,509	22,922
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		49,638	49,948
CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR	13	(44,149)	(43,645)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			·
AND CHARGES	16	(258)	(555)
NET ASSETS		5,231	5,748
			==,=
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	17	4,200	4,200
Profit and loss account	18	1,031	1,548
TOTAL EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	19	5,231	5,748

9/6/2006

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors

A McKay Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2004

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards.

Turnover

Turnover for the sale of electricity and the provision of ancillary services are recorded based upon output or product delivered as specified under contract, all of which arises in the United Kingdom and is stated net of applicable value added tax and sales discounts.

Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rates ruling on the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. All differences are taken to the profit and loss account.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets relate to the power generation facility which was completed in December 1996.

Depreciation is provided on tangible fixed assets in order to write them down to their residual value over the course of their useful economic life which is estimated to be between three and thirty years.

Stock

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Leases

Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are capitalised at their fair value on the inception of the leases and depreciated over the shorter of the period of the lease and the estimated useful economic lives of the assets. The finance charges are allocated over the period of the lease in proportion to the capital amount outstanding and are charged to the profit and loss account.

Operating lease rentals are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

Taxation

Current tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is provided in full on timing differences that result in an obligation at the balance sheet date to pay more tax, or a right to pay less tax, at a future date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on current tax rates and law. Timing differences arise from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in the financial statements. Deferred tax is not provided on timing differences arising from the revaluation of fixed assets where there is no commitment to sell the asset, or on unremitted earnings of subsidiaries and associates where there is no commitment to remit these earnings. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is regarded as more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2004

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Cash flow statement

As a wholly owned subsidiary of a UK registered company, AES Indian Queens Power Limited, has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard No. 1, from the requirement to produce a cash flow statement. A consolidated cash flow statement is included in AES UK Holdings Limited group accounts.

2. OPERATING PROFIT

Operating profit is after charging:	2004 £'000	2003 £'000
Depreciation of owned assets	531	689
Depreciation of assets held under finance leases	833	846
Rentals under operating leases - other operating leases	25	25
Auditors' remuneration - audit services	24	23
- other services	16	15

3. INFORMATION REGARDING DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES

All the directors of AES Indian Queens Power Limited are also directors of AES Indian Queens Operations Limited. It is not practicable to allocate their remuneration between their services for AES Indian Queens Power Limited and AES Indian Queens Operations Limited. Their remuneration for the year ended 31 December 2004 is disclosed in the accounts for AES Indian Queens Operations Limited.

As the company has no employees, no wages or wage related costs were paid by the company during the year.

4. EXCEPTIONAL PROFIT ON DISPOSAL OF FIXED ASSETS

The profit on disposal of fixed assets relates to the breakdown of a transformer. This was sold for scrap but insurance proceeds of £1,161,000 were received resulting in a profit on disposal of £400,000 in the year ended 31 December 2004 (2003: loss on disposal of turbine blades of £254,000). This exceptional profit has been treated as taxable.

5.	INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME	2004 £'000	2003 £'000
	Interest from bank deposits	1,112	<u>891</u>
6.	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES	2004 £'000	2003 £'000
	Interest payable to parent company	4	47
	Bank interest payable	2,831	2,904
		2,835	2,951

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2004

7.	TAX CREDIT ON LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES	2004 £'000	2003 £'000
	Corporation Tax		
	Corporation tax charge for the year	-	-
	Group relief	-	-
	Deferred taxation		
	Timing differences, origination and reversal	308	40
	Adjustments in respect of prior years	(11)	49
	Tax credit on loss on ordinary activities	297	89

The standard rate of current tax for the year, based on the UK standard rate of corporation tax is 30% (2003: 30%). The current tax charge for the year differs from the standard rate for the reasons set out in the following reconciliation:

	2004 £'000	2003 £'000
Loss on ordinary activities before tax	(814)	
	£'000	£'000
Tax on loss on ordinary activities at standard rate	244	75
Factors affecting the charge:		
Disallowable expenses	64	(13)
Capital allowances timing differences	228	(56)
Losses carried forward	(543)	-
Short-term timing differences not provided	-	(22)
Other deferred tax movements	7	16
Current tax charge for the year	-	-

The company is not aware of any factors which might materially affect the future tax charge. No deferred tax asset is recognised for corporation tax losses.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2004

8. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Plant £'000
Cost	25 707
At 1 January 2004	35,787
Additions	1,260
Disposals	(2,193)
At 31 December 2004	34,854
Accumulated depreciation	
At 1 January 2004	8,761
Charge for year	1,364
Disposals	(400)
At 31 December 2004	9,725
Net book value	25 120
At 31 December 2004	25,129
At 31 December 2003	27,026
At 31 December 2003	27,020

The net book value of the company's plant includes £17,848,403 (2003: £18,901,857) in respect of assets held under a finance lease.

9.	STOCKS	2004 £'000	2003 £'000
	Spare parts	650	648
	Fuel	183	370
		833	1,018
10.	DEBTORS	2004 £'000	2003 £'000
	Trade debtors Amounts owed by group undertakings Prepayments and other debtors	547 1,770	702 107 394
		2,317	1,203

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2004

11. CASH AT BANK AND IN HAND

Within the cash balance, £23,351,802 (2003: £23,405,721) is held in an escrow account. Barclays Bank plc, through BLAF (No. 3) Limited, has a charge on all sums outstanding regarding this account and all other rights and benefits accruing in connection therewith.

Barclays Bank plc also has a fixed and floating charge over the undertaking and all property and assets present and future.

12.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR	2004 £'000	2003 £'000
	Bank loans and overdrafts (notes 14 & 15)	807	142
	Obligations under finances leases and hire purchase contracts	1,828	1,758
	Trade creditors	259	337
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	40	34
	Group relief payable	504	504
	Other creditors	318	41
	Taxation and social security	14	203
	Accruals and deferred income	1,589	1,986
		5,359	5,005
13.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ON	E YEAR 2004 £'000	2003 £'000
	Bank loans and overdrafts (note 14 & 15)	17,676	18,469
	Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	26,473	25,007
		,	
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	-	169

The term facility loan is repayable in 17 years and accrues interest at LIBOR plus 1.0625%. The interest rate increased in May 2004 to LIBOR plus 1.3625% and then again in May 2005 to LIBOR plus 1.7125%.

The facility loan is secured on a pari-passu basis by the assets of AES Indian Queens Power Limited. These assets consist of shares in AES Indian Queens Power Limited, material project agreements, all insurance and the proceeds thereof, charge upon the lease, all moveable property and receivables and all monies and investments in the project held by Barclays Bank plc. The finance lease is repayable over 25 years from 28 May 1997.

The finance lease is linked to the escrow deposit account and earns interest at LIBOR less a margin renewable every six months and repayable over 25 years. It is secured by the assets to which it relates.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2004

14.	BORROWINGS	2004 £'000	2003 £'000
	Bank loans	18,483	18,611
	Parent company loan	-	170
		18,483	18,781
	Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	28,301	26,764
		46,784	45,545
		£'000	£'000
	Due within one year	2,635	1,900
	Due after more than one year	44,149	43,645
		46,784	45,545
			

An analysis of the maturity profile of the company's financial liabilities is given in note 15.

15. MATURITY PROFILE OF FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

	2004 Bank	2004	2004	2003 Bank	2003	2003
	borrowings £'000	Other £'000	Total £'000	borrowings £'000	Other £'000	Total £'000
Within one year or less						
or on demand	807	1,828	2,635	142	1,758	1,900
More than one year but					ŕ	,
not more than two years	1,553	1,890	3,443	807	1,828	2,635
More than two years but					ŕ	•
not more than five years	5,721	6,138	11,859	5,271	5,934	11,205
More than five years	10,402	18,445	28,847	12,391	17,414	29,805
	18,483	28,301	46,784	18,611	26,934	45,545
						

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2004

16.	PROVISION FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES		
	Deferred taxation	2004 £'000	2003 £'000
	At 1 January 2004	555	644
	Profit and loss credit	(297)	(89)
	At 31 December 2004	258	555
	The amounts of deferred taxation provided in the accounts are as follows:	£'000	£'000
	Capital allowances in excess of depreciation	642	403
	Capitalised revenue expenditure	171	171
	Revenue losses Other short term timing differences	(543) (12)	(19)
	Onici short term timing directorices		(17)
		258	555
1.5	CANALED LIB CITA DE CADITALA		
17.	CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL	2004	2003
		£'000	£'000
	Authorised share capital 50,000,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	50,000	50,000
		£'000	£'000
	Called up, allotted and fully paid	4.000	4.000
	4,200,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	4,200	4,200
18.	MOVEMENTS ON RESERVES		
		Profit and loss account £'000	
	At 1 January 2004	1,548	
	Retained loss for the year	(517)	
	At 31 December 2004	1,031	
19.	RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	2004 £'000	2003 £'000
	Opening shareholders' funds	5,748	5 000
	Loss for the financial year	(517)	5,908 (160)
	Closing shareholders' funds	5,231	5,748



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2004

20. OTHER FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS

Operating lease commitments

As at 31 December 2004 the company was committed to making the following payments during the next year in respect of operating leases.

Land and buildings £'000

Leases which expire - in more than five years

25

Capital commitments

At 31 December 2004, the company was committed to capital expenditure of £1,466,000 (2003: £nil).

21. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In September 2005 the company defaulted in relation to covenant compliance on its bank borrowings. The default was subsequently waived by the company's bankers on 13 January 2006 and the borrowing agreement amended. The maturity profile of financial liabilities, as at 31 December 2004, is shown in note 15. As a result of the amendment to the borrowing agreement all debt is now due within 5 years.

22. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary and has accordingly taken advantage of the exemption available under FRS8 from disclosing transactions with group entities.

23. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY AND CONTROLLING PARTY

The immediate parent company is AES Indian Queens Holdings Limited, a company registered in England and Wales.

The ultimate parent company and controlling party is The AES Corporation, a company incorporated in the State of Delaware, USA. Copies of the ultimate parent company's financial statements can be obtained from the Securities and Exchange Commission, 450 5th Street NW, Washington DC 20549, USA.

The largest and smallest group of which the company is a member and for which group accounts are drawn up is that of, AES UK Holdings Limited registered in England and Wales. Copies of the report and accounts are available from 18 Parkshot, Richmond, Surrey, TW9 2RG.