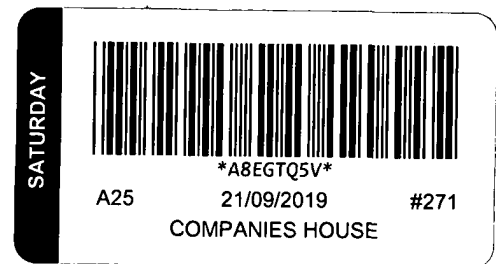


Registered number 02918727

Assembly Film & Television Limited.

Report and Financial Statements

31 December 2018



Assembly Film & Television Limited

Contents	Page(s)
Company information	1
Strategic report	2
Directors' report	3-4
Independent auditors' report	5-7
Profit and loss account	8
Statement of comprehensive income	9
Balance sheet	10
Statement of changes in equity	11
Notes to the financial statements	12-19

Assembly Film & Television Limited

Company information

Directors A McMullen
 S Geater
 V Turton

Registered office Berkshire House
 168-173 High Holborn
 London
 WC1V 7AA

Independent Auditors PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
 Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors
 1 Embankment Place
 London
 WC2N 6RH

Assembly Film & Television Limited

Strategic report for the year ended 31 December 2018

The directors present their Strategic Report for the year ended 31 December 2018.

Principal activities and review of the business

The principal activity of the company is production of television programmes. The directors do not anticipate any changes in those activities over the coming year.

The loss for the financial year amounted to £4,257 (2017: profit £86,587).

As at 31 December 2018, total shareholders' funds total £131,992 (2017: £136,249).

Principal risks and uncertainties

The key business risks and uncertainties affecting the company relate to the general economic environment, competition from other distributors of television programmes and the success of the company's programming available for worldwide distribution. Further discussion of these risks and uncertainties, in the context of the DLG Acquisitions Limited group (the "group") as a whole is provided in the group's financial statements which do not form part of this report.

Key performance indicators ("KPIs")

The directors of DLG Acquisitions Limited manage the group's operations on a divisional basis. For this reason, the company's directors believe that analysis using key performance indicators for the company is not necessary or appropriate for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business of Assembly Film & Television Limited. The development, performance and position of DLG Acquisitions Limited group, which includes the company, are discussed in the group's financial statements which do not form part of this report.

Approved by the Board on 23 May 2019 and signed on behalf of the Board:



A McMullen

Director

Berkshire House
168-173 High Holborn
London
WC1V 7AA

Assembly Film & Television Limited

Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2018

The directors present their Directors' Report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018.

Future Outlook

The commercial environment in which the company operates remains competitive, but the directors believe that the company's position as one of the leading distributors of television programmes will enable it to maintain its current position in the future.

Dividends

An interim dividend amounting to £nil (2017: £100,000) was paid during the year.

Financial Risk Management

Through its trading activities the company is exposed to certain levels of credit, interest rate, currency and liquidity risk. Main credit risk arises from customers not meeting payment terms however this is monitored closely by management. Interest risk arises on cash balances subject to interest based on floating rates. Currency risk arises as certain debtors are denominated in foreign currencies. The company funds its operations from trading activities.

Directors of the company

The directors of the company who were in office during the year and up to the date of signing the financial statements were as follows:

A McMullen
S Geater
V Turton

The company maintains liability insurance for its directors and officers.

Assembly Film & Television Limited

Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2018 (continued)

Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the financial statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulation.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework", and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing the financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 101, have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006.

Directors' confirmations

In the case of each director in office at the date the Directors' Report is approved:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware; and
- they have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of section 418 of the Companies Act 2006.

Reappointment of independent auditors

The independent auditors, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, have indicated their willingness to continue in office and are deemed reappointed in accordance with s487(2) of the Companies Act.

Approved by the Board on 23 May 2019 and signed on behalf of the board:



A McMullen

Director

Berkshire House
168-173 High Holborn
London
WC1V 7AA

Assembly Film & Television Limited

Independent auditors' report to the members of Assembly Film & Television Limited

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

In our opinion, Assembly Film & Television Limited's financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2018 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework", and applicable law); and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements, included within the Report and Financial Statements (the "Annual Report"), which comprise: the balance sheet as at 31 December 2018; the profit and loss account, the statement of comprehensive income and the statement of changes in equity for the year then ended 31 December 2018; and the notes to the financial statements, which include a description of the significant accounting policies.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities under ISAs (UK) are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We remained independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, which includes the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

Conclusions relating to going concern

ISAs (UK) require us to report to you when:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

We have nothing to report in respect of the above matters.

However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this statement is not a guarantee as to the company's ability to continue as a going concern. For example, the terms on which the United Kingdom may withdraw from the European Union are not clear, and it is difficult to evaluate all of the potential implications on the company's trade, customers, suppliers and the wider economy.

Reporting on other information

The other information comprises all of the information in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, any form of assurance thereon.

Assembly Film & Television Limited

Independent auditors' report to the members of Assembly Film & Television Limited (continued)

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify an apparent material inconsistency or material misstatement, we are required to perform procedures to conclude whether there is a material misstatement of the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report based on these responsibilities.

With respect to the Strategic Report and Directors' Report, we also considered whether the disclosures required by the UK Companies Act 2006 have been included.

Based on the responsibilities described above and our work undertaken in the course of the audit, ISAs (UK) require us also to report certain opinions and matters as described below.

Strategic Report and Directors' Report

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, the information given in the Strategic Report and Directors' Report for the year ended 31 December 2018 is consistent with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we did not identify any material misstatements in the Strategic Report and Directors' Report.

Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit

Responsibilities of the directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the financial statements set out on page 4, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable framework and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. The directors are also responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditors' report.

Use of this report

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

Assembly Film & Television Limited

**Independent auditors' report to the members of Assembly Film & Television Limited
(continued)**

Other required reporting

Companies Act 2006 exception reporting

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.



Philip Stokes (Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors
London

23 May 2019

Assembly Film & Television Limited

Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2018

		Year ended 31 December 2018	Year ended 31 December 2017
	Note	£	£
Turnover		-	88,619
Cost of sales		-	(1,389)
Gross profit		-	87,230
Administrative expenses		(777)	(643)
Operating (loss)/profit	3	(777)	86,587
(Loss)/profit before taxation		(777)	86,587
Tax on (loss)/profit	6	(3,480)	-
(Loss)/profit for the financial year		<u>(4,257)</u>	<u>86,587</u>

The above results were derived from continuing operations.

The notes on pages 12 to 19 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Assembly Film & Television Limited

Statement of comprehensive income for the year ended 31 December 2018

	Year ended 31 December 2018 £	Year ended 31 December 2017 £
(Loss)/profit for the financial year	<u>(4,257)</u>	<u>86,587</u>
Total comprehensive (expense)/income for the year	<u><u>(4,257)</u></u>	<u><u>86,587</u></u>

The notes on pages 12 to 19 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Assembly Film & Television Limited
(Registration number: 02918727)

Balance sheet as at 31 December 2018

		31 December 2018	31 December 2017
	Note	£	£
Current assets			
Debtors	7	-	83,917
Cash at bank and in hand		156,063	78,477
		<u>156,063</u>	<u>162,394</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(24,071)	(26,145)
Net current assets		<u>131,992</u>	<u>136,249</u>
Net assets		<u>131,992</u>	<u>136,249</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	9	100	100
Profit and loss account		131,892	136,149
Total Shareholders' funds		<u>131,992</u>	<u>136,249</u>

The financial statements of Assembly Film & Television Limited (registered number: 02918727) were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on **23** May 2019.

They were signed on its behalf by:


A McMullen
Director

The notes on pages 12 to 19 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Assembly Film & Television Limited

Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31 December 2018

	Called up share capital £	Profit and loss account £	Total Shareholders' Funds £
At 1 January 2017	100	149,562	149,662
Profit for the financial year and total comprehensive income	-	86,587	86,587
Dividends	-	(100,000)	(100,000)
At 31 December 2017	100	136,149	136,249
Loss for the financial year and total comprehensive expense	-	(4,257)	(4,257)
Dividends	-	-	-
At 31 December 2018	100	131,892	131,992

The notes on pages 12 to 19 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Assembly Film & Television Limited

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018

1. General information

Assembly Film & Television Limited is a company incorporated in United Kingdom under the Companies Act.

The address of the registered office is:

Berkshire House
168-173 High Holborn
London
WC1V 7AA

The nature of the company's operations and principal activities are set out in the Strategic report on page 2.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements of Assembly Film & Television Limited have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101, 'Reduced Disclosure Framework' (FRS 101). The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Companies Act 2006. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for the goods and services.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with FRS 101 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in note 2.2.

The following exemptions from the requirements of IFRS have been applied in the preparation of these financial statements, in accordance with FRS 101:

- Paragraphs 45(b) and 46 to 52 of IFRS 2, 'Share-based payment' (details of the number and weighted average exercise prices of share options, and how the fair value of goods or services received was determined)
- IFRS 7, 'Financial Instruments: Disclosure'
- Paragraphs 91 to 99 of IFRS 13, 'Fair value measurement' (disclosure of valuation techniques and inputs used for fair value measurement of assets and liabilities)
- Paragraph 38 of IAS 1, 'Presentation of financial statements' comparative information requirement in respect of:
 - (i) Paragraph 79(a)(iv) of IAS 1;
 - (ii) Paragraph 73(e) of IAS 16 Property, plant and equipment;
 - (iii) Paragraph 118(e) of IAS 38 Intangible assets (reconciliations between the carrying amount at the beginning and end of the period)
- The following paragraphs of IAS 1, 'Presentation of financial statements':
 - 10(d), (statement of cash flows)
 - 10(f) (a statement of financial position as at the beginning of the preceding period when an entity applies an accounting policy retrospectively or makes a retrospective restatement of items in its financial statements, or when it reclassifies items in its financial statements),

Assembly Film & Television Limited

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018 (continued)

2. Accounting policies (continued)

Basis of preparation (continued)

- 16 (statement of compliance with all IFRS),
- 38A (requirement for minimum of two primary statements, including cash flow statements),
- 38B-D (additional comparative information),
- 40A-D (requirements for a third statement of financial position)
- 111 (cash flow statement information), and
- 134-136 (capital management disclosures)
- IAS 7, 'Statement of cash flows'
- Paragraph 30 and 31 of IAS 8 'Accounting policies, changes in accounting estimates and errors' (requirement for the disclosure of information when an entity has not applied a new IFRS that has been issued but is not yet effective)
- Paragraph 17 of IAS 24, 'Related party disclosures' (key management compensation)
- The requirements in IAS 24, 'Related party disclosures' to disclose related party transactions entered into between two or more members of a group.

Where required equivalent disclosures are given in the group financial statements of DLG Acquisitions Limited. The group financial statements of DLG Acquisitions Limited are available to the public and can be obtained as set out in note 12.

Going concern

The directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

Turnover

For commissioned TV programmes, turnover and attributable profit are recognised on an episodic basis once delivery of the production to the broadcaster occurs.

Both under and overspends are accounted for once known and are recognised in accordance with the episodic delivery pattern.

Provision is made for any loss making contracts as soon as identified (i.e. expected overspend is in excess of originally anticipated margin).

For finished programmes and formats distributed by the company, revenue is recognised once contracted and invoiced provided that the product is available for delivery and the licence period has commenced.

Royalties payable to producers or rights holders are recognised as cost of sales on an accrual basis in accordance with the turnover recognised.

Turnover wholly relates to the company's principal activity in the UK.

Assembly Film & Television Limited

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018 (continued)

2. Accounting policies (continued)

Foreign currency translation

(a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of the company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the company operates ('the functional currency'). The financial statements are presented in 'Pounds Sterling' (£), which is also the company's functional currency.

(b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are re-measured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the income statement, except when deferred in other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the income statement within 'Other operating income'.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in shareholders' funds. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in shareholders' funds, respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. However, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill; or arise from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income tax assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

Dividend distribution

Dividend distributions to the company's shareholders are recognised as a liability in the company's financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the company's shareholders.

Tangible assets

Fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation.

Cost comprises the purchase price of the asset and directly attributable costs in bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Assembly Film & Television Limited

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018 (continued)

2. Accounting policies (continued)

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

2.2 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

(a) Impairment of trade and other debtors

The company makes an estimate of the recoverable value of trade and other debtors. When assessing the impairment of trade and other debtors, management considers factors including the credit rating of the receivable, the ageing profile of receivables and historical experience. See note 8 for the net carrying amount of the receivables and associated impairment provision.

3. Operating (loss)/profit

Arrived at after charging

	Year ended 31 December 2018 £	Year ended 31 December 2017 £
Auditors' remuneration: Audit services	750	750

4. Staff costs

The company had no employees (2017: nil) and incurred no staff costs during the year (2017: £nil).

5. Directors' remuneration

Directors' remuneration in 2018 was £nil (2017: £nil).

The directors are remunerated by All3Media Limited, and details of their emoluments and pension payments are available in the financial statements of that company.

Assembly Film & Television Limited

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018 (continued)

6. Tax on (loss)/profit

(a) Tax expense included in profit or loss

	Year ended 31 December 2018 £	Year ended 31 December 2017 £
Current taxation		
UK corporation tax on (losses)/profits for the year	-	-
Adjustment in respect of prior years	-	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total current income tax	-	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Deferred taxation		
Adjustment in respect of prior year	3,480	-
Impact of changes in tax rates and laws	-	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total deferred taxation	3,480	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total tax (credit)/charge on (loss)/profit	<hr/> 3,480 <hr/>	<hr/> - <hr/>

(b) Factors affecting the tax charge for the current year

The tax expense for the year is higher than (2017: lower) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2017: 19.25%). The differences are explained below:

	Year ended 31 December 2018 £	Year ended 31 December 2017 £
(Loss)/profit before taxation	(777)	86,587
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Corporation tax at standard rate at 19% (2017: 19.25%)	(148)	16,668
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Adjustment in respect of prior periods	3,480	(16,668)
Group relief (received)/surrendered for no consideration	148	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total tax charge for the year	<hr/> 3,480 <hr/>	<hr/> - <hr/>

(c) Factors affecting the tax charge for the future years

The previously enacted rate of 18% (effective from 1 April 2020) was reduced further to 17% in the Finance Act 2016 which received Royal Assent on 15 September 2016.

To the extent these rate changes will affect the amount of future cash tax payments to be made by the company, this will reduce the amount of its deferred tax liabilities and assets.

Assembly Film & Television Limited

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018 (continued)

6. Tax on (loss)/profit (continued)

(d) Deferred tax

	31 December 2018 £	31 December 2017 £
Included in debtors (note 7)	-	3,480
Analysed as below:		
Depreciation in advance of capital allowances	-	3,480
Deferred tax assets	-	3,480

Deferred tax movement during the year:

	At 1 January 2018 £	Recognised in income £	At 31 December 2018 £
Accelerated tax depreciation	3,480	(3,480)	-
	3,480	(3,480)	-

7. Debtors

	31 December 2018 £	31 December 2017 £
Trade debtors	-	28,273
Amounts owed by group undertakings	-	52,164
Deferred tax (note 6(d))	-	3,480
	-	83,917

Assembly Film & Television Limited

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018 (continued)

8. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	31 December 2018 £	31 December 2017 £
Accruals and deferred income	750	2,140
Amounts owed to group undertakings for group relief	23,321	23,321
Social security and other taxes	-	684
	<u>24,071</u>	<u>26,145</u>

9. Called up share capital

Authorised, allotted, called-up and fully paid shares

	31 December 2018 £	31 December 2017 £
50 (2017: 50) 'A' Ordinary shares of £1 each	50	50
50 (2017: 50) 'B' Ordinary shares of £1 each	50	50
	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>

The authorised share capital of the company is divided into 50 'A' ordinary £1 shares and 50 'B' ordinary £1 shares.

The 'A' ordinary and 'B' ordinary shares rank pari passu in all aspects with each other for participation in the profit and assets of the company.

10. Related party transactions

As permitted by FRS 101, the company has taken advantage of the exemption available under that standard in relation to "related party transactions" from the requirement to disclose transactions with group companies on the grounds that consolidated financial statements are prepared by the ultimate parent company. There were no other related party transactions in the year.

11. Dividends

	Year ended 31 December 2018 £	Year ended 31 December 2017 £
Ordinary		
Dividends paid: £nil (2017: £100,000)	<u>-</u>	<u>100,000</u>

Assembly Film & Television Limited

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018 (continued)

12. Parent and ultimate parent undertaking

The immediate and ultimate parent undertaking is DLG Acquisitions Limited. DLG Acquisitions Limited is the parent undertaking of the smallest and the largest group to consolidate these financial statements at 31 December 2018. Copies of its group financial statements, which include the company, are available from Berkshire House, 168-173 High Holborn, London, WC1V 7AA. The ultimate controlling parties at the balance sheet date are Liberty Global plc and Discovery Inc. (formerly Discovery Communications Inc), which own LGCI HoldCo I B.V. and DNI Holdings (Jersey) Limited respectively, who are equal joint venture owners of DLG Acquisitions Limited.