Registration number: 02903119

Advanced Machining Techniques Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 28 February 2023



Lucraft Hodgson & Dawes LLP Ground Floor 19 New Road Brighton East Sussex BN1 1UF

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Company Information

Directors Mr Stuart Matthew Kaczmarek

Mr Sean Thomas Plummer

Registered office Ground Floor

19 New Road Brighton East Sussex BN1 1UF

Accountants Lucraft Hodgson & Dawes LLP

Ground Floor 19 New Road Brighton East Sussex BN1 1UF

(Registration number: 02903119) Balance Sheet as at 28 February 2023

	Note	2023 £	2022 £
Fixed Assets			
Tangible Assets	4	9,654	11,786
Current assets			
Stocks	5	8,116	4,859
Debtors	<u>5</u> <u>6</u>	29,903	36,128
Cash at bank and in hand	-	16,277	7,266
		54,296	48,253
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>7</u>	(37,067)	(26,091)
Net current assets		17,229	22,162
Total assets less current liabilities		26,883	33,948
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	<u>7</u>	(23,162)	(31,681)
Provisions for liabilities		(1,744)	(2,034)
Net assets		1,977	233
Capital and Reserves			
Called up share capital		220	220
Profit and loss account		1,757	13
Total equity		1,977	233

For the financial year ending 28 February 2023 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. As permitted by section 444 (5A) of the Companies Act 2006, the directors have not delivered to the registrar a copy of the Profit and Loss Account.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 30 November 2023 and signed on its behalf by:

(Registration number: 02903119) Balance Sheet as at 28 February 2023 Mr Sean Thomas Plummer Director

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: Ground Floor

19 New Road Brighton

East Sussex

BN1 1UF

England

The principal place of business is: 8 Riverside Business Centre Brighton Road Shoreham-by-Sea West Sussex BN43 6RE

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 30 November 2023.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A smaller entities - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006 (as applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime).

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

The financial statements are presented in Sterling, which is the functional currency of the company.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible Assets

Tangible Assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class Long leasehold Plant and machinery

Fixtures and fittings
Computer equipment

Depreciation method and rate

10% on cost

20% on reducing balance 20% on reducing balance 15% on reducing balance

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade Debtors

Trade Debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade Debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Trade Creditors

Trade Creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade Creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the profit and loss account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, analysed by category was as follows:

	2023	2022
	No.	No.
Other departments	4	4
	4	4

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Land and buildings £	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Other property, plant and equipment £	Total £
11,015	108,694	39,462	159,171
11,015	108,694	39,462	159,171
11,015	102,717	33,653	147,385
-	970	1,162	2,132
11,015	103,687	34,815	149,517
	5,007	4,647	9,654
-	5,977	5,809	11,786
		2023 £	2022 £
		8,116	4,859
		2	023 2022 £ £
	buildings £ 11,015 11,015 11,015	Land and buildings equipment £ 11,015 108,694 11,015 102,717 - 970 11,015 103,687	Land and buildings equipment £ 11,015 108,694 39,462 11,015 108,694 39,462 11,015 102,717 33,653 - 970 1,162 11,015 103,687 34,815 - 5,977 5,809

Creditors: amounts falling due within one year				
	Note	2023 £		2022 £
Due within one year				
Loans and borrowings	<u>8</u>	8,519)	7,680
Trade Creditors	_	8,150)	13,223
Social security and other taxes		5,700)	62
Accrued expenses		1,469)	1,399
Corporation tax liability		13,229	•	3,727
		37,067	,	26,091
Due after one year				
Loans and borrowings	8	23,162	2	31,681
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year				
			2023	2022
		Note	£	£
Due after one year				
Loans and borrowings		<u>8</u>	23,162	31,681
8 Loans and borrowings				
		2023		2022
		£		£
Non-current loans and borrowings		4		0.4.00.4
Bank borrowings		23,162	•	31,681
		2023		2022
Current loans and borrowings		£		£

9 Financial commitments, guarantees and contingencies

Amounts not provided for in the balance sheet

The total amount of financial commitments not included in the balance sheet is £15,360 (2022 - £15,360). At the balance sheet date the company has operating lease commitments in the above amount which are payable over the total remaining term of the leases.

10 Related party transactions

Loans to related parties

2023	Key management £
At start of period	32,048
Repaid	(3,850)
Interest transactions	705
At end of period	

2022	Key management £	Total £
Advanced	32,048	32,048
At end of period	32,048	32,048

Terms of loans to related parties

During the year the company made loans to the directors. The loans were unsecured, repayable on demand and carried an interest rate of 2.5%.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.